

Split Personality

Uncertain role played by Britain in world affairs traced in part to government factions which disagree on way to avoid war danger—See British Significance, Page 11.

The Washington Post

The Weather

Today—Cloudy and slightly colder; rain in afternoon or night. Tomorrow—Rain and colder. Yesterday—High, 51; low, 44. Details on Page 30.

NO. 22,433

Published as Second-Class Matter, Postoffice, Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1937

X ****

Copyright, 1937, by The Washington Post.

THREE CENTS

Peace Parley Scores Japan, Waits on U. S. For Pressure

Further Action Blocked Unless Congress Kills Neutrality Law.

Nippon Outlawed By Brussels Body

Powers Adjourn; Britain and France to Follow American Lead.

The Sino-Japanese War.

The Brussels peace conference censured Japan and left it up to the United States to take the lead in applying pressure against Japan to halt the Sino-Japanese conflict. A great exodus from Nanking, China's capital, was under way as the Chinese defense system between Shanghai and Nanking threatened to break under the savage thrusts of Japan's legions.

Up to Congress.

Copyright, 1937, by The United Press. Brussels, Nov. 15.—The Far Eastern peace conference today succumbed to failure in its efforts to negotiate a Chinese war settlement and left it up to the United States to take the lead in applying pressure against Japan to halt the conflict.

The conference, angrily breaking off all negotiations with the Tokyo government, adopted a declaration branding Japan as an outlaw among peace-loving nations.

Facist Italy, fighting Japan's battle within the conference, voted against the declaration on the grounds that it "opens the door for grave complications instead of for a settlement."

Denmark, Norway and Sweden abstained from voting, although they approved the resolution of censure "in principle."

Despite Italy's negative vote, Belgian Foreign Minister Paul Spaak, president of the conference, declared the declaration adopted. The delegates of the 19 powers adjourned at 3:15 p. m. until next Monday, to wait and see whether the United States will abandon her traditional isolationist policy and take leadership in applying strict measures—such as supplying arms and munitions to China—against the Japanese.

Britain, France Hang Back.

For without American leadership both Britain and France will refuse to step out with any stern measures against Japan. The conference delegates boisterously shouted "No!" when Spaak asked whether the declaration of condemnation should be forwarded to Japan.

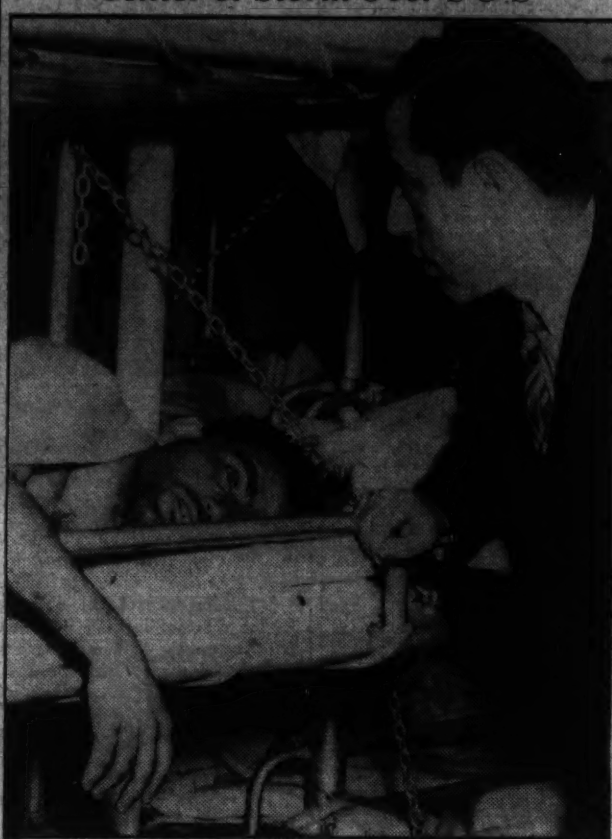
The Scandinavian delegates, asking what the future course of the conference would be, were told by Spaak that it would be governed by the last paragraph of the declaration stating that the powers "must now consider what their common attitude will be."

China, following up her demand on Saturday for sanctions against Japan, placed before the delegates today a four-power formula for applying force.

The plan, distributed by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, asked:

1. An embargo on the supply to Japan of materials essential for war or for industrial purposes.
2. A boycott of Japanese exports and Japanese shipping.
3. A refusal to extend credit to Japan.
4. Extension of aid to China by supplying her with war materials and credit.

Center of Storm Over S.O.S.



Capt. George Coufopoulos, who commanded the Greek freighter Tzeny Chandris, which sank Sunday off Cape Hatteras, shown in the sick bay of the Coast Guard rescue craft. The captain told how a sailor who was with him on a raft, went mad and bit him on the nose. The sailor died. Other pictures on Page 8.

S.O.S. Sent Only After Mad Fight, Shipwreck's Survivor Charges

Stood Over Radio Operator With Knife After Captain Forbade Call; Men Battled Sharks When Plunged Into Sea.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 15.—Survivors of the Greek freighter Tzeny Chandris arrived here today with epic stories of battling sharks and a mad fight on board ship to force the captain to send an S.O.S. The 15 disheveled survivors came aboard the Coast Guard cutter Mendota. Six others arrived in Boston, having been picked up by the tanker Swiftsure off storm-tossed Cape Hatteras, where the Greek ship foundered. Seven other members of the crew were drowned and another died of exposure.

D.C. Gets Power To Prohibit All Night Parking

Disputed 'Snow Removal' Ordinance Upheld by Appeals Court.

By Howard F. Wentworth.

Upholding authority of the District Commissioners to control traffic by adopting regulations designed to expedite the safe flow of vehicles, the United States Court of Appeals yesterday paved the way for long-pending plans to establish additional restrictions on Washington's congested streets.

Hailed as a victory by traffic officials, the court's decision sustained action of the Commissioners in prohibiting "snow removal" parking between the hours of 2 a. m. and 6 a. m. from December 15 to March 15.

Not only do the Commissioners have the power to ban night parking in the winter, said an opinion written by Associate Justice D. Lawrence Groner, but they may go even further and prohibit street "garaging" altogether.

"Extremely gratified" by the ruling, Traffic Director William A. Van Duzer launched immediate plans to place the Commissioners' "snow removal" parking regulations in effect.

Judge Releases 'Dead End' Actor

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—On the stage, 19-year-old Edward Furman was paid \$50 a week to play "Spit," a tough kid from the East Side slums, in the Broadway hit "Dead End."

Homeless, shabby and forlorn, Edward was in Yorkville Court today, accused of carrying his box-office toughness into real life—specifically, of writing annoying letters to Millicent Green, an actress in the "Dead End" company.

"You can't live 'Dead End' for the rest of your life," Magistrate Anna Kross told the penniless youth, after persuading Miss Green to drop the charge. She asked Sidney Kingsley, author of the play, to do something about getting Edward a job.

2 Large Bears Slain By Virginia Hunters

Buchanan, Va., Nov. 15 (AP).—Two bears were killed today by members of the Botetourt Hunt Club camping on North Creek, two miles from Arcadia. The largest, weighing 250 pounds, was killed by Frank Atkins and the other, weighing 200 pounds, by Tom Reed. Members of the club reported they saw other bears.

Troops Dig In To Stop Riots In Jerusalem

'Shoot to Kill' Ordered as Barricades Go Up in Streets.

Zion Youth Leaders Seized as Death Toll Rises to 9.

By the United Press.

Jerusalem, Nov. 15.—Steel-helmeted British troops received "shoot to kill" orders tonight as they massed behind sandbag and barbed wire barricades in the streets of the Holy City to stamp out the worst Jewish-Arab disorders in the last eight years.

The toll of 48 hours of rioting and terrorism stood tonight at 9 dead, including three women, and 22 wounded.

British authorities rounded up nearly 50 leaders of the Betar Zion Revisionist youth organization whom they charged with responsibility for the bloodshed.

Business halted. Jews and Arabs hid in their homes as armored cars rumbled over the cobblestone streets and motorcycle police formed convoys for Arab and Jewish buses.

Authorities feared that the disorders might lead to even worse bloodshed, approaching perhaps the terrorism of 1929, when more than 200 persons were killed.

The Zionist youth leaders, who will either be imprisoned at Acre or exiled like officials of the Arab high committee were recently, included Eri Jabotinsky, president for Palestine of the Betar organization. He was arrested at the Jewish city of Tel-Aviv with Dr. Yoni Freulich, former president of the organization.

46 Under Arrest. More than 40 others were arrested here and in Tel-Aviv.

The Jewish-Arab clashes followed sporadic disorders in the last week in which five Jews, seven Arabs and two British soldiers were killed in a new flare-up of unrest over the British plan to divide the Holy Land into Jewish and Arab States with a British Mandate over the holy places.

Brooklyn Citizens Arm, 1,000 Strong, To Stop Robberies

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—Spirit of the "vigilante days" of San Francisco's Barbary Coast are boiled to the surface in staid Brooklyn today. Threatening gun-fire, business men organized a "vigilante committee," 1,000 strong, to end street assaults and robberies.

"Thirty-eight persons already have applied for pistol permits," said Sumner A. Sirtl, president of the Midtown Civic League. "We have had to take this matter into our own hands—to protect our wives, our families and our businesses."

Police, he said, have done the best they could, but a shortage of manpower has left only one way out—an armed citizenry.

Call for Aid Sent By Greek Steamer

Londoh, Nov. 15 (AP).—Lloyd's tonight reported that the British liner Asturias said it had received a distress signal from the Greek steamer Ishmini, apparently about 100 miles off the coast of Portugal.

10 Afloat On Ferry. San Francisco, Nov. 15 (AP).—Coast Guard vessels sped to the aid of ten men aboard a San Francisco Bay ferryboat tonight after a broken towline left the craft at the mercy of rough seas off southern Oregon.

Secretion From Injured Cells Called Direct Cause of Cancer

By the Associated Press.

Cincinnati, Nov. 15.—Tracing 10 years of experiments, Dr. George Spertl, internationally-known scientist and director of the Institution Divi Thomae, published today in the institution's journal results of new researches showing that a direct cause of cancer lies in secretions given off by injured body cells.

"It may be a year, 10 years, or a century, before any cure for cancer is found," said Dr. Spertl, "although we believe our discovery is a step toward that end."

Dr. Spertl credited the find to two members of his staff, Dr. John R. Loofbourrow and Sister Cecilia Marie Dwyer, S. C.

Senators Ask Tax-Relief Rider On Revenue Bill to Avert Delay; Message Called Disappointing

Roosevelt Fails to Offer Program for Speedy Aid of Industry.

Presses Passage Of Wages Control

Farm, Reorganization, and Regional Planning Complete Requests.

Text of Message on Page 8.

By Franklin T. Walters. Although striking a conciliatory note in urging co-operation between Government and business to spur private enterprise forward, President Roosevelt's message convening the special session of Congress yesterday failed to allay the anxiety and restlessness of those House and Senate members who want immediate action to relieve the industrial situation.

Disappointment was privately expressed in several quarters regarded as friendly to the New Deal over the President's failure to outline an immediate course of action, while the Republicans branded the message as inadequate for the occasion. Meanwhile, preparations were being made in the Senate to force quick action on revision of the undistributed profits tax.

Stocks Decline. In the House, the Democratic leadership, embarrassed by the lack of a program ready for action, was blocked in an effort to adjourn that body until Thursday. Senate leaders likewise were unable to determine the first order of business due to a spirited behind-the-scenes controversy between advocates of a Federal antilynching bill and supporters of the Administration's Government reorganization program.

The President's message was received without apparent enthusiasm either on Capitol Hill or in the country's financial markets. Although security prices showed strength before the message was delivered, quotations declined as soon as its contents became known, with leading issues closing from \$1 to \$3 or more per share lower.

Program Lacking. Aside from the undercurrent of anxiety over the business situation and indications that Congress is more concerned over seeking to relieve the situation than in acting on the program for which it was summoned, the opening day was a drab, colorless affair.

There was a brief flare-up in the House when Democratic Leader Sam Rayburn sought an adjournment until Thursday. But in the Senate the routine proceedings were conducted in monotone before the usual crowded opening-day galleries of members' wives, society notables, lobbyists and tourists. The President's message was read in House and Senate separately by clerks in droning voices.

Although Mr. Roosevelt started his message out with a recognition of the "marked recession in industrial production and industrial purchases" which has taken place since Congress adjourned in August, he did not sponsor any course of action to meet that situation, except the

Continued on Page 8, Column 6.

Malvina Hoffman Gets A.W.A. Award

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—Malvina Hoffman, sculptress, received the American Woman's Association 1937 award for eminent achievement tonight at a dinner at the American Woman's Club.

In making the presentation, Pearl Buck, the novelist, paid tribute to Miss Hoffman's distinction in the world of art, referring to "that great panorama of humanity," the Hall of Man in the Field Museum in Chicago, where life-size figures, representing human types and races, are Miss Hoffman's best-known work.

Germany Expels French Journalist

Berlin, Nov. 15 (AP).—Paul Ravoux, chief of the Berlin bureau of Havas (French) News Agency since 1933, today was ordered expelled from Germany within three days.

The official announcement said Ravoux, who has been in Germany 20 years, mostly as a newspaperman, "repeatedly had caused the greatest confusion in journalistic relations between Germany and France."

The Special Session Opens

President Roosevelt, in his message to the special session of Congress, struck a conciliatory note, suggested tax revision is needed and again called for enactment of farm, wages-hours, reorganization and regional planning legislation. Page 1.

The House Ways and Means Committee agreed to exempt businesses with incomes of \$3,000 or less from the undistributed earnings tax and several Senators joined in a move to add tax relief riders to any revenue bill received from the House. Page 1.

Senate and House members who drafted last session's District revenue act predicted an income tax may be substituted for the District privilege tax. Page 13.

Senator King, chairman of the District Airport Commission, called a meeting tomorrow to determine which of three sites it will recommend. Page 11.

Chairman Ramspeck, of the House Civil Service Committee, said the \$1,200-a-year pay bill for Federal workers will be pushed if House leaders approve. Page 4.

Chairman Norton, of the House Labor Committee, said she will file today a petition to discharge the rules committee from consideration of the wage-hours bill. Page 2.

The House, amid uproar, withheld unanimous consent for adjournment until Thursday. Page 1.

House Shouts Down Gavel As August Battle Is Renewed

Revolt Rises Within Half Hour After Chaplain's Prayer; 'Field Day' Due Today as Members Fight for Floor.

By Sidney Olson.

The House of Representatives yesterday picked up its special session labors in the same mood of confusion, belligerency and uncertainty with which it laid down its cares in August.

In less than half an hour after the Rev. James Shera Montgomery, House chaplain, had pleaded in a rich basso prayer for wisdom, kindness and temperance, the House was a roaring welter of voices raised in harsh objections to nearly everything proposed.

With no part of the President's four-point legislative program ready for even preliminary discussion, House Majority Leader Sam Rayburn of Texas, made a routine request for unanimous consent that the House adjourn until Thursday. Lanky Hamilton Fish, New York Republican, swiftly reserved the right to object while demanding that the minority be told about the legislative program.

Then Representative Ralph E. Church, Illinois Republican, daily

Continued on Page 8, Column 1.

Death Discloses 'Gem of Butlers' To Be a Woman

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov. 15 (AP).—Mystery confronted detectives today as they sought to unravel the secret of "Alfred," the "perfect gem" among servants, whose death revealed "him" to be a woman.

For 14 years "Alfred" had been chief butler and major domo among the 16 servants on the estate of Joseph M. Sears, retired millionaire publisher.

A year ago "his" health began to fail, but "he" declined to permit examination by a physician. Yesterday "Alfred" fell unconscious and physicians were summoned. While the servant was dying, they discovered "Alfred" was a woman.

Former Minister Dead.

Tokyo, Nov. 15 (AP).—Viscount Shinichiro Kurino, 86, member of the Privy Council and a Harvard graduate, died today. He was Minister to the United States in 1894.

Society Woman Attacked, Slain, Tests on Beached Body Indicate

By the Associated Press.

Oak Bluffs, Mass., Nov. 15.—Investigators today announced that an autopsy on the body of a scantily clad woman found on a beach here had "failed to disprove" a police theory that she "had been assaulted and probably murdered."

Officials added they were "satisfied" the body was that of Mrs. Randolph B. Shackelford, of Philadelphia.

District Attorney William C. Crossley, State Detective Francis Clemmey and Dr. Francis Buckley, medical examiner, who issued the report, said the internal organs would be examined by a pathologist.

Mrs. Shackelford was a former Philadelphia social leader and daughter of John Reed Nicholson.

King Would End Profits Levy by Amending 1st Revenue Measure.

House Aid Pledged To Small Business

Subcommittee Agrees to Unburden \$5,000 Class in January.

By Robert C. Albright.

A Senate move to force business tax relief at the special session coincided yesterday with a House committee agreement on undivided profits tax exemptions totaling \$10,000,000 for more than two-thirds of all corporations.

The House Ways and Means tax subcommittee promised to lift the undistributed earnings tax on all concerns with net income of \$5,000 or less, and to allow a carryover of operating losses to be applied against net income in the next year.

But House spokesmen reiterated the proposed tax relief measure would not be ready for legislative action before the January session of Congress. The latest concessions brought aggregate cost of proposed tax relief to more than \$169,000,000, which must be made up by other taxes.

Senate Rider Proposed.

Impatient for immediate special-session action to reassure business, a group of Senators proposed amendments to repeal or modify the undivided profits tax as a rider on any revenue legislation received from the House this session.

Senator William H. King (Democrat), of Utah, who has repeal amendments already pending, said he will offer them when the farm program financing bill, "or any other revenue measure," is received from the House.

Under Congressional rules the House must originate revenue legislation, but once a revenue bill reaches the Senate it is permitted to amend and broaden it.

Sensors Edward R. Burke, of Nebraska; Josiah W. Bailey, of North Carolina, and Royal S. Copeland, of New York, immediately announced they would support the move. King and Bailey are members of the Senate Finance Committee, which handles tax legislation. All are Democrats.

Virtual unanimity of sentiment for modification of the undivided profits tax was apparent as Congress opened, with the only division centering on whether the action should be taken now or at the January session.

D. C. Bill May Get Rider.

"The first thing we should do is repeal the undivided profits tax," said Bailey. "We should get rid of that, and put up a good solid tax structure that will let business know we are going to balance the budget not by increasing taxation, but by cutting expenses. If we merely go back to the old law (before 1930), it would do that."

King suggested not only the farm tax bill, but possible District tax legislation, might afford an opportunity for his Senate rider strategy. Not only King and Bailey, but Burke and Copeland favored outright repeal, but said they would go along with effective modifications.

Senator Bennett Champ Clark (Democrat), Missouri, and Senator Walter F. George (Democrat), of Georgia, joined in the general denunciation of the undivided profits tax and the capital gains levy, but were noncommittal on the proposed rider maneuver. Clark, an authority on parliamentary law, said it was "perfectly legal." Both emphasized need of early action to reassure business.

Chairman Fred M. Vinson, of the House tax subcommittee, announced

Continued on Page 8, Column 8.

Today's Index

Page	
1	Amusements
2	Bridge
3	Classified Ads
4	Comics
5	Crossword
6	Death Notices
7	Editorials
8	Federal Diary
9	Financial
10	Hollywood
11	McCarthy
12	"Over the Coffee"
13	Pictorial
14	Picture Page
15	Radio
16	Sports
17	Society
18	The Post's New Column
19	Woman's Page

POST FEATURE PARADE

Cicero Fulpan

In today's article:

The Petunia Congressman explains the war crisis for the ladies... And Gardenia Gobbels bets for Fannie Blotz of Detour. These are only a few notes from "Congressman" Cicero Fulpan's mail box today. Be sure to read what one of the voters has to say to the "Congressman" following rumors that he has been spending his time "doing the Big Apple" when this country might be thrown into war at any moment while you are spinning around in a night club.

"Congressman" Fulpan tells you all about it today on Page 11.

Rep. Norton Set To Blast Loose Wage-Hour Bill

Petition Seeking Discharge of Measure Will Be Filed Today.

The bitter parliamentary battle to blast the trapped wage-hour bill out of the House Rules Committee started yesterday as Chairman Mary T. Norton (Democrat), New Jersey, of the House Labor Committee, served notice she will file today with Speaker Bankhead a petition seeking discharge of the bill.

Another controversial bill, the farm measure, while given full right-of-way, went on ready with House Agriculture Committee Chairman Marvin Jones (Democrat), Texas, decidedly pessimistic as to any immediate agreement on a bill. Senate Agriculture Committee Chief Ellison Smith (Democrat), South Carolina, will call his committee together today to start work on a compulsory crop control bill. Weeks of preparation may be necessary before all arguments are straightened out, it was indicated on both sides of the Capitol.

Predicts Eventual Passage.

Mrs. Norton, smiling but grimly predicting "eventual passage" of the bill, declared that the bill will reach the House floor December 13 "at the earliest." This result, she explained, is due to the procedural rules that such a petition, if and when the 218 necessary names are signed to it, must rest seven calendar days on the desk, and then may be called up only on the second and fourth Mondays of the month.

House Majority Leader Sam Rayburn, of Texas, said he was still hopeful that the measure would be reported out by the Rules Committee. Both he and Speaker Bankhead restated their objections to "last August" to suspending the rules and calling the bill up on a calendar Wednesday.

Rules Committee Chairman John O'Connor (Democrat), of New York, retires under the barrage of criticism directed at his committee, said yesterday:

"There used to be a popular saying which went: 'Make up your mind! Well, that's what I say now. What kind of a bill do you want?'

Wants Modifications.

He referred evidently to Mrs. Norton's admission that she wants certain modifications in the present measure, and seeks particularly to "transfer the administration of the bill to the Department of Labor, to relieve fears of those who object to creation of a new Federal board with vast powers."

Representative E. E. Cox (Democrat), Georgia, a leader of the Southern bloc on the Rules Committee opposing wage-hour legislation, predicted flatly that "there is no prospect whatsoever of the committee reporting out this bill. The line-up is still ten members against the bill and only four for it. My own position has not changed. I am more strongly against the bill than before. I doubt that Mrs. Norton will get the necessary signatures to force the bill out of committee. The country has reacted strongly against the bill."

Sentiment Echoed.

A number of Southern members privately echoed this statement. The controversy came immediately to the fore on the House floor when Representative Arthur Lamneck (Democrat), of Ohio, attacked the bill in a two-minute talk, declaring: "There is uncertainty, inquiry and doubt as to the wisdom of many things we have done and there is great apprehension of some things we are threatening to do."

The dim future of the wage-hour bill was almost matched by the indecision of the farm bill situation, as the Department of Agriculture, farm leaders and Senate and House Agriculture committees remained deadlocked over giving the Administration wide powers to control production and markets.

Chairman Smith said he would confer with Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace to get "immediate relief" for cotton farmers. He expressed considerable dissatisfaction yesterday with the Administration's temporary cotton loan subsidy program. In the House, Chairman Jones' committee continued discussing a compulsory corn control program with penalty taxes and marketing quotas discussed at length without agreement. The committee has already abandoned the Administration plan for compulsory control and processing taxes on cotton, wheat and rice.

Senate Makes Courier Wait With Message

By the Associated Press.

President Roosevelt tried to eliminate an old ceremonial at opening of Congress yesterday but the Senate demurred.

The President sent his message to Capitol Hill at noon—and the Senate could have received it immediately.

Instead, it went through the ancient custom of setting up a committee to notify the President Congress was in session and to ask if he had any message to send. Then it adjourned for lunch, leaving the President's messenger waiting in a corridor.

Politics and People

Congress Likely to Kick Over Traces, Refuse to Enact Economic Experiments on Business.

By Franklin Waltman

ONE does not have to be on Capitol Hill very long to get the impression that this session of Congress is going to be far different from any that we have had since the advent of the New Deal in 1933. Perhaps it is too early to assert unqualifiedly that Congress has cast off the apron strings of the White House. But it may be said that it does not propose to be a "rubber stamp" body. In the end it may go along with the President, but it will be only after searching scrutiny and comprehensive debate of what he proposes.

Much more likely is the possibility that Congress will kick over the traces, refuse to enact further efforts to make business a guinea pig in economic experiments, and undertake on its own responsibility to relax some of the impositions which the New Deal has imposed on private enterprise. Before the robing comes back this way, President Roosevelt may have to do some sprinting to keep at the head of his column of followers.

This is not fanciful guessing. It is evident wherever one goes on Capitol Hill. Perhaps at the moment Congress feels the urge to do something to relieve the business situation more keenly than it will a few months hence. But the desire is there now and unless the President and his leaders channel it along sound lines, Congress may go too far in a direction opposite from that on which we have been traveling.

Members of House and Senate, although elected more than a year ago, have come back to Washington fresh from the people in a very real sense. Many of these legislators left here in August to contact the people in their communities to find out their reactions as to what happened on Capitol Hill during the previous eight months.

Their concern was to find out for themselves what their constituents thought of the smashing defeat suffered by the President in his Supreme Court reorganization scheme, of the failure of the House to pass the wages and hours bill and of the failure of Congress as a whole to make any progress toward enactment of a crop control bill.

They found that their constituents were not greatly concerned. Not many of the rank and file seemed angry over the rebuffs given to the President on these three undertakings. Not even the farmers loudly demanded a crop

control bill. But in the last month Senators and Representatives canvassing sentiment in their home districts found out that their constituents were concerned over the slump on the financial markets and in the industrial recession which has taken place.

They have come back here fresh from conversations with their local bankers, businessmen, small and large employers of labor, as well as workers. Some of them have come back from constituencies where workers in recent weeks have been laid off or placed on part-time employment.

Although they do not exactly know what should be done, these legislators feel that the country is looking to Congress to take steps to stimulate a revival of economic recovery—and most of them are ready to listen to any plan proposed. Since the emphasis has been laid on modification of the undistributed corporate profits tax, the drive for the present will be on that front. A large number of Senators cannot even wait for the House, under its constitutional prerogative, to take such action, and are searching for ways and means of assuming the initiative.

President Roosevelt apparently has sensed this sentiment which pervades Capitol Hill, and in his message undertook to meet it. He laid the emphasis on the industrial recession and not on the program for which he summoned this special session of Congress. He forthrightly recognized the "marked recession in industrial production and industrial profits" which has taken place. He made this situation "a matter of definite concern."

The weakness of the message, however, is in its tone and its failure to outline a constructive course of action. Although he recognizes the seriousness of the present situation, the President refuses to accept any responsibility for it. He intimates that business policies and not Government policies have been the major contributing factor. He grudgingly concedes that the undistributed profits tax may be defective, but he fails to sponsor a revision of that levy.

Perhaps such observations may be put down as carping criticism. Such, however, is not the intention. Concededly, Roosevelt's message was admirable in omitting references to entrenched interests, economic royalists, princes of privilege and similar phrases which in other messages he has used to bait business and industry.

If such omissions indicate a change of heart on his part, if they mean that he at last has realized that the profit motive is the basis for a capitalist society and that a profit system cannot be expected to work without the prospect of a profit; if, in brief, Mr. Roosevelt has learned it is dangerous to kill the goose which lays the golden egg, he should recognize and join in thanksgiving.

In Congress

YESTERDAY.

Senate. Met at noon and adjourned at 2:05 p. m. until noon today.

Heard President Roosevelt's proclamation calling special session of Congress.

Swore in John E. Miller to be a Senator from Arkansas.

Recessed to inform President Roosevelt that Congress was sitting.

Reconvened to hear President's message on the state of the Union.

House. Met at noon and adjourned at 1:30 p. m. until noon today.

Heard President Roosevelt's proclamation of a special session.

Swore in various new members of the House.

Joined with the Senate to inform President of Congress convening.

Heard President Roosevelt's message.

Declined to adjourn until noon Thursday.

Senate. Meets at noon.

Attempt will be made to bring up Government reorganization bill.

House. Meets at noon.

Hears speeches in reply to President's message.

Agriculture Committee considers national farm bill.

Ways and Means Committee considers tax legislation and revision.

Appointment Approved.

By the Associated Press.

The Federal Home Loan Bank Board approved appointment of Frank H. Johnson, of Seattle, Wash., as president and secretary of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Portland, Ore., yesterday. He was elected by the board of directors of the Portland bank.

The Pall Mall Room

Washington's Smart Rendezvous

SONNY KENDIS and his Orchestra

LUNCHEON 11:30 to 1:30

DINNER 12:30 to 1:30

COFFEE CHURCH TO DINNER GUESTS AT ANYTIME

COFFEE CHURCH 10:30 to 11:30 a.m. 50¢ plus tax

SATURDAY, SUNDAY & HOLIDAY 10:30 to 11:30 a.m. 50¢ plus tax

DANCING and COCKTAIL HOUR

HOTEL RALEIGH

1330 G St.

OPEN EVENINGS

Court Quizzes U. S. Lawyer on Wire-Tapping

Brandeis Asks Counsel If End Justifies Means in Criminal Case.

By the Associated Press.

Wire-tapping by Government agents went on trial yesterday before the Supreme Court.

Attorney Louis Hale challenged legality of telephonic eavesdropping by which evidence was obtained against four men convicted of smuggling alcohol into New York.

Hale said wire-tapping had been outlawed by the communications act of 1934, which prohibits any person from intercepting communications and divulging their contents without permission of senders.

William Barron, Government counsel, contended that "intercept" meant "stop" and that Federal agents had not stopped messages, but merely listened in on them. He argued also that wire-tapping by peace officers was necessary to break up criminal gangs.

Brandeis Quizzes Lawyer.

"You take the view that the end justifies the means?" asked Justice Brandeis.

"Eavesdropping" among gentle folk has always been condemned," replied Barron, "but when one is trying to protect his country it is right. And there is nothing in the statute to forbid the use of wire-tapping evidence."

There's nothing in the statute to admit it," Brandeis retorted.

The case was that of Frank Nardone, Austin Callahan, Hugh Brown and Robert Gottfried.

The tribunal ruled, in a five-to-four decision in 1928, that a Washington State law insuring secrecy in telephone conversations did not bar use of wire-tapped evidence in bootlegging prosecutions.

Brandeis Quizzes Liberals.

In a case decided by the court yesterday, The Chicago Title & Trust Co. sued the National Grange, of Chicago, from reorganizing under the Federal bankruptcy act.

Dividing six to three, the court reversed a decision in this litigation by the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals. Justice Brandeis sided with the majority, while Justices Cardozo, Stone and Black dissented.

The court also turned back three new challenges against eligibility of Justice Hugo L. Black to serve on the tribunal.

Three Florida corporations lost in their second effort to gain a rehearing of litigation on the ground that Black was not qualified to sit in judgment.

The tribunal denied the petition for rehearing and suggestion of disqualification filed by the Ryan Florida Corporation and others.

New Black Attack Barred.

They protested against efforts of the Securities Commission to obtain their telegrams, contending that Black, when chairman of the Senate Lobby Committee had favored similar action.

The court also denied a motion by Elizabeth L. Seymour, of Salamanca, N. Y., and Robert Gray Taylor, of Media, Pa., for permission to file a brief "containing certain allegations affecting the legality of the oath" taken by Black.

The Interstate Commerce Commission won a review in its effort to enforce an order requiring several railroads to cease paying allowances to industrial plants which perform switching operations within their own yards.

Bank Commercial Loans Increase

By the Associated Press.

The Federal Reserve Board reported yesterday an upturn of bank loans for commercial, industrial and agricultural purposes.

Although the pre-Christmas season usually causes a temporary rise in such loans, they had dropped in the three previous weeks. Before that, business loans had climbed almost without interruption for a year.

The board's weekly statement of the condition of banks in 101 leading cities showed a \$18,000,000 increase in such loans for the week ended November 10. This almost canceled the decline of the previous week.

The outflow of foreign money which began in September continued, the board said, showing a \$28,000,000 drop in foreign bank deposits.

On Capitol Hill

Members Arrive on Schedule Although Nobody Tells Them When to Come.

THEY JUST HEARD about it and came to Washington, House Parliamentarian Lewis Deschler said yesterday, explaining how members of Congress discover the date for the beginning of a session.

"They just see the President's proclamation in a newspaper, or if they miss it someone tells them about it," he added. Asked if there have been complaints about this system, or lack of system, Deschler said:

"Oh, yes. Early history is full of tales from Senators and Representatives who showed up late because nobody told them about a meeting of Congress."

And about a dozen, legend has it, failed to appear on opening day because they were out raising the railroad fare.

NORTH CAROLINA'S Democratic Senator Robert R. Reynolds attended the Senate session only long enough to answer present. Then he left for Baltimore to undergo treatment there for an ear infection.

THE STAGE STAR, Tallulah Bankhead, doesn't think her father's attitude toward House members is stern enough. Asked about the Speaker and the members after her visit yesterday to the Capitol, she said:

"They were all talking at once and it was confusing. I didn't think Daddy is severe enough with them. And the acoustics are terrible."

Her husband, John Emery, also an actor, was with Miss Bankhead.

EXHIBITING A TELEGRAM from Gen. William Langer, of North Dakota, pleading "earnest and unqualified support," Representative Louis Ludlow (Democrat), of Indiana, renewed his campaign for a popular referendum before the United States enters into a war.

His petition in favor action on his proposal for a constitutional amendment already has 145 of the 218 signatures required. Ludlow said he has been promised ten more members.

GOV. BIBB GRAVES of Alabama was in the rear of the Senate Chamber when his wife, Senator Dixie Bibb Graves, took her seat. Just back from Spain with Representative Bernard (Farmer-Labor) of Minnesota, Representative O'Connell (Democrat), of Montana, said the two will call on the President in a day or so to tell him about what they saw.

O'Connell also said he will propose a \$1,500,000,000 deficiency appropriation for the Works Progress Administration because he believes "the budget ought to be balanced at the expense of our jobless citizens. We must keep them on WPA pay-rolls until private industry takes them off."

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS will breathe conditioned winter air for the first time during the special session. The taxpayers put out some \$5,000,000 to give them air conditioning comfort in the Capitol and office buildings.

At least one thing is certain about this special session. It can't be the longest. . . . even by meeting on Sunday, it could not run more than 62 days because the law provides the next regular session must start January 3. . . . the preceding special session, called by President Hoover, veiled five days after he took office, lasted 99 days.

First Lady Avers U. S. Can End War

Kansas City, Nov. 15 (AP)—The United States in the opinion of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, has "the responsibility to find a way to ward off wars before they become wars."

"We have the obligation to take an active interest in community affairs, even in the community affairs of the world," Mrs. Roosevelt told a lecture audience here last night.

"We Americans have more security, we are better off and we have more time to think problems out than the peoples of other nations. Thus, we have the responsibility to ward off wars before they become wars."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRIVATE SECRETARIES Earn real money in demand

Boyd School

Church Dinner Tomorrow.

The turkey dinner of Delta Circle for the benefit of the Church of St. Stephen and the Incarnation will be held from 8 to 9 p. m. tomorrow in the parish house, Sixteenth and Newton streets northwest. Candy and fancy articles will be on sale and there will be a parcel post window for children.

Get Acquainted with the "Modern" Mode

WHIPET

a new collar attached to

Manhattan SHIRTS

The current rendering of the regulation Manhattan shirt collar—properly proportioned—authoritative and correct.

\$2 to \$6.50

You even pay for them in a distinctive manner—open a regular 30, 60 or 90 day charge account.

The Mode

F at Eleventh

Hickey-Freeman
CUSTOMIZED CLOTHES



Our perfection of suits and topcoats, customized by Hickey-Freeman, offer discriminating gentlemen a wide variety of fabrics. Each one a product of the finest in American and continental looms. The models are those accepted in the fashionable meeting places on the continent.

Goldheim's
1409 H Street

MARTELL
COGNAC Brandy

The after-dinner liqueur of the connoisseur for over 222 years



BOTTLED IN COGNAC FRANCE SINCE 1715

Imported Exclusively by RARE & TILFORD Import Corp., New York, N.Y.
The House of Martell, 1180 L St. N.W., Exclusive Distributors for District of Columbia

OUR
PENN CRAFT
VENETIAN BLINDS

HAVE MET WITH SUCCESS

Only Two Weeks Old in Washington and

The public is learning the advantages of buying their Venetian Blinds direct from the manufacturers.

WE ARE THE ONLY
Manufacturers of Venetian Blinds IN THE DISTRICT

For That Reason We Are In A Position to Give You

- SERVICE**
As Manufacturers, Orders Will Be Completed In Half The Usual Time.
- INSTALLATION**
All Work Installation Done by Factory-trained Men Under Careful Supervision.
- RENOVATING DEPT.**
Specializing in Complete Renovation and Repainting At Nominal Charges.
- QUALITY**
Penn-Craft Venetian Blinds Denotes The Highest Type in Material And Workmanship.
- ESTIMATES**
Our Estimating Department Is At Your Service At All Times. Call Us At The Number Listed Below.

PENNSYLVANIA
MANUFACTURING CO.
OFFICE • SALES • FACTORY
1904 M St. N.W.
REpublic 0550

Unions Oppose Kennedy's Plan For Sea Reform

Mediation Board, School to 'Stifle' Union Sailors, Lewistown Charge.

By Edward T. Follard

Recommendations of the United States Maritime Commission to improve the "disgraceful" labor situation are opposed by the New York Maritime Council, central agency of all seagoing unions of the C. I. O. It developed yesterday when the complete text of its report on the commission's recent survey was made available.

Chairman Kennedy had recommended to Congress (1) that a mediation board be established to handle maritime disputes, and (2) that 500 young American citizens be trained for the merchant marine each year by the Coast Guard.

The Maritime Council said this program would "stifle" the union sailors. Apropos of the plan to have the Coast Guard train men for the merchant marine, it says: "Such men would be thoroughly inculcated with anti-labor philosophy and prejudices." It sees in the proposal for a mediation board an attempt to "hamstring the seamen's right to bargain collectively and strike."

Rail Strikes Limited.

"The right to strike has already been limited in the railroad industry," the union statement says. "If it is limited in the maritime industry now, it won't be very long before there will be attempts to limit it in other industries, and every trade unionist knows what that means."

Ralph Emerson, a former ship steward, who is now the Washington legislative representative of the C. I. O.'s maritime unions, yesterday called attention to an article he had written explaining the "strong underlying motive" behind articles that have appeared in The Washington Post concerning Communists and labor troubles in the merchant marine. The article appears in the Pilot, official organ of the National Maritime Union.

"It is a well-known fact," Emerson wrote, "that a powerful lobby has been operating in the Nation's Capital in the interests of the shipowners and their affiliates. It is also well known that the goal for which they are striving is the destruction of the maritime unions before these unions can become unified and solidified on a national scale."

"Union-Busting" Charged.

"Quite naturally, as the direct representatives of the shipping interests are held in ill repute here by Congress for their methods and tactics in the past, they have been looking around the Capitol to see what new alliance they could form with other interested parties in order to halt the onward drive of organized maritime labor."

"It now appears that they have found certain Government officials and reactionary newspaper publishers with whom they have something in common. The result is the present campaign being conducted through The Washington Post, which is simply the forerunner of a batch of union-busting, anti-labor bills which will be introduced at the coming session of Congress."

Emerson characterized as "false propaganda" the stories that ship stewards, dropping civility, had addressed women as "Hi, Babe." Referring to his own experience as a steward on a deck steward, Emerson said:

"It is quite a well-known fact that stewards on passenger ships have in many instances had to tactfully discourage the advances of romantically inclined members of the fair sex."

War and Airic Are Issues.

The two burning issues among C. I. O. sailors, judging from letters to the Pilot, are the S. S. Algic case and the Spanish civil war. Nearly every ship unit reports that it has sent a resolution to President Roosevelt protesting against the Algic "frame-up," and nearly every one also reports that the crew has taken up a collection for "Spanish democracy."

The crew of the S. S. Freepoint, Sulphur, however, sent in a report to show that its interests covered a much wider field. Telling of a union meeting aboard ship, Recording Secretary Victor Mon wrote:

"There was a general discussion on a subject of general interest at the educational meeting on October 20. Such topics as the organization of taxicab workers, the attitude of the police departments and politicians, the jurisdictional power of the NLRB, the struggle between capital and labor of different crafts in the United States at the present time, the clashes between A. F. of L. and C. I. O. unions, which are provoked by the reactionary unions, with their phonies and gangsters."

"A joint meeting was held on October 17, at which it was reported that a collection of \$16 had been made toward the purchase of an ambulance for Spain."

Strike Talk Rises As Auto Workers Reject G. M. Plan

Detroit, Nov. 15 (AP)—Strike talk was heard today as negotiations between General Motors Corporation and the United Automobile Workers of America on a new contract apparently were stalemated.

U. A. W. A. conferees yesterday rejected a proposed new agreement, terminating five months of negotiations. The corporation's demand for renewed assurance against unauthorized strikes apparently blocked resumption of discussion.

Plans of the U. A. W. A. to force action on a new contract—aside from a demand for a National Labor Relations Board election—were kept secret, but they were understood to include a "demonstration of strength" in which members in all General Motors plants would cease work at a pre-arranged time for a brief period.

When Three's a Crowd.

Framingham, Mass., Nov. 15 (AP)—The third set of twins within 38 months was born today to Mr. and Mrs. William F. Le Blanc. Besides the three sets of twins, Mr. and Mrs. Le Blanc have six other children, ranging in age from 6 to 16 years.

Wirephoto: Livermore, Jr., and Bride



With the blessing of his mother, who once shot him, Jesse Livermore, Jr., and his bride whom he wed in Maryland, are shown at Stamford, Conn., where the bridegroom works. The bride is the former Mrs. Evelyn Sullivan, of Sparrows Point, Md., a divorcee.

Mayors Seek Federal Aid To Improve Airport Facilities

Los Angeles Mayor Sponsors Resolution Asking Permanent Federal Financial Share in Maintenance Costs.

Need for Federal aid in keeping the Nation's airport facilities abreast of air transport development was urged yesterday in the United States conference of mayors meeting at the Hotel Hamilton.

Mayor Frank L. Shaw of Los Angeles presented a resolution asking that the conference recommend to Congress passage of legislation which would permit a permanent program of Federal financial cooperation in construction and maintenance of municipal airports in principal cities.

Mayor Shaw's action climaxed an afternoon of discussion by Government officials and mayors of half a dozen key cities. They reviewed a variety of problems ranging from the rapid obsolescence of landing fields under pressure of technical improvements in transport plans to what share Federal, State and city governments should have in financing landing facilities and the importance of adequate airports to national defense.

At the morning session, Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia of New York, president of the conference, mapping an agenda for the three-day meeting, said he could report no improvement in the unemployment situation since the conference last year.

He cited reduced production in heavy industries following the near-completion of the Government public works program as cause for increased unemployment this winter. He predicted that a deficiency appropriation during the special session of Congress might be needed to supplement the \$1,500,000,000 provided last session to finance relief until June 30.

"The recession in industry and business is bad enough," Mayor LaGuardia said, "but I want to take this opportunity of registering an emphatic protest against those who take great joy and gloat in ballyhooing a return of this situation."

"I believe that a great deal of fear and timidity has been created by those who are ballyhooing what they call another depression. It is doing the country no good; it is doing the very people who are doing the ballyhooing more harm than they can at this time contemplate."

Other problems the New York reform mayor brought before the conference:

1. Income tax reform, along the lines of the present inheritance tax, toward greater uniformity of State income tax laws.

2. The split in organized labor. He recommended that the conference propose speedy adjustment of C. I. O. and A. F. of L. differences.

3. Amendment of the Federal Reserve act to permit payment of interest on municipal deposits.

4. Possible opposition from public utility interests to the natural gas regulatory law awaiting action of the Senate.

Prisoner Wears Loot at His Trial; Given Two Years

Judge Walter F. McCarthy, of Federal Circuit Court, was startled out of his judicial calm yesterday when a prisoner who had just pleaded guilty to breaking and entering admitted he was wearing some of his loot.

Robert L. Spence, 25, of Woodstock, Va., received a sentence of two years for stealing clothes and other articles from the home of William J. Alcholtz, of Hybla Valley, two weeks ago.

Asked what he had done with the clothes, Spence replied, "I'm wearing 'em." Suit, shirt, tie, socks and shoes—all were Alcholtz's property, but Spence seemed unembarrassed by the revelation. The clothes fitted well.

QUICK SUPERIOR SHOE REPAIR
Ladies & Men's
HALF SOLES 59¢
Consult Phone Book for Your Nearest Branch
Smith's

Mailmen Start Job Census on 150,000 Routes

Figures Ready Next Month; Drawing Friday to Launch Recheck.

Some 150,000 of the Nation's mail carriers today will take questionnaires to the home of every American in the first unemployment census ever taken.

The count will be the biggest one-day house-to-house canvass ever undertaken in the United States.

All unemployed and "partially employed" persons are to fill out these questionnaires and mail them, without putting postage stamps on them. They are to be mailed by midnight Saturday.

On Friday President Roosevelt will begin the house-to-house enumerative census, designed to check accuracy of the mail canvass, in a unique drawing.

The President, by drawing 1 of 50 numbers, thereby will designate automatically 1,000 postal routes out of the 88,000 in the country. A population of some 2,000,000 will be covered in this enumerative census, the National Unemployment Census said yesterday.

By drawing the number the President will pick one in each group of 50 postal routes into which the country's total has been divided.

The test census will be conducted by "Postoffice employees, under field direction of Postoffice inspectors," said the Unemployment Census. Answers to the mail questionnaire will be tabulated by the Census Bureau and checked, in part, by the Unemployment Census office. Results of the survey probably will be made public late in December.

John D. Biggers, administrator of the census, in a speech to the conference of mayors, said the census should give Congress "the basic facts of unemployment, which can serve as a comprehensive corrective plan" for putting "all of our willing workers back to productive work."

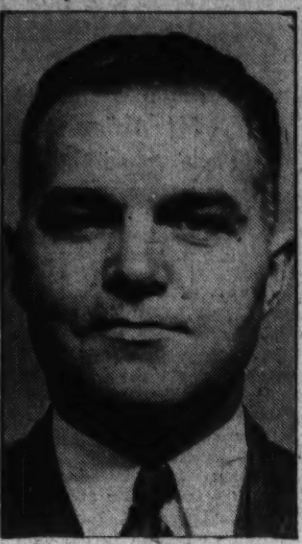
Star-Gazers Find Transparent Gas Floating in Void

Pasadena, Calif., Nov. 15 (AP)—Mount Wilson astronomers reported today transparent gas clouds so huge that light would require 1,000 to 2,000 years to cross them are floating between the planets and the stars.

The huge clouds are composed chiefly of calcium and sodium gases. "Calcium absorbs some of the ultra violet light" of the stars, said Dr. Paul W. Merrill, "while sodium absorbs yellow light. Other lines of the spectrum are absorbed by some mysterious substance which we have been unable to identify."

"We do not think it means the presence of a new and undiscovered element, but rather a new grouping of atoms, such as we do not find on the earth."

Hughes, Ace Sleuth, Hurt in Gunfight in 1930, Asks to Retire



DETECTIVE SERGT. VAN DOREN HUGHES.

Detective Sgt. Van Doren Hughes 38, ace investigator of the Metropolitan Police Department, has requested his retirement, Maj. Ernest W. Brown, chief of police, revealed yesterday.

Hughes will go before the Board of Police and Fire Department Surgeons Thursday for examination. Maj. Brown said whether the retirement will be granted rests entirely with the doctors. It is understood, however, that the retirement will be allowed.

Seriously wounded in a gun fight in 1930, Hughes is disabled by a bullet resting at the base of his spine. The bullet is too close to the nerve center to allow an operation, physicians have reported.

Hughes, who was appointed to the force August 11, 1923, has one of the most outstanding records in the department. In 14 years of service, he has received 25 commendations for bravery and meritorious service. He received a silver medal in 1931 for the capture of the two men who shot him in a street gun fight the year before.

Hughes was promoted to the rank of precinct detective in 1930 after working for several years as a prohibition law crusader before repeal.

After only 21 days as a precinct detective, his superiors raised him to the rank of detective sergeant. He was placed on the then new pickup squad.

From the pickup squad he went to the robbery detail, where he established an enviable record. He solved hundreds of robberies and holdups in the six years he was detailed to this squad. Recently, Hughes has been working in the Twelfth Precinct.

Hughes, who lives in Silver Spring, Md., is married and has one daughter.

Senators Urge Showdown on Black's Status

Burke Asks Cummings to File Proceedings as Interested Party.

Demand that the status of Hugo L. Black as an associate Supreme Court justice be determined once and for all was heard yesterday from leading Senate court plan opponents.

Senator Edward R. Burke (Democrat), of Nebraska, said other members of Congress may be named to the bench and asked that "quo warranto" proceedings be brought by the Attorney General to determine Black's right to sit.

The Nebraskan also said the Senate may consider the need of "some" additional lower court judgeships but that an investigation of the Eighth Circuit by him this summer disclosed "they could get along with one less judge."

Burke is a member of a special Senate committee studying the need of lower court judges and possible reforms in the court structure by constitutional amendment.

"The Supreme Court should rule on whether Black constitutionally is eligible to sit on the bench," said Burke. "It should decide on its merits whether a vacancy actually existed. It should decide whether Black, after voting for the Supreme Court retirement act and increasing the emoluments of court office, is entitled to hold that office."

Burke said the court has not yet had an opportunity to rule, pointing out that none of the complainants has established an interest.

"The proper course," he said, "is for the Attorney General to bring quo warranto proceedings."

Senator H. Styles Bridges (Republican), New Hampshire, said he would propose a new Senate rule requiring that public hearings be held on all future nominations to the high court.

Bridges predicted that Black's appointment would rise as an issue at the special session. In seeking public hearings on all court appointees, Bridges pointed out that the Senate refused to hold hearings on "rumors" that Black was a former member of the Ku Klux Klan.

Weeks after he was confirmed, Black admitted former Klan membership.

SPECIAL PURCHASE!



\$69.75 AND \$79.75
FUR - TRIMMED

COATS & SUITS
\$59.75

One and two of a kind models from two of our very favorite manufacturers! Fabrics include Forstmann's Persians, Julliard's Sudanese, Gara's curly nubeloth and fine tweeds and fleeces. Trimmed with Grey Persian, American Fox, Black Persian, Black Fox, Badger, Skunk, Beaver, Raccoon, Eastern Mink, Kolinsky, Blue Fox and Polar Wolf. Suits with the popular lapin topcoat over shetland tweeds, or three-piece classics with wolf or raccoon on the topcoats. Black, beige, brown, green, rust and blue. Sizes 12 to 20.

Your Charge Account is Cordially Invited

RALEIGH HABERDASHER

1310 F STREET

Alpaca, Mohair and Wool are blended to produce this remarkable All-Weather TOPCOAT



- Light Yet Warm!
- Rainproof, Windproof!

\$40

The Lamgora makes the ideal coat for Washington weather. The Mohair woven into its fabric makes it amazingly sturdy and durable. Alpaca gives the Lamgora a luxurious, silky feel... and contributes to its warmth. The Wool provides the snug, comfortable attribute that makes Lamgora your favorite coat... even in the coldest weather. The combination of these three fibres brings forth a remarkable soft and supple fabric... marvelously rugged and enduring... light in weight but warm. Beautifully hand-tailored and styled according to the most authentic English and American traditions.



Charge Accounts cordially invited. You may pay in 30 days or use our Extended Payment Plan. No down payment, 4 months to pay and no interest charges.

Many Other New Karpen Suites Shown

MAYER & CO.

Seventh Street

Between D and E

Not such a big outlay for a serviceable, artistic Karpen Suite! Solid Honduras mahogany forearms and legs... reversible spring seat cushions... hardwood frames... doweled, screwed and glued... curled black horsehair filling (50% mane and 50% tail)... smart, new texture weave mohair-velvet with effective stripes, luxuriously comfortable and expertly tailored. May we show you this and the other groups today?

You Get All Three in This
Karpen Sofa and Chair
AT \$198



DEEP-CUSHIONED COMFORT—QUALITY AND STYLE

Science Church Lecturer Talks On Immortality

Doctrine Broadens Concept of Man's Being, Says Chicago C. S. B.

A lecture on "Christian Science: Man's Immortality Revealed" was delivered last evening in Constitution Hall by Blakely Young, C. S. B., of Chicago, Ill. Mr. Young is a member of the Board of Lectureship of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass. He was introduced by Dr. Oliver Bowles, First Reader of Third Church, which sponsored his lecture. The lecturer said in part:

The propositions of Christian Science, although not as yet universally accepted, are more or less familiar to the reading public. It is also well known that this Science is primarily a healing system, and that the church organization, including all the activities of the movement sprang originally from the healing work which the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, Mary Baker Eddy, performed.

The deep philosophic and scientific meaning of Mrs. Eddy's discovery can be gained only through progressive experience. It is not a matter of her writings is not sufficient to disclose their full import. They must be conscientiously and thoroughly studied. Her book, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," the textbook of Christian Science, is widely read even by people who are not as yet known as Christian Scientists.

The doctrine which this book sets forth is unique. It enables one who takes the pains to understand it, to overcome sin and heal sickness by one and the same means, wholly spiritual. It broadens the concept of being vitalized religion, and glorifies science by establishing logically and incontrovertibly that the word of "God" signifies incomparably more of purely religious as well as practical scientific value than has generally been associated with it, and that this Science shows that God, the actual and only cause of all true phenomena, is understandable, and that His power is demonstrable by and in behalf of mankind.

In order that this may become apparent in everyday life, a different concept of Deity from that generally accepted had to be discerned and set forth, and made apprehensible. To this end Christian Science enlists intelligence. It makes no appeal at all to mere belief or imagination. It shows beyond all controversy that the knowable God is the only God, and that to know Him is the highest use of intelligence, and that learning how to know God aright we learn by the same means how to know man aright.

Musicals Planned For W. Va. Society

The employees' glee club of the Washington Gas Light Co. will give a musical program at the meeting of the West Virginia State Society this evening in the ballroom of the Raleigh Hotel. Officers of the society constituting the board of governors will be elected for the coming year. There will be dancing from 9:30 to 1 o'clock. The present officers are: Edward H. Nunnally, president; John L. Batesman, secretary; A. E. Westraier, financial secretary; Col. William De Grange, treasurer; D. W. Gall, historian; David R. Davidson, sergeant at arms; and vice presidents, as follows: Representative Robert L. Ramsey, Mrs. Jennings Randolph, Mrs. Lynn S. Horner, Mrs. George W. Johnson, Representative John E. Keen and Representative Joe L. Smith.

Husband's Trial Delayed In Shooting of Visitor

The case of John M. Stickle, 28, accused of shooting Robert Burgess, 23, when he allegedly was found in Stickle's home, 614 Pennsylvania avenue, southeast, with Mrs. Stickle, was continued in Police Court yesterday until November 26. Judge Edward M. Curran reduced Stickle's bond from \$1,000 to \$500.

Meanwhile no papers were filed against Mrs. Stickle and Burgess, who were charged with misconduct by police after the shooting early Sunday. Burgess is in Gallinger Hospital with a bullet wound in his left leg.

Partitioning Is Subject.

The partitioning of Palestine will be discussed by Lewis B. Brier at a meeting of the Washington Unit of Junior Hadassah at 8 p. m. today at the Jewish Community Center. Mrs. Raphael Fourver, Washington Senior Hadassah president, will speak on the senior Hadassah convention held recently in Atlantic City, N. J.

Benet to Appear Here.

William Rose Benet, poet and author of New York City, will give readings from his poems before students at Trinity College at 4:30 p. m. today in O'Connor Hall on the college campus. It was announced yesterday.

Ship Movements

At New York:
Arrived Yesterday:
American Merchant, from London.
Queen Mary, from Southampton.
Arrive Today:
Laurin, from Liverpool.
Yonah, from Rotterdam.
Arrive Tomorrow:
Champlain, from Havre.
Criswell, from Genoa.
Western World, from Trinidad.
Sailing Today:
Hills, for Constantinople.

Round Robin MEN'S GRILL

Is in for a few selections and more of the best of food and service at 1215 14th St. N.W.

WILLARD HOTEL

Grin and Bear It



"I wrote my Congressman for an appointment to West Point but this is the best he could do for me."

Want to reduce or gain weight? Turn to Ida Jean Kain's helpful column, "Your Figure, Madame," daily on the woman's page.

Contract Bridge

Percentages Be Hanged!

When a player reaches the point where he knows when to try for a finesse and when not to try, he is well on the road to expertise. As a novice he had to concentrate all his attention on the mere mechanics of a finesse, simple as they are. Unfortunately, many players are so delighted with their mastery of this elementary subject that they go on finessing plentifully at each and every opportunity. They fail to realize that the "when" of a finesse is much more important than the "how."

South, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

♠ J 10 7 6
♥ K 5 4
♦ K Q J 6 3 2
♣ A 9 8 5 4 3

North
♠ A 8 7
♥ A 7 6 5 4
♦ A 10
♣ K 10

West opened the club King and, to his disgust, saw it truffed in dummy. This disgust soon turned to delight, however. Declarer, noting ten spades in the combined hands, correctly figured that the "percentages" favored a finesse for the missing King; hence, led dummy's Jack and let it ride. West gobbled up his singleton King and made the obvious shift to hearts, leading the

Queen. In this way the defenders grabbed three heart tricks before declarer could regain the lead.

Percentages are all very fine when they are the only consideration. In this hand, however, the spade finesse was an atrocious play. The correct play was a low spade to the Ace—not because the King was blank in West's hand, but because it was possible to guard against that contingency at very little expense.

South should have realized that if East had the spade King there was no cause for worry, because for East to be an lead would be no menace in the heart suit. Thus, let us suppose that East actually had held the guarded spade King. Declarer's play to the Ace would either draw a discard from West or a follow-suit with his only trump (depending on whether East had the King and one or the King and two spades). If West followed suit, declarer would merely forget about the King and start running his diamonds. If East were shown to still have the King and one, declarer would force out the King so as to prevent a diamond ruff with the low spade.

The point of the hand was that every effort should have been made to keep West off the lead and, thus, prevent a heart play through the unsupported King.

Copyright, 1937, by the United Press.

To Discuss Boycott.

Ralph Emerson, national legislative representative of the New York Maritime Council, a group of marine unions, will discuss a proposed boycott of Japanese-made goods at an open forum of the American Association of University Women at 4:45 p. m. today at their clubhouse, 1634 I street northwest.

By Light

\$1,200 Pay Bill To Be Pushed if Leaders Assent

Ramspeck, McCarran Both Ready for Action at Special Session.

The \$1,200-a-year minimum pay bill for Federal workers will be put forward at the special session of Congress if House leaders consent. Chairman Ramspeck, of the Civil Service Committee, said yesterday.

Ramspeck said he would like to start hearings at least on both the minimum pay bill and a measure to revise the civil service retirement system if national legislation does not interfere.

Both bills were introduced at close of the last session at request of the Civil Service Commission. They are understood to have Administration approval.

Ramspeck said he has had no official word from the White House. Administration plans would not nullify the pay bill.

Meanwhile, on the other side of the Capitol, Senator McCarran (Democrat), Nevada, said he will try again to get the Senate Civil Service Committee to hold hearings on his pay bill, which would establish a minimum of \$1,500 a year.

McCarran expressed hope that, even though the \$1,200 scale is adopted, features of his pay bill will be included.

Electrotype Expert To Lecture Tonight

J. Homer Winkler, Cleveland, authority on electrotyping and rubber plate printing, will speak before the Washington Club of Printing House Craftsmen tonight at the Lafayette Hotel.

In addition to this city's leaders in the printing industry, representatives of rubber companies will be present.

Winkler was born in this city, was graduated from George Washington University and was connected with the Bureau of Standards for several years during which he did research for the International Association of Electrotypers. He was a member of the Washington Club of Printing House Craftsmen. He is now assistant manager of the Ace Electrotype Co. in Cleveland, manager of the Premier Rubber Plate Co. and member of the research commission of the International Association of Printing House Craftsmen, of which commission A. E. Glogensack, Public Printer, is chairman.

District Is Upheld In Track Removal

Ending a dispute of several years, the United States Court of Appeals yesterday ruled that the District Commissioners had ample authority to require the Capital Transit Co. to remove its tracks on E street between Eleventh and Fourteenth streets northwest.

In an opinion written by Chief Justice A. A. Wheat, of District Court, it was held that the Commissioners were within their legal right when they sought a mandamus to require removal of the "abandoned" tracks.

Rep. Miller Sworn In by Senate As Wife Cries, 'It's Glorious!'

Wife and Family Watch Induction of Arkansas Democrat Who Won His Seat by Running as an Independent.

By the Associated Press.

John E. Miller took his oath of office yesterday as Senator from Arkansas in succession to Joseph T. Robinson.

Miller, who gave up a seat in the House to go to the Senate, was escorted to the Vice President's rostrum by the senior Senator from Arkansas, Mrs. Hattie W. Caraway, who wore a brilliant colored corsage.

He brought the Senate back to full size—84 members—for the first time since Robinson died in the last session.

Seated on Back Row.

After receiving the oath, Miller signed the register and took a seat on the extreme end of the back row of the chamber with other Democrats on the right side of Senator Dixie Bibb, of Alabama.

Mrs. Miller, who happily exclaimed "It's just too grand and glorious," their daughter, Miss Mary Louise Miller, student at Bristol, Va., and their son John E. Miller, Jr., 14, watched the ceremony from the gallery.

Mrs. Miller wore an Oxford gray suit with purple accessories and an onchid.

Miller served four terms in the House. He takes the Senate seat held by his friend, the late Joseph T. Robinson. He is tall, slim, spruce, gray-haired and soft-spoken, smokes long cigars and is an ardent hunter and fisherman. Miller ran as an independent, but says "my position as a Democrat is unchanged."

New Representatives Listed.

The new House members are: Bruce Barton (Republican), of New York, advertising man and writer. Represents the "silk stocking" district of New York City. Sandy hair, is graying near the temples; square-jawed, with broad, stubby hands. Widely known as

author of "The Man Nobody Knows."

Dave E. Satterfield, Jr. (Democrat), Virginia; tall, muscular, with closely cropped black hair, served 12 years as Commonwealth's attorney for Richmond. Was a naval aviator in the World War.

Lawrence J. Connerly (Democrat), Massachusetts; succeeds his brother, the late William F. Jr., whom he served as secretary. Fought in the Yankee Division during the World War. Black, black-haired, and speaks with a pronounced New England accent. Says he will advocate the same type of legislation his brother did.

Lewis K. Rockefeller (Democrat), New York; says he is no relation to "the other Rockefeller" and that this is the first time his name has been on the rolls of Congress. Tall, thin, affable, slightly deaf. Friends say he has a "poker face." About 60 years old. Former deputy State tax commissioner.

Ralph A. Gamble (Republican), New York; lawyer and a son of a former member of Congress from South Dakota. Served seven terms in the New York State Assembly. Based his campaign on a plea for local self-government as against centralization of power in Washington.

Agriculture Leaders To Hold Dinner Here

The National Association of Commissioners, Secretaries and Directors of Agriculture will hold its annual dinner at 7 p. m. tomorrow at the Raleigh Hotel.

The members are in session from Monday through Thursday here this week, during which time they are hearing numerous papers read by specialists in many phases of agriculture.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

The Christmas Store



... are round and flat and ultra-chic in a silk duvetyne toque demurely veiled. Black, \$12.75 brown or gray.

MILLINERY SALON, THIRD FLOOR

Post Want Ads Bring Results

WOODWARD & LOTHROP

Dale Carnegie tells you "How to Win Friends and Influence People" \$1.96

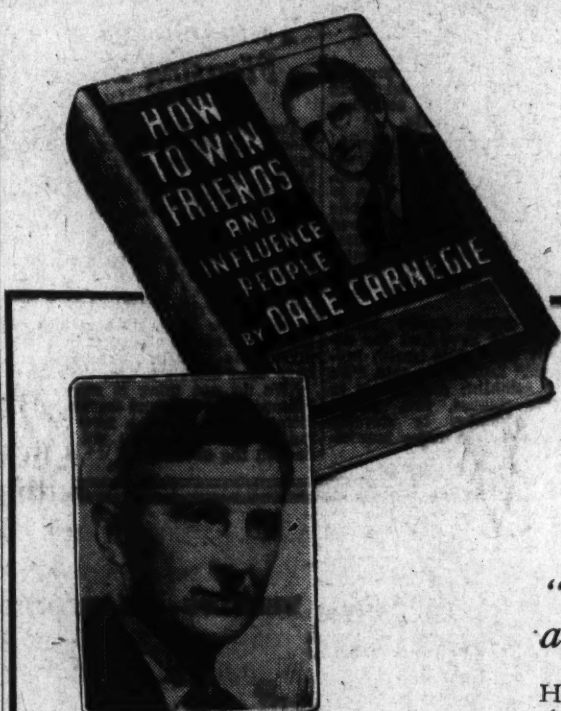
Have you that "I will" determination that makes success—the combined charm and strength that makes and keeps friends? Read Dale Carnegie's exceptionally sound advice on the subject—then hear him lecture in Constitution Hall on November 23rd.

THE BOOK STORE, AISLE 23, FIRST FLOOR

Truly a "Tantalizing" Value
Twin Decanters
in an inlaid wood frame
\$5

Here is the gift for difficult-to-please people, including yourself. This tantalus keeps its crystal glass decanters (each one holds nearly one-fifth of a gallon) under lock and key to insure a greater quantity of hospitality for your guests.

GLASSWARE, FIFTH FLOOR



Hartmann says "Merry Christmas" in "Continental" style

... and what woman could help saying "thank you" in plain American for this Skyrobe and O'Nite Case in continental striped canvas? The Skyrobe folds four dresses without wrinkling and holds some of the "other things" that fill the O'Nite Case—while both carry your good wishes for smart traveling.

Skyrobe \$26.50
O'Nite Case 21-inch \$17.50
LUGGAGE, FIFTH FLOOR



WOODWARD & LOTHROP

THE MEN'S STORE—SECOND FLOOR

A beautiful Homespun from Scotland, made of all long fiber wool... \$3



Tie Up Your Outfit with a Smart Wool SCARF

Imported and Domestic Styles



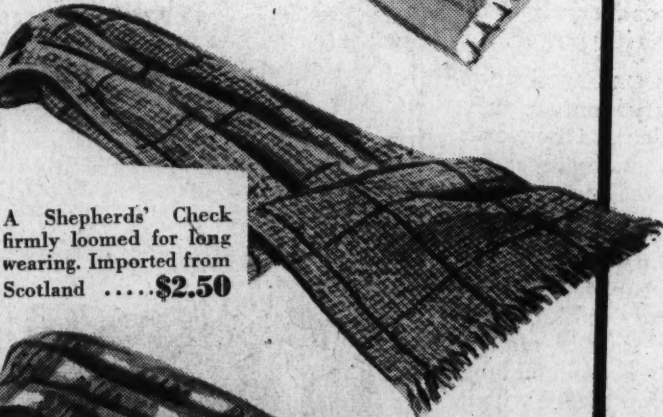
From Scotland comes this luxurious Cashmere muffler in solid colors of brown, tan, maroon, blue... \$10



A soft plaid mixture hand-loomed in Poland. Self fringed... \$1.50



Scotland gives us this long Cashmere and wool mixture in a solid color... \$5



A Shepherd's Check firmly loomed for long wearing. Imported from Scotland... \$2.50



Authentic Scotch Tartan (dress Stewart) design, imported from Scotland... \$2



Another Scottish creation is this Cashmere and soft, long fleecy wool in a plaid design of either blue and brown or maroon and gray... \$6

OVERCOATS

Warm... But Not Weighty

featuring
MT. ROCK FLEECE
\$50

Other Fine Imported and Domestic Coats, \$40 to \$100

Spruce up, stay warm, and step out in a coat full of style. Dress coats or coats for sports wear, they are all here in a variety of patterns and fabrics in single and double breasted models, with set-in or raglan shoulders. And every coat is authentically styled for men who know that every garment from The Men's Store is fashion true... and top quality at a fair price.

Mt. Rock Alpaca

—“Winterweight.” A very luxurious coat of pure alpaca hair construction. Models for business, or dress. Very warm, very light in weight.
\$50



An English Overcoat

—tailored by Thexton & Wright, Ltd., of London. A fine Scotch and Irish coating in a true British double-breasted model.

\$100

Other English Coats, \$65 to \$125



Double-Breasted Dress Coat

—favored by men for evening and dressy business occasions. The velvet collar adds to the smart appearance of this oxford gray coat.
\$50



Mt. Rock Fleece

—outstandingly soft and fleecy, yet it will resist the hardest wear. Oxford blue, and varying shades of brown.
\$50

Prince Georges Chest Drive Led By Baird Unit

Team of Hyattsville Matron More Than Doubles Quota.

Mrs. W. E. Baird who is in charge of the Chest drive in the residential section of Hyattsville, Md., has reported collections amounting to more than double her quota of \$150. It was announced yesterday by Bird H. Dolby, Prince Georges County chairman.

On the basis of preliminary reports from 14 out of the county's 30 teams, Mrs. Baird's team stands the highest, Dolby said. Members of her committee are Mrs. Aaron Deitz, Mrs. R. Lyon, Mrs. J. L. Ford and Mrs. Sylvan Deitz.

Dolby predicted the county would reach its goal of \$14,477, if the remaining teams follow the pace set by those from which reports already have been received. He said that approximately \$1,000 had been turned over to the Washington Chest.

All the reports so far have been from the metropolitan area of the county. Dolby said he had heard from six teams in Hyattsville, three in Mount Rainier, two in Berwyn, one in Brentwood, one in Chevy Chase and one in Rogers Heights.

The Drive in Prince Georges county is being conducted under auspices of the Social Service League, which became an agency of the Washington Chest this year.

Vincent A. Osterman, president of the Bladensburg (Md.) commissioners, said yesterday that a public meeting would be held December 10 in the Bladensburg High School to discuss food control measures for the Anacostia River, which has overflowed its banks three times in less than a month.

Federal and State officials will be invited to attend the conference, Osterman said.

The most recent floods, occurring October 23 and 25 and November 12, have caused an estimated loss of close to \$150,000.

Army engineers who made a preliminary investigation of food conditions in the Bladensburg area last spring were reported to be considering two control projects, Osterman said.

The first proposes widening of the Anacostia River from its present width of 80 feet to 200 feet all the way from the District line to the confluence of the East and West Branch at Bladensburg and also deepening of the bed of the Eastern Branch as far as Riverdale.

The second proposes construction of dykes from Colmar Manor to Brentwood and from Bladensburg around Hyattsville to Edmonston.

Herman A. Hunter, of the University of Maryland Extension Service, announced yesterday that only three growers in the State had qualified for membership in the Ten-Ton Tomato Club by raising ten or more tons of tomatoes to the acre.

The successful farmers were Paul Rosser, of Federalsburg; Raymond Slaughter, of Trappe; and Albert Retlack, of Odell. They will receive prizes at the annual canning crops conference at the University of Maryland in February.

Hunter said this was one of the worst tomato growing seasons in recent years, accounting for the fact that only three growers were able to qualify for membership in the club. More than 120 farmers entered the contest this year, he said.

Bernstein, Ship Head, On Trial in Germany

Hamburg, Nov. 15 (AP)—Arnold Bernstein, head of the Red Star and Arnold Bernstein Shipping Lines, and four directors of his companies were brought to trial today on charges of violating Germany's stringent foreign exchange regulations. The men, arrested by the German secret police last February, face charges that carry a death sentence. The five, all German citizens, were arrested apparently because of a plan to remove the companies' offices from Hamburg to Antwerp.

Policemen Become Traffic Students



Twenty-eight members of the Metropolitan Police Department started back to school yesterday as a course in scientific traffic control methods opened at the police school. The "students" are shown taking an examination while Lieut. W. T. Storm (right) looks on.

28 Patrolmen In Training for Traffic Squads

Will Provide Nucleus for Accident Control in 'Kreml System.'

As the nucleus of a centralized traffic control unit within the Police Department, 28 radio-car patrolmen started a week of intensive training yesterday under the tutelage of recent graduates from the "Kreml system" school at the University of Maryland.

Describing purposes of the course, Maj. Ernest W. Brown, police superintendent, warned the class that "too many accident-prone drivers are getting away from us."

"We must view the increasing volume of traffic and its resulting toll as our greatest problem," said Maj. Brown. "If our accident record is to be reduced, enforcement officers must be trained to investigate and report intelligently on every phase of the problem."

Ultimately, Maj. Brown continued, the Police Department will form accident prevention and investigation squads, scientifically trained. Within the next month, he said, squads will be concentrated in "danger" areas of the First, Second and Third Precincts.

The police chief said he was also considering a plan to mount additional men on motorcycles to patrol congested downtown streets.

Plea of Starvation Frees 3 Women in Shoplifting Trial

A mother and two daughters accused of shoplifting "because they were practically penniless," were released on their personal bond by Police Court Judge Edward M. Curran yesterday.

Curran said he believed "there are times when persons are forced to violate the law in order to live."

Police testified the women were arrested Saturday after they were seen to steal numerous articles from three downtown department stores.

The mother said she and one daughter had come here last week from their home in Roanoke, Va., "because they were starving."

City's Right to Forbid Parking All Night on Streets Is Upheld

Disputed 'Snow Removal' Ordinance Sustained by Appeals Court; Way Paved for Stringent Traffic Rules.

Continued from Page 1.

"I think it is just and proper," said Van Duzer, "that the Commissioners, in an attempt to regulate the safe movement of vehicles, should have the authority to promulgate any reasonable regulation to protect the public and facilitate traffic."

The "snow removal" rule was contested by Z. Montford Smith who said his car was "ticked" for a violation. He contended the regulation was unjust "because it applied without regard to whether snow is then present on the streets."

His charge was dismissed in Police Court.

Street "Garages" May Go. "The time may soon be at hand," read the opinion of Justice Groner, "when it will be necessary to forbid altogether the garaging of vehicles on the main highways of Washington City at any time, night or day, and we have no doubt of the power of the Commissioners to make and enforce such regulations."

At the same time yesterday, the Appellate Court held the prosecution of traffic cases in Police Court, with the single exception of "smoke screen" charges, was vested in the Corporation Counsel or one of his assistants.

This opinion upheld the right of the Corporation Counsel to prosecute Byron H. Moyer on a second offense reckless driving charge. Moyer, through his attorney, T. Edward O'Connell, claimed the charge against him should be quashed because, under the law, the United States Attorney's office should have taken charge.

Appeal "Without Merit." The Appellate Court pointed out that an amendment to the traffic regulations, dated February 27, 1931, stated that all prosecutions of traffic cases—except smoke screen—should be handled by the Corporation Counsel. Prior to the amendment, only lesser offenses were prosecuted by the District.

In ruling on the Smith "snow removal" appeal, the court described it as "wholly without merit."

"The contrary view," said Justice Groner, "grows out of the mistaken idea that the owner of an automobile has the right to make a table

of the King's highway' and loses sight of the fact that the real purpose of building and maintaining the streets is to permit convenient passing and repassing of the public free of obstructions."

Milton Taplan, attorney for Smith, termed the decision "an unjust ruling which will work hardships on District motorists," and said he would appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

Corporation Counsel Elwood Seal, welcomed the decision as a final end to the "snow removal" controversy.

Storm Warnings Up In Texas Disturbance

Miami, Fla., Nov. 15 (U.P.)—The Federal hurricane warning system tonight ordered northwest storm warnings displayed from New Orleans to Brownsville, Tex. An advisory located a disturbance over northeast Texas which, it said, would move southeastward and then eastward followed by fresh to strong northerly winds on the Texas coast late tonight and on the Louisiana coast tomorrow.

AWAY for a DAY!

Good on specified trains only—see details on back of coupon or telephone District 1424.

Sunday, November 21
\$3.75 New York - Newark
Thursday, November 25
\$3.75 Atlantic City

Thursday, November 25
also Sunday, November 28
\$3.00 Philadelphia
\$2.75 Wilmington

Baltimore
\$1.25 Every Saturday - Sunday
\$1.50 Daily—Good for 3 days

\$6.90 Princeton - Navy - Game in coaches Princeton Sat., Nov. 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Jury Is Called In Kidnaping as Dr. Seder Dies

W. Va. to Ask Death Penalty for Trio, Laying Demise to Abduction.

By the Associated Press.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 15.—Dr. James I. Seder, 70-year-old retired minister and missionary to Japan, died early today, and tonight the State called a special grand jury to consider charges against three former convicts it accused of kidnaping the dry leader for \$50,000 ransom.

Dr. Seder died after a two-day fight against pneumonia, which physicians said "undoubtedly" was brought on by ten-day confinement in an abandoned coal mine.

Prosecutor E. E. Winters, Jr., said he will demand the death penalty for Arnet A. Booth, 46, John Travis, 24, and Orville Adkins, 24. They were held under \$50,000 bond each on a Federal charge of extortion. R. E. Vetterli, of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, said each had signed a confession and that no ransom money had been paid.

At Washington, Director J. Edgar Hoover, of the F. B. I., said the trio had admitted Dr. Seder was the first of a series of kidnappings plotted. He said proposed victims included the son of a Huntington contractor and the president of a Huntington finance company.

A difference between Booth and Seder about a check caused investigators to check closely Booth's activities after the dry leader's disappearance. Leslie J. Swann, lieutenant of detectives, disclosed.

Swann said Travis and Adkins also had been watched because of the association with Booth. All were arrested within 30 hours after Dr. Seder had been found.

Plans to Retire



RUTH ETTING, star of stage and radio, said yesterday she plans to retire forever and take a trip around the world as soon as she obtains a divorce from Martin Snyder, her erstwhile business manager. She charged cruelty in a divorce petition filed at Chicago.

Mrs. Christian Bride Of Pitcairn Islander

San Francisco, Nov. 15 (AP)—Mrs. Edna Christian is Pitcairn Island's latest bride. The former San Francisco woman went to the romantic South Sea Island some months ago with her 10-year-old son, Charles—direct descendant of the leader of the famed mutiny on the "Bounty." She disclosed her marriage to David Young in a letter received by a niece today. Young was Pitcairn's official representative at the coronation of George VI.

Continents Drifted Over South Pole, Geologists Believe

A theory that equatorial South America, Africa and Australia were once near the South Pole is considered by Dr. W. W. Watts, British geologist, in the annual report of the Smithsonian Institution.

Dr. Watts cites evidence of titanic glaciation southward from the Equator to the South Pole. Some geologists, according to Dr. Watts, now believe that these glaciated lands "formed part of a single land mass during carboniferous times and that this mass floated like a raft across the South Pole." This constitutes "the hypothetical continent Gondwanaland, long since split into fragments such as South Africa, the southern part of South America, Madagascar, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Antarctica and the Falkland Islands."

Dr. Watts concludes, however, that "the hypothesis of continental drift cannot be considered as proven."

Johnson 'Gratified' Fishbein Will Talk Of Syphilis on Air

Gen. Hugh S. Johnson, who was barred last week from making a radio speech on social diseases, said yesterday he was "delighted" that the National Broadcasting Co. had asked Dr. Morris Fishbein to discuss that subject on the air.

President Lenox Lohr of N. B. C. said Fishbein, editor of the Journal of the American Medical Association, had been invited to speak over N. B. C.'s blue network at 10:30 p. m. tomorrow because of the company's belief that only "authoritative" persons are qualified to present the material in terms which the general listener can accept.

Johnson declared he was "highly gratified that the storm of public protest over the broadcasting company's refusal to permit me to discuss this subject has resulted in this breaking down of this last great stupid, stubborn barrier to free speech on this subject, at least by Dr. Fishbein."

A Three Days' Cough Is Your Danger Signal

Just a common cough, a chest cold, or a bronchial irritation today may lead to serious trouble tomorrow. They may be relieved now with Creomulsion, an emulsified Creosote that is pleasant to take. Creomulsion is a medicinal combination designed to aid nature in soothing and healing infected mucous membranes by allaying irritation and inflammation and by aiding in loosening and expelling the germ-laden phlegm.

The Medical Profession has for many years recognized the beneficial effect of Beechwood Creosote in the treatment of coughs, chest colds, and bronchial irritations. A special process was worked out by a chemist for blending Creosote with other ingredients and now in Creomulsion you

get a real dose of genuine Beechwood Creosote which is palatable and can even be taken frequently and continuously by both adults and children. Creomulsion is one preparation that goes to the very seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel the germ-laden phlegm. When coughs, chest colds and bronchial troubles—due to common colds—hang on, get a bottle of Creomulsion from your druggist, use it as directed, and if you are not satisfied with the relief obtained, the druggist is authorized to refund every cent of your money. Creomulsion is one word—not two, and it has no hyphen in it. Ask for it plainly, see that the name on the bottle is Creomulsion, and you'll get the genuine product and the relief that you want. (Adv.)

IT'S GOTTA LOTTA UMMPH!

The model illustrated is the BUICK SPECIAL 4-door sedan—\$1022 delivered at Flint. Fenderwells, white sidewall tires and special accessories extra.

Meaning—the Most Modern Automobile in the World
is the new 1938 Buick—with DYNAFLEX ENGINE and TORQUE-FREE SPRINGING

If you've put a sparkling 1938 Buick through its thrilling paces—And tried to say in words what this standout car's got—And found to your surprise you couldn't begin to do it justice—Listen, don't think you're the only one!

"No use talking, it's gotta lotta ummph!" That's what delighted trier-outers say, vainly trying to express all the marvelous things they've felt.

"Ummph!" meaning zip—flash—brilliance—power. "Ummph!" meaning all you ever expected to find in a car—and a great deal else in addition!

Fact is—demonstration, not conversation, is the thing to describe this great new Buick. To say it's quick—nimble—agile—fast—is to do only fractional justice to its DYNAFLEX engine and what it does every time you touch off its thrifty power.

To call its TORQUE-FREE SPRINGING ride velvety is only to picture its ride. Use the words jarless, level, floating, serene—and you come a little closer.

But still you neglect entirely the directability this car gets from its new rear springing, the blessedly reduced risk of skidding, the far simpler maintenance, surer traction and longer rear tire wear that go with it.

No, you can't cram a new Buick into words—only its action can tell its eloquent story.

And wherever there's a Buick dealer there's a chance to try this great car out—now, today, with yourself in person right there behind the wheel!

EVERY SPARK SETS OFF A CYCLONE!

Rushing into the cylinder at speeds as high as 220 miles an hour, the fuel charge strikes the Turbulator built into the piston. Instantaneously it is converted into a tiny cyclone of terrific turbulence. The spark flashing into this cyclone produces, fires a faster, cleaner, more furious explosion which drives pistons, down with almost 10% stronger power-punch.



A SAFETY CUSHION ON EACH WHEEL!

Buick replaces the usual type spring with this special spring of steel coiled steel and big direct-acting Transpor-Tor shock absorbers. Rigidly aligned by the Torque Tube, rear axle and wheels cannot twist or distort, cannot affect steering, greatly reducing danger from skids. No chattering, no grease points, no chatter, no premature rear tire wear.



MATCH THESE VALUES!

Complete with DYNAFLEX engine and TORQUE-FREE SPRINGING, these models deliver at Flint, Mich. at these prices: Buick SPECIAL business coupe, \$948; Buick SPECIAL 4-door touring sedan, \$1044; CENTURY 4-door touring sedan, \$1125; ROADMASTER 4-door touring sedan, \$1445; LIMITED 8-passenger sedan, \$2258. Special accessories, local taxes, if any, and freight extra.

"Better buy Buick!"

A GENERAL MOTORS VALUE

EMERSON & ORME
17th and M Streets N.W. District 8100

STANLEY H. HORNER, Inc.
1015 14th Street N.W. National 5800

HYATTSVILLE AUTO & SUPPLY CO.
132 Maryland Ave. Hyattsville, Md. Greenwood 1610

WADE MOTOR CO., INC.
Georgia Ave. at Viaduct Silver Spring, Md. Shepherd 3372

WINDRIDGE & HANDY, INC.
Rosslyn, Va. Walnut 2302 Clarendon 1860

GOVINGTON MOTOR CO., INC.
6001 Wisconsin Ave. Alexandria, Va. Wisconsin 5619

TEMPLE MOTOR CO.
1800 King Street, Alexandria, Va. Alexandria 3053

For Distinguished Service

KING'S OWN SCOTTISH BORDERERS

HONOURS OF DEWAR'S

"White Label"

MEDAL SCOTCH OF THE WORLD

Medal of the International Exposition of Brussels, 1895... one of more than 60 medals honouring Dewar's White Label for Excellence in Scotch Whisky.

At home and overseas DEWAR'S White Label is known as "The Highball of the Highlands." For distinguished service it has won more than 60 medals of honour throughout the Empire and the world. Because it wears its honours well we cite it for your consideration. Command DEWAR'S White Label and soda and be... "At Ease!"

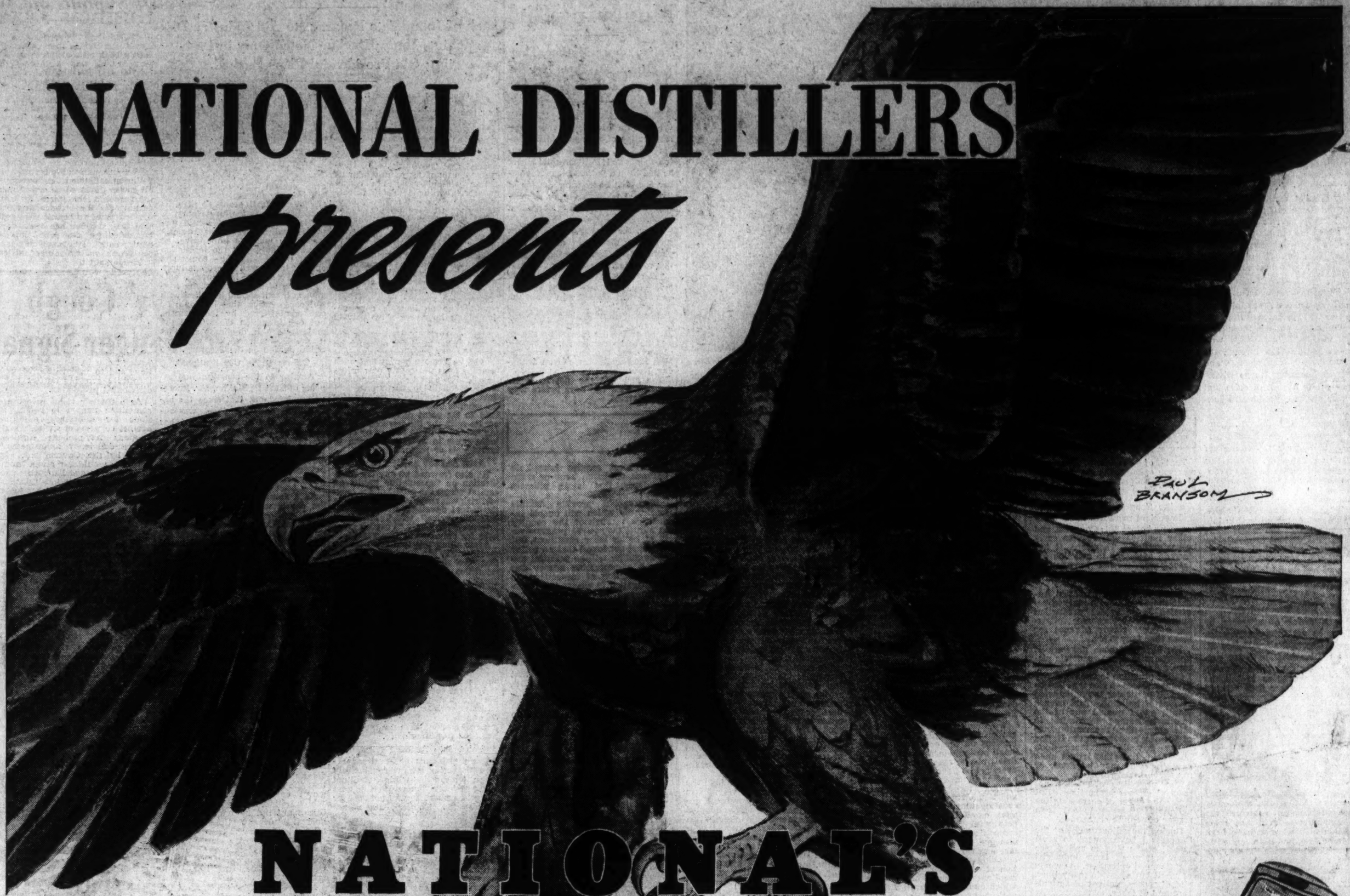
"White Label"

The Medal SCOTCH of the World

BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY

Capt. 1937, Schenley Import Corp., New York, N. Y.

NATIONAL DISTILLERS

presentsNATIONAL'S
EAGLE

BLENDED WHISKEY

One of those fine, before-the-War type of American blends...made the old American way!



didn't take pride in those fine, American blends they served!

You might lounge into Martin's for a Manhattan, or Mike's Place on the 'Frisco waterfront... you might saunter into gay, old Churchill's after a Broadway show, or into the Palace Bar in Middletown... but wherever you went, if you stood at the bar a while, it was amazing how often you'd hear men call for whiskies that were fine blends!

Of course, if you knew those great American blends, you wouldn't have wondered for a second at such popularity. For the great American blends of pre-

A GENERATION ago, when Fifth Avenue still echoed to the leisurely clomp-clomp of the cabbies' jogging nags... there wasn't a restaurant, hotel, club or bar from Sandy Hook to the Golden Gate that

War days were masterpieces of the blenders' art. With a consummate artistry, those experienced blenders mingled the rich vigor of one whiskey, the silken delicacy of another, the mild suavity of another and built them into a new distinction of taste.

And as more and more men discovered that those famous American blends gave them the rich perfection of the straight whiskies' taste... in a milder form... blends jumped sky-high in popularity.

And so at the coming of Repeal, National Distillers turned at once to the task of making one of those characteristic American blends that America loved so well before the war.

But it took aged whiskies to make those fine, pre-war American blends. And at Repeal there were no adequate supplies of matured American whiskies in existence. So, while National Distillers itself owned many of the historic American brands of the past two centuries and close to half the fine whiskies aging in bond, we have had to wait 'til the Summer

of 1937 for some of the whiskies used in this great blend to reach maturity.

But today the waiting ends! Today we have the delightful privilege of offering one of the first fine, before-the-war type of truly American Blends possible in a generation!

Today, in National's EAGLE, we offer you a truly American whiskey... American to the last drop... for every drop of the whiskey and velvet grain neutral spirits in National's Eagle has been distilled in this country... in our own distilleries... under our own eyes! And a great whiskey it is! A great whiskey with a distinctive character that stands up manfully in a highball... a silken delicacy that mixes like a charm in a Manhattan... a mild suavity that makes a sturdy Old Fashioned or "two fingers" straight a memorable experience. And a whiskey with a difference in taste that makes it a truly great blend!

YOUR GUIDE TO GOOD LIQUORS



90 PROOF



DECANTER BOTTLE

\$1.98
FULL QUART

\$1.05
FULL PINT

NATIONAL DISTILLERS PRODUCTS CORPORATION, NEW YORK, N. Y.

National's Eagle Blended Whiskey—90 Proof—Blended of American whiskies and American grain neutral spirits. The fine straight whiskies in this product are 2 years and 3 months or more old; 40% straight whiskey, 60% grain neutral spirits. 15% straight whiskey 3 years and 6 months old, 24% straight whiskey 2 years and 3 months old.

Copyright 1937 National Distillers Products Corp., N. Y.

House Resumes Bickering Laid Aside in August

Revolt Rises Within Half Hour After Chaplain's Opening Prayer.

Continued from Page 1.

objected to the three-day recess. Members throughout the House. His own leader, Representative Bertrand Snell, of New York, rushed across the floor to plead with Church to withdraw his objection, arguing audibly with him to "let the Democrats cut their own throats." They haven't a program! Church then sat on his jaw, waved Snell aside, and stubbornly insisted on his objection, shouting: "We come here to do business! Let's do it!"

Speaker Drowned Out

From this point on the House reverted to its last-session form, casting off in a few seconds the atmosphere of bored formality with which it had listened through the first 80 minutes of ceremonies and Presidential message, to go wholeheartedly into a blast of noise that drowned Speaker Bankhead's full-armed gavel-thwacks.

Representative Arthur P. Lamneck (Democrat), Ohio, asked permission to address the House for an hour on Thursday. When this was objected to, he asked permission to speak "now" for two minutes.

This was granted as members argued heatedly across the aisles, and Lamneck launched swiftly into a denunciation of the wages-hour bill and "the various proposals for keeping America's workers from being 'broken with the forgotten man,' and had found in his conversation 'great apprehension among those seeking the more abundant life.'"

New Bills Frowned On

After a series of attempts by members to get future permission to speak, Representative Hutton W. Summers (Democrat), of Texas, suggested gravely that the leadership of the House prepare to tell the membership whether they "should carry forward the ordinary business of legislation or confine themselves primarily to the subjects of the President's message."

Rayburn, answering this question after the House had adjourned until today, said suggestively: "I don't imagine the committees will be encouraged to prepare very many bills." Earlier, Speaker Bankhead had told reporters that the previously announced program, in which the two remaining bills would be taken up, was "a matter of mere formality." This left the House without any tangible legislation to consider. The House Agriculture Committee is still in the throes of drafting a farm bill; the House Ways and Means Committee has only begun work on a revision of tax laws, with action unlikely until next session; and the wages-hour bill remains locked in the House Rules Committee.

Field Day Today

Extent of yesterday's disorder finally became fully apparent when Representative Raymond J. Cannon (Democrat), Wisconsin, former attorney for Jack Dempsey, strode aggressively into the well of the House at the height of the hubbub, wearing his overcoat, his hat in hand, and shouted:

"I move we adjourn!" With the calendar barren of bills, galleries prepared for a field day today as scores of legislators stand ready to make lengthy speeches on such topics as ranging from the business slump to the much-battered wages-hour bill.

Representative Joseph W. Martin, Jr., of Massachusetts, ranked 10th on the House Rules Committee, summed up the Republican attitude as he rubbed his hands happily:

"It looks like a wonderful session for us!" There was but little reaction to the President's message while it was being read, but applause coming twice on references to the Supreme Court, and with a scattering of handclaps from New England members (while Southerners scowled) when the President criticized "the unsound practice of some communities in trying to attract new industries by promises of cheap labor."

Democrats generally hailed the message in the employment bill. Speaker Bankhead, who characterized it as "one of the most constructive and well-thought-out messages he has ever delivered," and Republicans hopped on it gleefully, generally echoing sentiments of Leader Snell, who growled:

"I'll bet there's a man at Harvard University who can read it three times and get anything out of it. I never saw a message so poorly received. It was a joke."

Vandenberg Likes Restraint

In the Senate Arthur Vandenberg (Republican), of Michigan, recommended the President "for a new restraint in speaking about men of business, upon whom he admits he must now substantially depend." Hamilton Lewis (Democrat) of Illinois, said the message "discloses that the President not only confines himself in the patriotism of the Supreme Court, but betters that previous rulings against legislation carried through for the benefit of the farmer and the toiler would be courageously reversed by the court."

William H. King, Utah Democrat, noted "a couple of slaps at the court" in the message, and Republican Leader Charles McNary, of Oregon, said it "tacked the fire" of previous messages. Royal S. Copeland, New York Democrat, termed the message "a meek" in tone.

John D. M. Hamilton, Republican National Committee chairman, issued a statement declaring that "Republicans in and out of Congress can be hopeful now that their repeated warnings have forced President Roosevelt at last to face realities. . . His promises are indefinite, as usual, but it does seem that the Roosevelt recession has taught even Mr. Roosevelt that you cannot ignore economic laws and get away with it forever."

Coast Guard Rescue Shipwrecked Sailors Off Hatteras



Greek seamen of the freighter Tzeny Chandris, that went down in a storm off Cape Hatteras, are shown in life boat from the Cutter Mendota which went to the rescue as they floundered helplessly in heavy seas. One shows an aged sailor in the water just before a Coast Guardsman reached him.

Ryan Disclaims Recollection of Marrying Girl

Tells Young Mother They Have No Love for Each Other.

Hickory, N. C., Nov. 15.—Basil (Pat) Ryan disclaimed today any recollection of marrying Miss Martha Barkley, 21-year-old Morgan-town girl, as he left the hospital where he had been a patient since November 5, a few hours after Justice of the Peace Earl Franklin said he married the couple at his Morgan town home.

Later, the 29-year-old New York sportsman disclaimed he had telephoned his bride from the hospital this morning. He said he told her: "You don't love me and I don't love you. And we might as well be open and above board about the whole affair."

He would not say, however, what her reply was, nor would he reveal his plans for the future. He added: "I have no recollection, honestly, of anything happening concerning Miss Barkley and myself on Thursday, November 4."

The girl said she met Ryan for the first time two days before they were married.

Text of President Roosevelt's Message

Text of President Roosevelt's message opening the special session of Congress yesterday was as follows:

To the Congress:

Important measures are already pending before this Congress, and other matters will require early consideration. Therefore, it has seemed advisable to call this extraordinary session to expedite the work of the regular session which will begin in January.

Since your adjournment in August there has been a marked recession in industrial production and industrial purchasing, following a fairly steady advance for more than four years.

We have not been unaware of uncertainties in the economic picture. As far back as last spring I called attention to the rapid rise in many prices—a rise that threatened in particular the anticipated matter of building. And over a month ago I quoted one of the country's leading economists to this effect: that the continuance of business recovery in the United States depends far more upon business policies than it does upon anything that may be done, or not done, by the Government.

The present decline has not reached serious proportions. But it has the effect of decreasing the national income—and that is a matter of definite concern.

During the adjournment of the Congress I have sought to avail myself of the wisdom and advice of many of our ablest industrial and financial experts, of owners of small businesses in many lines, and of representatives of agricultural and other groups.

Out of long experience I place great value on this method of getting suggestions from every possible source. Single answers or isolated opinions are of little value. The complicated economic problems which today face all nations.

To oversimplify one symptom out of many is to oversimplify any one panacea that for the moment appeals to any one group—is to play with the lives of all the men and women of America.

Executive Session

Co-operative Need.

The ultimate answer to the conditions of today is a cordial and confident co-operation not only between government and every citizen, but also between every kind of citizen and his government. As never before in our history, the welfare of those who in many ways are the people who have less, depends upon a contented society of good-will where the good will rests on the foundation that all have enough.

From these conferences and from other sources many suggestions have come to me and to other members of the Executive branch of the Government. Some of these recommendations are consistent with each other; some are at complete variance.

But these discussions make it clear that the country today not only checks the present recession but to lay the groundwork for a more permanent recovery. It is the willingness of Government to use the economic knowledge gained in recent years, this recession, there is no reason why we should suffer any prolonged economic paralysis. Despite some maladjustments, which can be corrected, underlying conditions are not unfavorable.

Congress, with the co-operation of the Treasury Department, are already engaged in studies aimed at the elimination of unjust provisions in our tax laws. Unjust provisions should be removed provided such removal does not create new injustices. Modifications adequate to encourage productive enterprise, especially for the smaller businesses, must not be kept from the point of using the corporate form for the purpose of hiding behind it to reduce or eliminate taxes in a way not open to an individual or partnership.

Nor should we extend tax privileges to speculative profits on capital where the intent of the law is to encourage the production of goods and services. Nor can we at this time accept a revision of our revenue laws which involves a reduction in the aggregate revenues or an increase in the aggregate tax burden of those least able to bear them.

We should give special consideration to lightening inequitable burdens on the enterprise of the small business men of the Nation. Small businesses or even those of average size have difficulties of financing and distribution which are not shared by large corporations. Therefore, by special tax consideration they should receive more equal opportunity to compete with their more powerful competitors. In this way we may also find assistance in our search for a more effective method of checking the growing concentration of economic control and the resultant monopolistic practices which persist today in spite of anti-trust statutes. A further method for additional methods to meet this threat to free competition is called for at this time.

The proposed Federal budget for the coming year also will shortly be ready for submission to the Congress—a budget which I expect can be brought within a definite budgetary framework. Still other matters are receiving renewed examinations—for instance the problem of the railroads and other public utilities. Here because of thoroughly unsound financing extending over many past years, solutions will frankly be difficult.

Must Not Forget

Pledge to People.

But as we work with these problems we must not forget the broad central truth that this Administration has pledged itself to the people of the United States to carry on with a wide social program pointed toward higher living standards and a more just distribution of the gains of production. Much of the program is already in effect—but its continued and complete success depends on a wider distribution of an increasingly enlarged national income. Such enlargement presupposes full employment of both capital and labor—reasonable wages and fair prices. Cotton picking and harvesting the largest crop of vigorous moving equilibrium which began in 1933. Deflation and inflation are equal enemies in the balanced economy that will produce that progressive increase in national income.

In the attainment of the broad central purpose we recognize that the Government has a message, however, deals with only four of these objectives—four which are already being considered by the Congress. Two relate directly to the stabilization and maintenance of the purchasing power of the Nation. The other two, essentially tools for the whole task, look to the improvement of the machinery and functioning of both the Executive and the legislative branches of the Federal Government.

Intention to pass a new and permanent national farm act was declared by late Congress in joint resolution last summer. Great as the need was then, that need is still greater today. Some crops will begin to be planted within the next few months.

In recent weeks farmers have once more been facing acute surpluses and falling prices. Cotton pickers are harvesting the largest crop of vigorous moving equilibrium which began in 1933. Deflation and inflation are equal enemies in the balanced economy that will produce that progressive increase in national income.

We must continue in our efforts toward abundance without waste. We need legislation which will not only prevent new farm surpluses from causing new collapse in farm prices, but which will also safeguard farmers and consumers against the hazards of crop failure. We need an "all weather" farm plan—a plan that uses the reasonable surplus of a year of good weather to carry over food supplies to make up for the shortages of a year of bad weather.

last five years we have learned that with the aid of the Government farmers can successfully guard themselves against economic disaster.

In formulating a farm program there are certain things we must keep in mind.

We must keep in mind the fertility of our soil. We have begun to assist farmers to stop the waste of soil and save the good soil that remains. Any sound, long-time program must have active conservation as a principal goal.

We must keep in mind the economic welfare of farm families. As a long-time national policy, farmers must have a fair share in the national income to supply farmers buying to keep city factories running.

We must keep in mind the consumers of the Nation. The blighting droughts of 1924 and 1936 which swept disaster over many farmers in those years were brought forcibly home to our large cities in the high prices of many foodstuffs this year. Consumers should have the same protection against the underproduction of years of scarcity as the farmers should have against the overproduction of years of glut.

We must keep in mind the American democratic way. Farm programs cannot long succeed unless they have the same support of the farmers who take part in them. Our program should continue to be one planned and administered by the farmers themselves. Here again, majority rule seems justified. If and when huge surpluses are produced, it is the duty of the Government to buy them up for the general welfare beyond the proceeds of the toll of the great majority.

We must keep in mind the United States Treasury. I have already expressed my view that if the new farm act provides for expenditure of funds beyond those already budgeted, it is the duty of the Government to provide additional means should be provided to yield the additional revenue.

I reiterate that with all the emphasis on the need to maintain the Constitution of the United States. Although vital portions of the agricultural adjustment act, passed by the Supreme Court, acts of Congress to improve labor relations and assure workers' security have since then been upheld. In these later decisions the powers of the Federal Government to regulate commerce in interstate and foreign trade and to spend for the general welfare have been clearly recognized.

Believes Congress Can Help Farmer.

I believe that the courts themselves and the Congress have increasing regard for the true nature of the Constitution as a broad charter of democratic government. The conditions of today, I believe that the Congress can constitutionally write an adequate plan for the relief of the farmer. Executive orders, however, have not lessened the need for permanent legislation on this subject in connection with reorganization. I therefore, seek statutory modification of the existing law for the permanent enforcement of merit principles in appointment, promotion and personnel management throughout the Government service.

The experience of States and municipalities in planning and executing their public works programs along the lines of modern business administrative practice can increase efficiency, minimize error, duplication and waste, and raise the morale of the public service. But that experience does not prove, and no person conversant with the management of large private organizations of Government honestly suggests, that reorganization of Government machinery in the interest of efficiency is a method of making major savings in the cost of government.

Large savings in the cost of government can be made only by cutting down or eliminating Government functions. And to those who a cut, such a source it is fair to say that the functions of Government do you advocate cutting off?

lation must require immediate uniform minimum hour or wage standards; that is an ultimate goal.

We should provide flexible machinery which will enable industries throughout the country to adjust themselves progressively to better labor conditions. But we must not forget that no policy of flexibility will be practical unless a co-ordinating agency has been established to inspect and investigate to ensure the recognition and enforcement of what the law requires.

Child Labor

Need Is Stressed.

Although there are geographic and industrial diversities which practical statesmanship cannot well ignore, it is high time that we had legislation relating to goods moving in or competing with interstate commerce. We will accomplish two immediate purposes:

First, banish child labor and protect workers' health by means confined to any one section of the country—which seek to attract labor from the principal attraction labor movement and much cheaper than may be found in competing communities. To them the Congress should not be a mere commodity.

Last January I presented for the consideration of the Congress a bill to improve administrative management in the Executive branch of the Government. Five principal objectives were outlined:

(a) To create one or more additional departments and to give the Chief Executive authority to arrange all present and future strictly executive activities in or under regular executive departments.

(b) To establish a budget and efficiency agency, a personnel agency and a planning agency to coordinate the work of the Executive branch.

(c) To permit the Chief Executive to make a slight increase in the number of his staff, to be known as the White House staff, who may keep in close touch with, and maintain knowledge of, the wide range of affairs of administration.

(d) To establish accountability of the Executive to the Congress by an officer solely responsible to the Congress, who will, however, have no administrative part in the transactions he audits and certifies.

(e) To extend the merit system upward, outward and downward to determine practically all non-policy determining posts, by giving consideration to proposed Executive orders extending the merit principle of selection under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and Revised Statutes. Executive orders, however, have not lessened the need for permanent legislation on this subject in connection with reorganization. I therefore, seek statutory modification of the existing law for the permanent enforcement of merit principles in appointment, promotion and personnel management throughout the Government service.

Roosevelt Message Too Vague To Satisfy Impatient Congress

Lack of Immediate Program to Aid Industry Disappoints Many; Decline Noted Only in Passing; Old Presidential Plans Pushed.

Continued from Page 1.

four-point program left unfinished by Congress.

Mr. Roosevelt asserted that "obviously, the task is to try to increase the use of private capital to create employment" and he warned that "obviously, also, Government cannot let nature take its course without regard to consequences," adding that "if private enterprise does not respond, Government must take up the slack."

But aside from observations regarding "unjust" tax provisions, Mr. Roosevelt did not suggest any action in which Government might help private enterprise to respond to the necessity for increasing employment. He reiterated his promise of a balanced budget next year and said he would have further messages for Congress on specific proposals, including one on housing construction and a large scale by private enterprise.

Mr. Roosevelt did not sponsor any change in the tax laws, although he said that "unjust provisions should be removed, provided such removal does not create new injustices." He added that "modifications of the tax laws for the purpose of encouraging productive enterprise, especially for the smaller businesses, must not extend to the point of using the corporate form for the purpose of using the tax laws to reduce or eliminate taxes in a way not open to individuals or partnerships."

Asks Aid for Small Business.

He also frowned on any tax modification on "speculative profits" on capital where the intent of the original law was speculation rather than the actual development of productive enterprise, which would be interpreted to apply to capital gains held for only one or two years.

After citing this limitation on tax modification, Mr. Roosevelt asserted that "we should give special consideration to lightening inequitable burdens on the enterprise of the small business men of the Nation."

He went on to point out that by giving special tax consideration to small business, steps might be taken to check "the growing concentration of economic control, and the resultant monopolistic practices which persist today in spite of anti-trust statutes."

Even before his message was read on Capitol Hill, the House Ways and Means sub-committee, studying the business taxes, announced a tentative decision to propose exemption of small business from the corporate tax on net income of less than \$5,000 annually.

Sponsorship Believed Withheld.

The President's observations regarding the tax laws were generally taken to mean that while he will not wholly revise the existing law, he sees fit to make, he will not sponsor the changes. The indefinite nature of this part of his message was the chief factor in the opposition expressed with it on Capitol Hill.

Mr. Roosevelt freely discussed the present industrial recession. Although he held it had not "reached serious proportions," he asserted there was no reason "why we should suffer any prolonged recessions, let alone economic paralysis," he admitted that "it is a matter of definite concern."

In a passing phrase he intimated that business policy and not Government policy was the chief factor contributing to the recession. Beyond mentioning price rises he did not elaborate this thought.

Holds '37 Unlike '29.

In urging co-operation between the Government and business—"cordial and confident co-operation not only between Government and every kind of citizen, but also between every kind of citizen and the Government," as the President phrased it, he pointed out he had been in consultation with a number of business leaders and that he received many viewpoints and recommendations for action.

These discussions, he said, led him to believe that the present recession could be quickly overcome and he took pains to contend that the present situation is not to be compared with the conditions of 1929. He held that "the banking system is not over-extended; interest rates are lower; inventories are not dangerously overstocked; there are no longer excessive new construction or in capital equipment" and that "speculation requiring liquidation does not overhang our markets."

But aside from his business tax observations, his promise for a balanced budget and a future message on housing construction, Mr. Roosevelt did not reveal what he had in mind to encourage private enterprise to take hold of the present situation. He reported that the problems of the railroads and public utilities were receiving attention, but added that "because of the long delay in the construction of new railroads, the problem of the railroads and public utilities will be difficult."

From that point he swung into a national development program of such size as the budget of the year we permit to the needs of the localities—without relation to possibly more important needs of the same locality—without relation to the national employment situation or the Federal budget.

plea for enactment of the program for which he conveyed to special session, asserting that his program when completed presupposed "full employment of both capital and labor," and again warned against wages—a resumption of that vigorous moving equilibrium which began in 1933.

First, he urged enactment of a crop control bill, labeling it an "all-weather farm plan," instead of an "ever-normal granary" plan, as Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace has called it. Acute surpluses and falling prices recently made this measure imperative, he argued, adding that the legislation also would benefit consumers against the hazard of crop failures.

The President, in general, outlined the plan he wanted, by suggesting that it should be allied with soil conservation, that it should be one administered by the farmers, but one in which the will of the majority should dominate and that it should be an additional burden on the Treasury.

Thinks Plans Constitutional.

Turning to the constitutional aspects of such legislation, Mr. Roosevelt pointed out that since the agricultural adjustment act was invalidated, the Supreme Court has upheld the labor relations and social security acts in decisions in which "the powers of the Federal Government to regulate commerce between the States and to tax and to spend for the general welfare have been clearly recognized."

As a result, he said he believed the courts were in a position to give a new view of constitutional questions and that Congress can "constitutionally write an adequate farm act that will be well within the broad meaning and purpose of the Constitution"—a statement which brought applause in the House and evoked smiles from Senators Charles McNary and William E. Borah in the Senate.

"I hope and believe," the President asserted in his message, "that the Supreme Court will not again be asked to restrict the legislation which it now accords to others."

Pleds for Wage Bill.

Mr. Roosevelt pleaded for action on a bill fixing minimum wages and maximum working hours as a measure to combat "recessive factors in the general industrial situation." He asserted that whatever adjustments are necessary in the rate of the recession, they should not be made at the expense of those least able to bear them.

The President left to Congress the details of such legislation but held that the measure should have as its goal uniform standards for the whole Nation, although he conceded that "the Nation is not yet ready to enforce such standards."

He urged flexible machinery to enable industry to adjust itself to progressively better labor conditions, with a co-ordinating agency with powers to investigate the manner of adherence to the law and to enforce it.

Mr. Roosevelt took a fling at the "unsound practice of some communities of seeking new industries with offers of cheap labor," which he said the practice was not confined to any section of the country, and in the House he loudly applauded, amid a general silence from the benches of Southern members.

Asks Reorganization.

The third item in the President's special session program was the Government reorganization bill, which he urged to investigate the same grounds as when he first proposed it last January. He reiterated his contention that his plan would result in greater governmental efficiency, but that savings might be achieved only by elimination of governmental functions.

The fourth item in the program was the proposal for creation of seven regional planning administrations, these to be solely planning agencies for the investigation of the country's natural resources and, not gigantic electric power projects, as the Tennessee Valley Authority, as Senator George W. Norris originally proposed.

In conclusion the President asserted that what his program promised "in social and economic almost necessary basis for greater security of profits and property," which he added: "For the sake of the Nation, I hope for your early action."

Senate, House Move to Ease Business Taxes

Revenue Riders Ready to Lift Profits Levy at This Session.

Continued from Page 1.

agreement on further modification in the law, but again warned against "haste" and asserted the measure could not properly be prepared before the January session.

Vinson estimated 67½ per cent of all corporations would come within the proposed exemption of all firms earning \$5,000 or less from undivided profits tax. In addition, he said the subcommittee considered a graduated scale of relief for corporations earning between \$5,000 and \$50,000, but reached no conclusions. Vinson said the graduated plan if approved would mean some tax easement for between 83 and 94 per cent of all corporations.

To Remove "Inequities."

He said the committee, with Undersecretary of the Treasury Roswell Magill present, acted to give reassurance to businessmen by formally stating its intention of "bringing relief to the smaller corporations and to remove hardships and inequities growing out of the undistributed profits tax."

As a further relief measure, the committee agreed to relax provisions for deficiency assessments against corporations whose tax delinquencies have been disallowed. Where deficiency assessments are made by the Government, a corporation would be given from 60 to 90 days to distribute the amount of the assessment in dividends to stockholders. The corporation thus would be relieved of paying the undistributed profits tax on the amount of the assessment.

Loss Carryover Proposed.

At an unestimated cost in revenue, the committee also agreed that operating losses may be carried over a year and charged against adjusted net income in the following year in arriving at the basis of the "loss" in revenue. Vinson viewed this as one of the most significant of the tax relief proposals. He said it would mean a loss of "several million" in revenue.

The provision would operate this way: A corporation has a net operating loss of \$500 this year. But next year it has a net income of \$500. Under the present law it could not carry over this year's loss. Under the committee proposal, the \$500 loss would offset next year's net income, and the corporation would have to pay no undistributed profits tax.

Yesterday's proposed modifications for recovery of operating losses at a total cost of \$159,000,000 to the Treasury. They were:

Repeal of the capital stock and excess profits tax—\$140,000,000.

One-year carry-over of losses to be applied against second-year gains of individuals in arriving at the capital gains tax—\$19,000,000.

If you are poisoned by URIC ACID. Read Our Offer—Do This. Is Uric Acid in your blood causing "Arthritis," stiff joints; sore muscles; rheumatic pains; neuritis; neuralgia?

Bladder weakness? Kidney irritation? Up many times a night? "Worm Out"? "Acid" Stomach? "Catch cold" easily? Skin itchy? No "pep"? Nervous?

WANT A 75¢ BOTTLE? (Regular Prescription Quantity) For more than 45 years The Williams' Treatment has been helping men to comfortable days and nights.

We will give uric acid sufferers who send this advertisement, home address and ten cents (stamp or coin) one full size 75-cent bottle (32 doses) of The Williams' Treatment. No obligation. No C.O.D. Only one bottle given same person or address. Sold since 1889. This ad., and 10¢, must be sent Dr. D. A. WILLIAMS COMPANY OFF. MO 134 East Hampton, Conn.

SEE THE DISPLAY OF MODEL KITCHENS IN OUR NEW SHOWROOM KITCHEN EQUIPMENT CO. 1612 N. N.W. RE. 1563

PERMANENT GREEN PAINT In the Williams' Shade E. J. MURPHY CO., Inc. 710 12th St. N.W. NA. 2471

HOOVER Rebuilt Like New by Clean-Rite Complete With Six Attractions \$16.95 10-DAY TRIAL PLAN

FREE home demonstration. Open till 9 p.m. CLEAN-RITE STORES 3015 14th St. N.W. CO. 6100 905 G St. N.W. RE. 0277

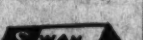
HEADACHES • NEURALGIA • MUSCULAR ACHES

The quick-acting prescription-type ingredients in the "BC" formula are also most effective in relieving nervousness and functional periodic pains. At all drug stores, 10¢ and 25¢ sizes.

DRUGS

Today Only!

Today Only!

SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!	SPECIAL!		
											
P. AND G. WHITE NAPHTHA LAUNDRY SOAP	LIGHTHOUSE CLEANSER	U. S. M. P. C. TOILET TISSUE	BALLOON WHITE SOAP FLAKES	NEMO WHITE FLOATING SOAP	75c PEOPLES WATERLESS CLEANSER	30c Box of 12 SWAN SANITARY NAPKINS	40c CUBE FOUNTAIN SYRINGES	SOMERSET CLEANSING TISSUES	GAMAY TOILET SOAP	TODDY FOOD DRINK	29c DUNDEE TOWELS
Limit of 5 cakes to a customer. Get Yours!	Limit of 4 to a customer. Wash scratch.	650-sheet roll. Soft, white, tissue-wrapped.	A big soap flake for all household laundering.	Limit of 1 cake to a customer. First, read quality.	"Just use it! One! Then Wipe it off." So simple!	Soft, safe, comfortable. Washes out easily.	OR HOT WATER HOT-TEMPERATURE.	They are soft, sanitary, absorbent.	Soft, but we have it tough.	Delicious, most delicious. 24 oz. 4 cans.	Soft and thick-washed. 24 oz. 4 bars.
4 for 13¢	2¢ each	6 for 21¢	25c Box 2 1/2c Pound	2¢ cake	5 Pound Pail	3 for 29¢	38¢ each	50c Box 200	4¢ cake	Half-Can 1¢	4 for 79¢

CIGAR SPECIALS

Free!



25c WIND LIGHTER
With Each Carton of
CIGARETTES
Retailing For **\$1.20**
Carton

Choice of Chesterfield, Old
Glory, Indian, Camel, or
Crest—Stems longer, lighter
works anywhere.

Very Special Purchase!

MILLTRO CIGARS

3 for 5c Value

**Humidor
Wrapped**

(Limit of 30 to a customer)

Mild, moderate flavor. The
humidor wrapping retains the
freshness and flavor.

1c

EACH





**\$1.19 CLASSIC
SMOKER WITH
COCKTAIL TRAY**

**115c Ladies' Style
EVANS LIGHTERS**

Enamel
Finish

97c

**130c Patent Tin
SMOKING TOBACCOS**

- Raleigh
- Red & Gold
- Vantage
- White Horse

69c

10c CIGARS

Choice of Dutch Master, La Palina,
El Presidente, Optima, Macabanas, or
Camacho

7 1/2c

Box of 50

\$3.69

5c CIGARS

Choice of Doublets, El Yareo, Garza
Gorda, Red & Gold, or La Palina

5 for 19c

Box of 50 — \$1.99

**Extra
Special**

87c

A hand, handsome smoker
with Indian, Camel, or
choice of colored enamel
finish.

2 for 5c CIGARS

2c

each

Box of 50 — 95c

Choice of Best, Four, Five
Stars, Doublets, Old
Glory, Yareo, or Camacho
Doublets, La Palina, or
Garza Gorda

BOOK MATCHES

**100
Books**

For Only 12 1/2c

100 Pencil BORIC ACID POWDER 6¢	Remover Gel VANGEE PERMANENT LIPSTICK 26¢	Beauty Gel Inspiration POWDER PUFFS 4¢	\$1.00 JERK KISS SACHET POWDER 57¢	20¢ Scented Gel LIP POMMADE 17¢	20¢ Value Diamond JEWELRY CAKE ROUGE 23¢	Remover 2120 Value ANGELUS PERMANENT LIPSTICK 74¢	20¢ Scented MASTIFF TOOTH BRUSHES 11¢	GLASS PITCHER AND BEAMER SETS 7¢	20¢ Value Beauty Best PLAYING CARDS 39¢	\$1.00 ENGIN POCKET WATCHES 87¢	20¢ Ball-Bearing ROLLER SKATES PAIR 77¢	20¢ PERFLESS IRONING BOARD PADS 21¢	20¢ FOLDING STYLE WAXED TABLES 68¢	10¢ POCKET COMB WAXED CASE 6¢	10¢ Box THRIFTY WAXED PAPER 7¢	20¢ Box GOLDEN GLOW MIXING BOWLS 7¢
--	--	---	---	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--	---	--	---	--

HOUSEHOLD REQUIREMENTS

[illegible]

The Washington Post

An Independent Newspaper.
(Published every day in the year.)Eugene Meyer, Publisher.
Floyd R. Harrison, Comptroller.

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to use the publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and local news of simultaneous origin published herein. Rights of reproduction of all other matter herein are also reserved.

OFFICES OF THE WASHINGTON POST
New York, N. Y. 770 Madison Avenue
Chicago, Ill. 300 North Michigan Avenue
Detroit, Mich. 241 General Motors Building
St. Louis, Mo. 308 Globe-Democrat Building
San Francisco, Calif. 746 Pine Building
Los Angeles, Calif. 1151 South Broadway
Portland, Ore. Public Service Building
Seattle, Wash. 1000 Second AvenueDELIVERED IN WASHINGTON.
Daily, Sunday, 12c. 10c. Daily, Sunday, 1 week, 10c.
Daily only, 1c. 10c. Sunday only, 1c. 10c.
Sunday only, 1c. 10c. Sunday only, 1c. 10c.BY MAIL—MARTLAND, VIRGINIA, WEST VIRGINIA
AND NORTH CAROLINA
Daily and Sunday, 12c. 10c. Daily, Sunday, 1 week, 10c.
Daily only, 1c. 10c. Sunday only, 1c. 10c.
Sunday only, 1c. 10c. Sunday only, 1c. 10c.OTHER STATES, MEXICO AND CANADA
Daily and Sunday, 12c. 10c. Daily, Sunday, 1 week, 10c.
Daily only, 1c. 10c. Sunday only, 1c. 10c.
Sunday only, 1c. 10c. Sunday only, 1c. 10c.Entered at the Postoffice, Washington, D. C.,
as second-class mail matter.
TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4300.

Tuesday, November 16, 1937.

The Poll On Lynching.

A Gallup poll indicates that 72 per cent of the country favors a law making lynching a Federal offense. In the South the vote was 57 per cent favorable. With the Senate pledged to early consideration of the Gavan anti-lynching bill, these findings seem particularly significant. They should be read, however, with certain qualifications.

The precise question asked was: "Should Congress pass a law which would make lynching a Federal crime?" The Gavan bill, if enacted, would not make lynching a Federal crime. It would, instead, make peace officers who tolerate lynchings without making "diligent efforts" to prevent them subject to Federal prosecution. Not lynching but failure to protect a victim from mob violence would become the "Federal crime."

How many who answered the Gallup poll affirmatively will check their Senators' votes on the Gavan bill with this understanding? Probably not many. The average man seems to consider the lynching problem somewhat as follows: Lynching is a despicable crime that must be eradicated from the American scene; since some States are patently unwilling to stamp out such crimes by drastic measures, the Federal Government's efficient police machinery must be called into action.

This reasoning merely skims along the surface of the problem. It does not, for instance, consider the constitutional issues raised by Federal intervention into State affairs. Nor does it consider the fact that the Southern States are gradually improving their record of law enforcement in this field, as proved by the fact that Virginia has had no lynching in ten years. There is danger, of course, that this slow process of education may be interrupted if Congress should encroach upon responsibilities that clearly belong to the States.

The major question at issue in the Gavan bill is not lynching but the right of the people to retain control over their local officials. As Senator Bailey has pointed out, a sheriff in North Carolina is responsible to the State and not to the Federal Government. Should Congress destroy that responsibility, it might seriously impair the American system of local self-government, without achieving the purpose at which the bill is aimed.

Vargas Clears The Air.

In his first interview with foreign correspondents since last Wednesday's coup d'etat, President Getulio Vargas denied emphatically that the new regime in Brazil is Fascist. He also denied any intention on the part of his government to join the German-Italian-Japanese bloc of dictatorships.

These denials are, of course, not necessarily conclusive either with respect to Brazil's new governmental system or its future foreign relations. It remains to be seen whether the constitution proclaimed last week "maintains democratic dogmas," as Vargas insists, or whether Brazil's political institutions will be closely patterned on those to be found in Germany and Italy. It is nonetheless significant that Brazil's dictator has hastened to deny the latter possibility. His attitude emphasizes the hostility of sentiment in this hemisphere to the totalitarian creed.

At the same time there is every reason to accept at its face value President Vargas' pledge to continue Brazil's present international orientation. The apparent intention to continue a modified servicing of Brazil's foreign debt, in spite of prior announcement to the contrary, is also encouraging.

It was the possibility that, at the present critical juncture in world affairs, Brazil would join the Fascist Internationale that made the overturn at Rio appear so dangerous. Yet Brazil would have nothing to gain and everything to lose by abandoning Pan Americanism and joining the Fascist bloc. Anything that tends to encourage the spirit of aggression manifested on several notable occasions during the past years by each of the three powers in that combination constitutes a danger to all peace-loving states. And the danger for large, underpopulated nations such as Brazil, with its vast undeveloped resources, is particularly great.

Under the circumstances, an estimate between that nation on the one hand and Eu-

ropean fascism and Asiatic militarism on the other hand might be little short of suicidal. This President Vargas realizes. It is encouraging that he has so promptly and vigorously denied rumors which, out of self-interested motives, have been given enthusiastic circulation by the governments at Berlin and Rome.

Ordinary Prudence.

"Since your adjournment in August," President Roosevelt told Congress yesterday, "there has been a marked recession in industrial production and industrial purchases. . . . The present decline . . . has the effect of decreasing the national income—and that is a matter of definite concern."

There was a good deal of wisdom after the event in yesterday's message. The President says now that he has "not been unaware of uncertainties in the economic picture." On October 12, when he broadcast his reasons for summoning the present special session, he kept these uncertainties to himself. Then he concentrated on the steps desirable "to make this prosperity stable." He was quite satisfied, five weeks ago, "that the time to repair the roof is when the sun is shining."

There was no talk of economic sunshine yesterday. On the contrary there was frank admission of a "recession" which can not be countered by "any one panacea." Yet this belated realism is much healthier than an attempt, which was feared by many, to conceal the facts in behalf of further experimental legislation of wholly dubious character. Mr. Roosevelt is to be congratulated for at last confronting actualities, and for drawing from them certain practical conclusions regarding the work of the session now under way.

It is significant that these conclusions are most important when of a negative character. Foremost among them is the President's decision not to indorse wages-and-hours legislation at this time. With increased unemployment this winter predicted by Mayor LaGuardia and others, and with the object lesson of the disastrous effects on national income of the sudden French transfer to a 40-hour week, postponement of such National regulation is an example of the "ordinary prudence" which the President rightly deems essential now.

Emphasis on what should not be done is equally important in the part of the President's message directed at agricultural legislation. Here he reiterates that any unbudgeted expenditure must be covered by new revenues and also reminds Congress of the necessity of making farm legislation constitutional. This part of the message contrasts happily with his early suggestion that Congress should enact laws without regard to their constitutionality.

A similarly refreshing contrast is the implicit, though guarded, admission that taxation of business may now have reached a point where it does more to retard the creation than further the distribution of national wealth.

The President's observations in this sphere, however, are far from explicit. As in the case of the railroad problem he is reluctant to admit that the Administration is retarding recovery. He seems unaware, as yet, that confiscatory taxation means mounting unemployment. And one of the major weaknesses of the message is its failure to recognize that if capital finds no inducement to work, then the laborer, under the capitalist system, will have no opportunity to work.

This blind spot weakens the effectiveness of his assertion that "an immediate task is to try to increase the use of private capital to create employment." The phrasing would be more accurate if it were said that the immediate task is to permit private capital to fulfill this function. The difference in the emphasis is revealed when the President adds that: "If private enterprise does not respond, Government must take up the slack."

Mr. Roosevelt is confusedly trying to achieve the best of two antagonistic systems—capitalism and socialism. Soon or late the Nation must decide in which of these two baskets it wishes to place its eggs, for to cease indefinitely between the two is impossible. Put in another way, if private enterprise does not "respond" there will be much more than "slack" for the Government to take up. And the only possible "response" of business to continual dragging in its task of keeping the wheels of production and distribution turning.

The President's request for governmental reorganization and a planned control over the development of natural resources, operating through local agencies, are both well taken. These projects, as he notes, were suggested by him a year or more ago. These projects, as he does not note, were tabled because of his stubborn and futile insistence on packing the Supreme Court.

In both instances there are valid criticisms of certain concrete proposals, but widespread and intelligent support for the general objectives. If the Congress approaches these reforms with an unburied, discriminating and critical attitude the legislation finally enacted may well prove an enduring monument to the work of the forthcoming session.

Washington's Modern Gallery.

The opening in Washington of a gallery devoted to modern art may well develop into an event of great cultural importance. The Capital already possesses in the National Museum, the Corcoran Gallery, the Freer Museum of Oriental Arts, and the Mellon Galleries an adequate sample of the great artistic achievements of the past. But painters and sculptors throughout the coun-

try have been rightfully aggrieved that the Nation's Capital has never had a repository, similar to the Luxembourg in Paris, devoted exclusively to the purchase and exhibition of the outstanding productions of contemporary American artists.

The Modern Gallery, to be sure, devoted its first exhibition to well-known French painters of the late nineteenth century. But this may have been due to the fact that the organizing committee wished to attract a large initial audience with famous names already familiar to the ears of the general public.

Whatever the reason, Washington art lovers will not be inclined to criticize the beautiful and varied exhibition so tastefully arranged in the transformed annex of the Metropolitan Club. For little opportunity has heretofore been given Washingtonians to study the French masters, such as Cezanne, Renoir, Van Gogh, Gauguin and Seurat, who, in their day, wielded a great influence even upon our own American painters.

In considering a permanent policy, however, other factors come to the fore. Paris is no longer the artistic mecca that it used to be before the war. It is to be hoped that this auspicious opening will be succeeded, as it easily could be, by the exhibition of American paintings of equal merit and variety. Only in this way can the new venture become the great influence that it might be toward the establishment of a permanent home for the best achievements in modern American art.

"Ever-Normal" Industry.

A great gulf separates the arguments which led to the enactment of the first agricultural adjustment program and the case which is now made by Secretary Wallace for "an industrial counterpart to the ever-normal granary."

In 1933 crop control was approved largely on the ground that it was essential to meet an emergency. The Secretary of Agriculture now seems to take it for granted that regulation of farm output will be placed on a permanent basis, without regard for constitutional obstacles. Indeed, that seems to be only a starting point. His annual report is a direct appeal for application of the collectivist principle to all industry.

"Agriculture, labor, and capital," writes Mr. Wallace, "must give allegiance to increasing balanced production and full, continuous employment on which all of our welfare depends. If we are to solve the dilemma of prices, wages and profits." The theme of his report is the interrelationship between industry and agriculture. If farm income is to be stabilized, he says in effect, industry as well as agriculture must be regulated. In other words, the Secretary appears to be actively sponsoring what he once called "the balanced social state."

Such frankness is especially commendable when it comes from a member of the Cabinet just as Congress is struggling with a new farm bill. It is undoubtedly true that Federal regulation of major crops implies similar control over industry. Whenever the Government puts one part of the economic system into a strait-jacket the trend toward complete regimentation seems to be irresistible.

The prices paid for farm products have a vital effect upon the cost of living. If the Government is to take responsibility for maintenance of farmers' income at a specified level, it will be only a matter of time before it will fix the prices of industrial goods and the wages of factory workers as well. Since the cost of foods which farmers buy has such a vital bearing upon their real income, it is naive to talk of maintaining the prewar relationship between these two great branches of the economic system by regulating only one of them.

Mr. Wallace's candid discussion should greatly simplify the task of Congress. From the long-term viewpoint it will be asked to choose between the traditional American policy and the collectivist system. Contrary to over processing taxes, compulsory quotas for crops, etc., should not obscure the larger principle at stake.

Rejection of any bill which looks toward complete Federal domination over economic enterprise would not imply a do-nothing policy with respect to agriculture. But it would afford heartening reassurance that the problems of industry as well as agriculture will be worked out on the basis of group co-operation rather than governmental fiat.

Those Irish.

From the Dallas Morning News.

Michael Collins came home from a London job to fight in the 1916 Easter rebellion for the still-born republic. But Frank O'Connor in his excellent biography of the forceful leader of "The Troubles" says that Collins often held forth on the joys of London as the finest place to live the "big fellow" had found. The inconsistencies of the Gael are the despair of those who read their history and their literature and observe the chaotic character of the delightful but surely unstable people.

The link is scarcely dry on a treaty that everyone concedes has made Ireland, minus Ulster, free of England. Irishmen have been spending and sacrificing their lives to accomplish that for many hundred years, more specifically since what the South Irishlander still terms Pitt's "infamous union." Sinn Féin—"ourselves alone"—was the significant rallying cry of those who sought a self-constituted Ireland until first home rule and what now amounts to independence had been secured.

Yet now from London comes the statement of a New York Times correspondent that the Irish are migrating to England in greater numbers than made up the waves of Irish emigration to the United States. In five years, 50,000 have left the present Free State and settled in England, and the contention is advanced that they are agricultural Ireland, fugitive from De Valera's industrial policy.



Henry Morgenthau Has A Slogan, Too.

Letters to the Editor

Government Farm Control.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: If the Government of the United States is to be permitted to vote in favor of Government control of farming, Senator Arthur Capper says it would be O. K. by him. But is it so simple as all that?

Leading politico-farm economists for many years have been devising and putting into practice elaborate schemes for Government control of farm production and prices. While at first some of them have seemed to work, in the long run they have all failed. It is almost ancient history to cite the Stevenson rubber plan, the Chadbourne sugar control scheme, and the Brazil coffee defense which in collapsing has involved the whole economy of Brazil in its ruin. And there is our own cotton price-pegging fiasco which has reduced America's share of the world cotton market from 60 to 40 per cent.

No unbiased student of economics can deny that the facts clearly prove that Government farm control schemes eventually are ruinous to the farmers themselves. Even the International Institute of Agriculture sounds an urgent warning against them.

So if such schemes are unsound and disastrous, would it change their outcome to have 100 per cent of our farmers vote for them? Can't we be changed to right by popular vote?

In the face of the truth why are the Government experts and politicians who stand beside an open grave soon to receive the slight little body of a loved child, so weakened from undernourishment and cold that she could not withstand dread disease? Are they happy when they hear the foreman of a jury say, in speaking of their son, "Guilty, your honor." Are they happy when they see their mother, so tired from overwork, undernourishment and worry, just close her eyes and open them no more? Are they happy when they see their father, broken in spirit, bent, too old for his years, and hear him say, "Oh, God, to see one's children die." Tell me, Aristocrat, are they happy then?

As for the "five small houses occupied by families of the laboring class," it seems most strange that four of the five families should have been the aristocrats at coal bins. Was there some good reason for that, which the aristocratic landlord was too stupid and indifferent to discover? Did they use kerosene lamps instead of gas because, after paying rent, they had no money left for gas? Is it possible they did not even have enough left to buy soap—and what is a bath without soap? Or were they fearful, perhaps, of using so much water? Did they have to pay for the water? And was the owner collecting a rental on those small houses that really constituted usury on his monetary investment? It would be very interesting to hear the other side of that story.

T. A. B. BARREFOOT.

Washington, Nov. 14.

The Mob's Cry.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: At the Armistice Day observance in London, "Lunatic" shouted, "stop all this hypocrisy! You are deliberately preparing for another war." The mob yelled, "Kill him!" King George looked on, unmoved.

In Galilee almost two thousand years ago a certain citizen of Nazareth declared, "They that take the sword shall perish by the sword." The mob yelled, "Crucify him!" The local ruler of that day stood by and watched.

The French have a motto translatable as follows: "The more things change, the more they remain the same."

THERESA RUSSELL.

Washington, Nov. 14.

Argument For Boycotting Japan.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Rufus M. Jones, representing the Friends Peace Committee, has come to London to urge a boycott of Japan almost escaped the depression. So much so that industrial production in Japan did not fall below that of 1928, whereas in the United States production in 1932 was only 63 per cent of 1928. Before this attack on China, Japanese industrial production was running almost twice that of 1928—though production in the United States had barely overtaken 1928. In 1936 United States exports were less than half those of 1929; Japan's exports were 28 per cent over 1929.

Japan thus enjoys greatly increased trade and production compared with other countries, and if she is under economic pressure it is because she has in the past six years borrowed 4,500,000,000 yen to pay the cost (1) of her seizure of Manchuria, and (2) of the added cost of putting herself on a "senior basis" so as to attack China. If Japan is under economic pressure, it is due to spending for armament three-fourths of the governmental revenues—excluding "borrowings" or one-fifth of the total income of her people.

Christ drove the money changers out of the temple and denounced the Pharisees; he was not afraid of arousing hate. Hate of war, denunciation of men who create and support war, refusal to give them financial support in making war, all seem to me essential parts of Christianity. Unfortunately too many Americans seem inspired only by a timorous desire to justify inaction, even though continuance in their customary purchases makes them financial partners of the Japanese in doing the devil's work.

T. A. B. BARREFOOT.

Washington, Nov. 10.

FHLB Health Association.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The traditional boast of the medical profession in America has been that its first and foremost consideration has been for the greater weal of mankind. The stand taken by the American Medical Association in condemning the group health cooperative of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board as "illegal," etc., seems quite out of keeping with this boast.

Group Health Association Inc. is merely a group of persons who of their own volition have provided themselves with a medical clinic. Toward the upkeep and operation of this clinic they have assessed themselves a certain sum each month. In return for these payments each member of the group is entitled to certain medical services, the amount and quality of which, no doubt, will increase as the group becomes larger and financially able.

Its ultimate aim is to furnish its members with the best and most complete medical attention, preventive as well as curative, at a cost which the man of small means can afford without undue sacrifice or worry. Just what is illegal, or even un-American, in a program like that?

It would appear, even to the casual observer, that the A. M. A. does not have the welfare of the greater number of its patients at heart when it fanatically retains two extra attorneys to "do up" a legal technicality to be used as a means of preventing a tiny group like this from operating. I sincerely hope the A. M. A. change its attitude toward the co-operative solution to the problem and thus help promote the general welfare rather than to retard it as it is doing at present. LEONARD A. KONKEL.

Washington, Nov. 14.

Mr. Jones' Optimism.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Chairman Jesse H. Jones, of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is quoted as stating that he sees nothing "to justify the present feeling of uncertainty and uneasiness." I am forced to question the candor of his statement.

In building construction a very considerable reduction in wages is absolutely indispensable to a revival of that industry. Such a reduction is inconceivable in the present attitude of labor and Congress.

In railroad matters the situation is especially critical, with prominent economists asserting that nationalization of the roads is inevitable unless substantial relief is given to them.

In the matter of subsidies to the high pressure groups, especially to agriculture, it is likely that Congress with its national election at hand will be inclined to withstand the appeals of these groups?

In the matter of a balanced budget we cannot help remembering that every year for a long time there has been such a promise, or such a hope held out.

In labor matters there is continued unrest with a prospect that as fast as any relief is afforded to any industry such relief, or a large part of it, will be absorbed by further labor demands. In addition there is the constant anxiety, especially in the case of small or weak corporations, about what new wage and hour legislation is going to do to them.

In the matter of security markets there is great nervousness, with the prices of many securities still unduly high, and a quite certain prospect that for some time at least corporate earnings will not be as high as they have been. Moreover, the pressure of Congress generally has a disturbing effect upon the markets.

In view of the foregoing observations it must be assumed that Mr. Jones' optimism is a very naive and up a brave front and reassure people, an effort of perhaps doubtful expediency. There were many such reassurances in the fall of 1932.

HENRY A. HAYWARD.

Washington, Nov. 13.

The Post Impressionist

The Elderly Gentleman.

AT FIRST the elderly gentleman was very much annoyed. He had paid the extra dollars for the Pullman to enjoy a little quiet on the tiresome trip to Hartford. And now this mob of youngsters—there were eight or nine he thought—had moved in, taking complete possession of the car. Not that they were overly noisy, nor did they run around and climb over chairs and trip across your feet. No, they were comparatively quiet in that respect. But the warmth and animation of their voices, the vivacity of their speech, penetrated into every corner of the car. The elderly gentleman didn't have a chance; he couldn't escape.

At first, I say, at first he was irritated. But gradually he forgot his dreams of forty-winks or a glance at Lippmann, and surrendered willingly.

The crowd of youngsters—all girls, about 17 or 18 years old he imagined—had not appeared until the train was well out of Boston. At first there had been just one of them—a sophisticated, smart, dressed young miss sitting opposite, occasionally glancing away from her copy of "Movie Magazine" to inspect her carmine finger nails. Then, half an hour ago, the car was filled with a baker's half-dozen like her. They trooped in all at once, hailed her shrilly and, occupying all the vacant seats about, broke into vivacious talk and laughter, talk that had little continuity, but skipped lightly from one subject to another, but every now and then coming home to roost on one of three subjects—"Dr. England," "Nannie's" new dress and "Nicky."

Suddenly the elderly gentleman found himself listening intently. "Dr. England," he decided, must be the headmaster of their school, for obviously, from their references to "Tuesday," they were all on an extended week-end, "Nannie" was the pretty little blonde thing with the movie magazine and the red finger-nails. And "Nicky" appeared to be "Nannie's" newest triumph. The elderly gentleman caught himself envying him.

By the time the train reached Springfield the elderly gentleman felt a distinctly proprietary interest in them. He had been shocked to discover that his estimate was very wrong—they were all about 14 years old, as discussion of birthdays disclosed. (Nannie's dress, was a birthday present.) And again he was slightly abashed to notice a few bare 14-year-old knees marring the sophistication of the troupe. Even young ladies at boarding school, he reflected, have still to learn not to cross their knees and wear, short dresses at the same time.

Outside Windsor their giggles and babbling, hitherto keeping pace with the train's speed, stopped suddenly. The car seemed ghostly still. Further he glanced across the aisle and saw the reason. Mickie had produced—from the mysteries of her handbag—a pack of cigarettes. The elderly gentleman wondered how she had managed to buy them—Massachusetts is rather strict about selling to minors, he knew—and wished he had seen the act.

Slowly while seven pairs of 14-year-old eyes—and one pair much older—watched in silent fascination; Mickie opened the pack, off-handedly selected one, tapped it noticeably against the back of her hand, placed it between her lips with a sophistication even Marlene Dietrich would envy, and lit it with studied absent-mindedness. He waited for the first cough. The car was deathly quiet—none of that were silent. Mickie sat smoking quietly, an expression of complete detachment on her face. Nonchalantly she tossed the deck across to Addie. Suddenly there was a scurry for the cigarettes, and a moment later all eight were puffing away, though still no word had been spoken.

Suddenly the quiet was broken by a cough—not a loud cough, but very definitely a cough that brought blushes to its owner. Then came more coughs, and a wave of infectious giggles swept from across the aisle. The elderly gentleman again turned his head. Mickie—it was she who coughed—was blushing furiously. And all were giggling and chattering like the Mikado's three little girls from school. Mickie glanced across the aisle that minute and met his stare with complete frankness, with just a soupcon of a twinkle. The elderly gentleman turned his head, slightly ashamed. The giggles broke out anew.

He could hear the sound of cigarettes—eight of them—being ground out on the carpet, and hoped the conductor wouldn't see the damage on his next trip through the car.

The train was slowing down now, and regretfully he reached for his briefcase. He must see this man in Hartford, but it was cruel to miss any of the show.

From the station platform he turned for one final sight of the parlor car. Mickie was looking from the window; automatically the elderly gentleman smiled. Wonders to behold, Mickie smiled back! The elderly gentleman thought he heard another attack of chatter and giggles. But resolutely he started down the station steps. He stopped short, annoyed to hear himself whistling a silly little tune he hadn't thought of since college days.

The elderly gentleman shrugged his shoulders, puckered up his lips more lightly, and whistled louder.

JAMES MC DONAUGH.

Washington, Nov. 13.

Fair Enough

By Westbrook Pegler

Remember Harry Greb

JIM FARLEY spoke from the experience of an old prize fight commissioner, though from the office of a Cabinet member, when, in a recent oration on the air, he viewed with alarm the lack of worth-while opposition to the Democratic Party. He spoke in terms of political groups, but his thoughts must have gone back to the days when he was champion of the New York cauldron commission and Jack Dempsey was heavyweight champion of the world, so mighty and so confident and so sure of his position that not one of the customers nor even Mr. Farley himself, who was supposed to contain the sum of all wisdom on the subject, believed that anyone could lick him with a pair of human fists.

Mr. Dempsey had long since forgotten hunger, which also may be said of Mr. Farley's party, and the underdog of Toledo had become top dog with a tendency to impose on his position. In one fight at Shelby, Mont., against Jimmy Gibson, he had insisted on the appointment of an old and devoted friend as referee, an example which has appealed to Mr. Farley's champion within the last year. And in his fight with Luis Angel Firpo he had stood over and slightly to the rear of the fallen opponent to slug him the instant Firpo's gloves left the floor. An act which demonstrated his attitude toward his opponent, his admiration but required a champion to fight fair.

IT IS A FACT that a hungry fighter on the way up is forgiven many offenses which if repeated when he gets there are held against him on the ground that hungry men are desperate, whereas champions, being rich, have no excuse. Mr. Farley and his fighter were lean and fine in 1932 and nothing that they might have done to Mr. Hoover would have been condemned by a crowd come to see a fat and pudgy champion cut to ribbons for his defiant indifference to the outrage of prohibition.

But they have held the title a long time now. Hoover is one with Jess Willard, and, as Mr. Farley plainly realizes, there are those among the crowd who once struggled for a chance to carry the champion's water bucket who now want to see him licked. He doubtless remembers that Mr. Hoover also knew a day when he was saluted and cheered by all who claimed the name of patriot, and anyone who had said that he was less than a god ran the risk of a spell in Leavenworth. That seems to be the way of all champions in a democracy, a way which Babe Ruth summed up in a tidy package when he said, "A hero today; a hummer tomorrow."

Out of his experience in the cauliflower trade Mr. Farley doubtless remembers also that it is often the sparring partner who studies the champion's style for flaws and comes along later to look him in the eye and belt him over. He might have Senator Wheeler in mind, for example, though this is no attempt to tout a new champion. But he certainly did give a thought to Huey Long, whose political style very much resembled that of the late Harry Greb, a sparring partner whom Dempsey never was able to hit in 50 rounds of practice fighting.

MR. ROOSEVELT never could lay a glove on Huey and undertook to ignore him as Dempsey ignored Greb, but in each case the problem of the upstart sparring partner was solved without a showdown. Huey is now recognized as having been the most dangerous politician in the United States at the time of his death, and Dempsey, though this is no attempt to tout a new champion, but he certainly did give a thought to Huey Long, whose political style very much resembled that of the late Harry Greb, a sparring partner whom Dempsey never was able to hit in 50 rounds of practice fighting.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

The Once Over

H. I. Phillips

As the Duke and Duchess May Discuss It.

Duchess—Well, are we going any place or not? Duke—I wish you wouldn't be so cross, darling. Duchess—Who could help being cross? Are we ever going to America or are we not? I wish you'd make up your mind.

Duke—I think we'd better plan on going over early next year, but one can't be positive.

Duchess—Why can't one be positive? It's high time you got very positive instead of being so, er, so wishy-washy.

Duke—Now, my dear, I'm not wishy-washy.

Duchess—Yes you are. Why can't you decide on a trip and go through with it like anybody else?

Duke—We're not anybody else. We're different, don't you see?

Duchess—Well, I'm tired of being different. And I think you overemphasize it. After all, we're two free people and we ought to be able to go where we wish. I was all packed and everything—

Duke—It's not my fault, dear. You see Bedaux—Duchess—Bedaux fiddlersicks! If you hadn't made so many detailed arrangements and talked so much about our serious purpose in life we'd have been in America now!

Duke—After all, I have to have a serious purpose. Duchess—Why? Answer me that! Why?

Duke—Well, er, my dear, er—it's hard to explain, but—

Duchess—I'll say it's hard to explain. It's baloney! Duke—Baloney?

Duchess—That's an American word. Duke—I don't like American words. If you must use them save them until we get to America.

Duchess—But will they keep that long?

Duke—Now, darling, I know how disappointed you feel all this time. I know how much you've hoped for the serious purpose of our visit. Do you think it would look right if we just sailed with no purpose at all?

Duchess—I think it would be just grand. Duke—You mean we forget the housing problem?

Duchess—And how?

Duke—And the coal mine situation? Can we drop that?

Duchess—It's just a wrist motion!

Duke—And the world economic crisis—would it be nice to forget that?

Duchess—It would be just ducky.

Duke—(sighing)—Very well, dear, consider them forgotten. But what'll we visit America for?

Duchess—Just for the scenery.

Duke—I never thought of that. It's quite an idea. Duchess—I knew you'd like it. (They start packing.)

"Feel my arm. It's as hard as a rock. I got that doing chores. I did a lot of bending over picking up pecans."—Vice President Garner. How are you, er, lifting a debt burden, Jack?

A spectator broke from the crowd at the Cenotaph in London on Armistice Day, crying, "All this is hypocrisy. You are deliberately preparing for war!" and they looked him up as being crazy!

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

No 'Big Apple' For Cicero Fulpan

Petunia Congressman Explains War Crisis For Ladies.

By Louis M. Jiggitts

Special Correspondence of The Post. Detour, October 28, 1937.

Congressman Cicero Fulpan, Petunia.

I am writing in behalf of the Detour Anti-War, Anti-Vice and Peace, Progress and Prosperity Society. You will remember that we used to have the Anti-War and Anti-Vice Society, and the Peace, Progress and Prosperity Society in Detour. We had just one Peace Society before that but the ladies felt out with each other on the best way to keep peace and formed the two societies. But I am happy to inform you that this summer the ladies made up in the interest of peace and formed one society using both names when Mrs. Flossy Fussit moved out of town which I know you will be glad to hear. The main objectives of our new society are peace and vice and we feel sure you are interested in both.

Last week Mr. Zee Zee, our local postmaster, gave a very interesting talk before the society on the far Eastern situation. He spoke very highly of you and said that he believed you were a fine and devoted friend as referee, an example which has appealed to Mr. Farley's champion within the last year. And in his fight with Luis Angel Firpo he had stood over and slightly to the rear of the fallen opponent to slug him the instant Firpo's gloves left the floor. An act which demonstrated his attitude toward his opponent, his admiration but required a champion to fight fair.

IT IS A FACT that a hungry fighter on the way up is forgiven many offenses which if repeated when he gets there are held against him on the ground that hungry men are desperate, whereas champions, being rich, have no excuse. Mr. Farley and his fighter were lean and fine in 1932 and nothing that they might have done to Mr. Hoover would have been condemned by a crowd come to see a fat and pudgy champion cut to ribbons for his defiant indifference to the outrage of prohibition.

But they have held the title a long time now. Hoover is one with Jess Willard, and, as Mr. Farley plainly realizes, there are those among the crowd who once struggled for a chance to carry the champion's water bucket who now want to see him licked. He doubtless remembers that Mr. Hoover also knew a day when he was saluted and cheered by all who claimed the name of patriot, and anyone who had said that he was less than a god ran the risk of a spell in Leavenworth. That seems to be the way of all champions in a democracy, a way which Babe Ruth summed up in a tidy package when he said, "A hero today; a hummer tomorrow."

Out of his experience in the cauliflower trade Mr. Farley doubtless remembers also that it is often the sparring partner who studies the champion's style for flaws and comes along later to look him in the eye and belt him over. He might have Senator Wheeler in mind, for example, though this is no attempt to tout a new champion. But he certainly did give a thought to Huey Long, whose political style very much resembled that of the late Harry Greb, a sparring partner whom Dempsey never was able to hit in 50 rounds of practice fighting.

MR. ROOSEVELT never could lay a glove on Huey and undertook to ignore him as Dempsey ignored Greb, but in each case the problem of the upstart sparring partner was solved without a showdown. Huey is now recognized as having been the most dangerous politician in the United States at the time of his death, and Dempsey, though this is no attempt to tout a new champion, but he certainly did give a thought to Huey Long, whose political style very much resembled that of the late Harry Greb, a sparring partner whom Dempsey never was able to hit in 50 rounds of practice fighting.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.



Cicero Fulpan, M. C.

what position this country is going to take in the Chinese war.

Please let us know at once what you are doing about it.

Yours very truly, (Mrs.) GARDENIA GABBEL, Petunia, Oct. 28, 1937.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

I am glad to inform you that I am continuing to give the matter my most serious consideration. As you know, I am sending representatives to Brussels to discuss this entire situation, and I do not care to make any statement at this moment which might be taken out of context by the press.

I expect to leave for the Capital shortly, as I have received several urgent messages to come there as soon as possible to discuss this and the farm problem.

Of course, you realize that the neutrality act does not go into force until we have a war.

Yours very truly, C. CICERO FULPAN, M. C.

Detour, Oct. 30, 1937.

Congressman Cicero Fulpan, Petunia.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

I appreciate your giving us your position, which seems to be that you don't care to divulge your position at this time. I see what you say about the neutrality act, but all of us here thought there was a war going on in China. What has become of the neutrality act?

We should also like to know what they are going to do in Brussels and if you think they will get involved in it.

Yours very truly, (Mrs.) GARDENIA GABBEL, Petunia, Nov. 1, 1937.

Washington D. C.

November 2, 1937.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

Your recent letter has been forwarded to the Detour office. I am sure that the Congressman is not in the office this morning, but he has been so busy conferring with other leaders on this matter that he cannot get to the office until later in the day.

I am sure that he will be glad to give you his opinion of Miss Blotz as soon as he returns.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

I regret the Congressman is absent from the office today on an important business, but I am certain that he will be happy to learn of the worthy objectives of your fine society as I know that he is very deeply interested in peace and vice and has given them both much attention.

I am sure that he will be glad to give you his opinion of Miss Blotz as soon as he returns.

Yours very truly, (Mrs.) GARDENIA GABBEL, Petunia, Nov. 2, 1937.

Detour, Oct. 26, 1937.

Congressman Cicero Fulpan, Petunia.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

I appreciate your letter but I did not ask your opinion of Miss Blotz. Miss Blotz has already given us her opinion of you and I feel sure that your opinion of her would be interesting, but we are concerned with peace.

Please let us know by return mail what position this country is going to take in the Chinese war. Are we going to keep out of it this time?

Yours very truly, (Mrs.) GARDENIA GABBEL, Petunia, Oct. 27, 1937.

Detour, Oct. 28, 1937.

Congressman Cicero Fulpan, Petunia.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

I am giving the matter mentioned in your recent letter my most serious consideration. The problem is one which must be approached with the gravest concern, and I want you to know that I am taking into consideration all possible contingencies.

As your representative I am quite aware of the very serious responsibility placed upon me in this crucial moment of our Nation's history, but I am confident that we shall arrive at a solution which will place this country in an advantageous position.

Assuring you that it is all a pleasure to explain myself freely and openly to a constituent, and trusting that you will call on me whenever I can be of further service, I am,

Yours sincerely, C. CICERO FULPAN, M. C.

Detour, Oct. 28, 1937.

Congressman Cicero Fulpan, Petunia.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

I appreciate the careful consideration you are giving the problem but we would still like to know

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Gardenia Gabel Bats For Fanny Blotz Of Detour.

this message to the ladies as I am anxious that the Congressman not be disturbed at a time when he is so busy solving the many problems facing our Nation.

An official war is one when they are at war. Until then it's just a defensive fight to keep peace and order.

Yours very truly, WILLA DOOLITTLE, Secretary.

P. S. They have to worry a first deal about the Constitution here now. It seems to get in the way of so many new ideas.

Detour, Nov. 9, 1937.

Congressman Cicero Fulpan, Washington, D. C.

I told Miss Blotz that your secretary said you had not been to the night club in Washington, but she said that you had.

I was just as bad for you to do the Big Apple in Maryland or Virginia, as it was in Washington, and that I could understand how you could be spending your time doing the Big Apple when this country might be thrown into war any moment while you are spinning around in a daze.

I am still anxious to know what the Brussels conference is going to do as we can't let anything definite from what we read. It seems they meet every morning and stay in session until somebody gets mad in the afternoon.

Yours very truly, (Mrs.) GARDENIA GABBEL, Detour, Nov. 11, 1937.

P. S. I have been reading about the lot of people they are liable to do at the special session. What is that?

SPECIAL DELIVERY, Washington, D. C.

Nov. 11, 1937.

Dear Mrs. Gabel:

The Congressman is conferring today on economic conditions with Senate leaders. They are expected to return to the Capitol tomorrow.

On the one hand Great Britain took the lead at Geneva in mobilizing the League of Nations in imposing sanctions against Italy. In no small measure this action reflected the pressure on the government by public opinion which, in the famous Peace Ballot, had revealed itself as strongly pro-League and pro-sanctions.

But within the cabinet there were those, Eden among them, who saw in the Ethiopian crisis a golden opportunity to put the League system on a firm foundation.

On the other hand there was a powerful faction in the government which favored making a separate and old-fashioned deal with Italy. To this group Sir Samuel Hoare belonged.

WHEN THE Hoare-Laval plan was made public, however, the storm of indignation it aroused in Great Britain led not only to its abandonment but also to the resignation of Mr. Hoare.

It was a very good thing that Mr. Hoare returned to the Geneva policy, it did not do so with its original enthusiasm. At the first opportunity after the fall of Addis Ababa sanctions were called off.

Since then the anti-League faction has been stronger than ever in the British cabinet. But the efforts to make a separate peace with the dictators has had only indifferent success.

Were there merely one land-hungry dictator, the task might have been easier. But there happens to be two of them, and they have not hesitated to use Britain's olive branches as counters in their cynical game of power.

To go back no further than the beginning of this year, there was the attempted rapprochement with Mussolini. An Anglo-Italian agreement was signed which pledged Mussolini to maintain the status quo in the Mediterranean and the territorial integrity of Spain.

It soon proved, however, that his objectives were concerned. But it did enable Mussolini to jockey up his asking price to Berlin for the continuation of the Berlin-Rome axis.

THE BREAKDOWN of the Italo-British rapprochement led Great Britain to approach Hitler, but again without any ultimate result except the further strengthening of the Fascist bloc.

Recently Prime Minister Chamberlain, in a direct exchange of letters with the Duke, tried once again to restore the amity which had existed in the relations of Great Britain and Italy over a period of many decades.

The friendly communications from the British prime minister had no apparent effect in leading Italy to abandon its anti-British campaign in Arab countries or its threat to British communications in the Mediterranean. But it did enable Mussolini to present Germany with proof that Italy had an alternative to the Berlin-Rome axis.

Germany had adhered to the German-Japanese agreement of 1936 which, when it was first made public, was viewed by Great Britain, and rightly, as an anti-British gesture. In British eyes Italy is again a bête noire.

Rebutted in Rome, Mussolini is now about to seek the will of the wisp of peace at Berlin. Over the head of Anthony Eden, who, fortunately for them, was absent at Brussels, Sir Samuel Hoare, Sir John Simon, Lord Halifax and Lord Halifax secured Mr. Chamberlain's permission to turn Fulpan's vacation trip to Germany into an "unofficial" mission to Der Fuehrer to persuade him to a program of peace.

Possibly this mission will succeed, though all previous ones (including that of Sir John Simon and Anthony Eden in 1934) failed. Possibly Hitler can now be persuaded to shelve those of his ambitions that can be achieved only through force of arms. But in view of past experience the odds would seem to be very much against it.

The attempt to play off one dictator against another may now, as heretofore, only succeed in increasing the belief of Duce and Fuehrer in the weakness of the democracies and the advantages to be gained by those same blackmailing tactics they have employed so successfully in the past.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

The Federal Diary

Reg. U. S. Patent Office.

By Scott Hart

Uncle Sam—Employer

Overtime—which involves thousands of quarrels, subsistence and laundry, which concerns a relatively small group, have been presented in this series from the employer's viewpoint. Now arises the matter of a 5-day week, a 5-day, 40-hour week, in the hope of the more important employee unions, and this question is currently receiving such front-page attention, also administration push, as to bring Uncle Sam, employer, to act one way or another on it.

There had been agitation thereon for a long time, particularly since the more abundant life was spread like a mantle over private industry. The employees were saying that charity should begin at home; that Uncle Sam, industrial doctor, was prescribing a patent medicine for his patients that he didn't want to taste himself.

They were saying, in effect: "It is working all around you; some 42 per cent of your employees already have it and this, so far as we know, has entailed no difficulty and no extraordinary costs." Then the President, recently, requested the Civil Service Commission to make a survey, department by department, to ascertain how much would have to be spent to bring a 5-day week from the prevailing 5½-day week.

Most all other employee talk was subordinated to the topic. And most employees were electrified when a newspaper printed an unofficial statement (never pinned down) that the cost would be somewhere between \$60,000,000 and \$100,000,000, truly astronomical figures even where the Government is concerned.

It should be known that those "Government clerks" are more realists than many believe. Their immediate reaction to this unofficial statement was that someone had gone into the throes of some mathematical gymnastics and concluded a cost at variance with the given realities. They understood the mathematical processes by which the figure, or figures, was reached, but asked from behind their clerical desks:

"What about the human element in it; and what about the actual savings in building maintenance, such as heat, lights, upkeep generally?"

And why, they individually and collectively inquired, couldn't the same amount of work that is done in five and one-half days be performed in five days. And then they agreed that it could be—if the administrative forces are competent. Of course their argument does not follow into prisons and hospitals, where duty must be continuous.

They figured that the change, if brought about, might call for a little more exertion of capacities for work; but they—at least the many this writer has talked to—have been at total loss to see the involvement of \$100,000,000. In brief sentence, with words of one syllable, they think they can do in five days what they are now doing in five and one-half.

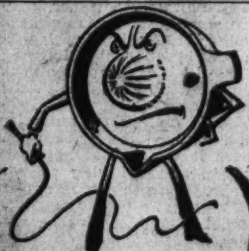
But if they now view the bill of Representative McCormack, of Massachusetts, with hope, no small number of them are apprehensive. They shy off from any five-day week that they think might result in a lengthening of hours, even a nominal lengthening.

So suspended between hope and apprehension, a good many of them smile through their tears and figure that at least some attention is being paid them and that Congressmen may see—just as the employees see—that with proper management the overtime can be abolished, and maybe, with good management, the five-day week can be established without a \$60,000,000 to \$100,000,000 cost. They claim that they have the realistic view of it.

Another unrealistic spot in the scene—as the employees see it—is the absence of a Civil Service Board of Appeals. The employees have held sundry and well-attended meetings to give the matter a push, but to date without effect. Their leaders say that with the reorganization in prospect, the need is more vital than ever.

At the present time, there is no opportunity, certainly no suitable one, for appeals by employees who are involved in difficulty with their supervisory officers. There is protection of appeal against prejudice on the ground of religion or politics, but on the whole, the Federal worker otherwise can go nurse his case in a corner.

(The next and concluding article will treat general subjects of the field.)



ARE YOU A SLAVE OF YOUR LEMON-SQUEEZER?

Does mixing a "long cool one" mean back-breaking labor and lemon juice in your eye? Not by a long shot—if you use a time and trouble-saving Poland Mixer. Just add ice and serve plain or with liquor—and there's the easiest drink you ever mixed, and the best you ever tasted.



MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

MADE WITH THE WORLD FAMOUS POLAND MIXER

BRENTANO'S OFFER—

Original, signed

ETCHINGS

at \$1 to \$12 each

Entire Stock of Famous
New York Art Gallery

UNPRECEDENTED is the only word
for this sale of signed, original etchings by foreign and American masters—
starting this morning, at a fraction of former prices! If you've ever longed to
possess truly beautiful etchings, this is your opportunity!

A SALE event in fine etchings which has probably never been surpassed either in quantity or variety—or in the values presented. It took years to assemble these prints from all parts of the world. Here are dry-points, aquatints, mezzotints, copper plate engravings from the hands of some of the most noted modern etchers of America and Europe. The subjects represented cover every conceivable range of interest—portraits of famous people, landscapes, architectural subjects, animals (dogs, cats, horses and pets of all kinds), sports from golf to prize fighting, ships and seascapes, still life and the human form.

This is your opportunity to decorate your home with outstanding examples of the etcher's art, or to start an art collection of permanent value, at prices which are ordinarily asked for so-called "reproductions." It is also a splendid opportunity to purchase charming gifts to give your friends now or for Christmas. Come in and see them. Every one of these prints is an original etching, each is part of a limited edition printed from original plates, and each is signed by the artist.

There is only room in this announcement to give you but a small part of the list of the etchings. The prices marked represent reductions of 25% to 75% from actual published prices.

Framing

We have special facilities for framing and a wide selection of woods and colors to accord with these etchings and any scheme of interior decorations you may have in mind. Prices for plain frames:

BLACK	GOLD AND COLORED
14 x 18.....\$2.25	14 x 18.....\$2.75
16 x 20.....2.50	16 x 20.....3.00
18 x 22.....2.75	18 x 22.....3.25

Here are a few of the famous etchers, and their masterpieces, in this collection:

GORNICK Fetiching The Kill 5 to 2.50	TURNER Putting The Shot 10.00 to 4.00 Landscape 12.00 to 5.00 Holland Wharf 10.00 to 3.00 Hard Task 10.00 to 5.00	BEISEN Justice Palace 6.00 to 3.00
GEORG FRITZ View From Fortifications 11.00 to 5 View From Castle Garden 10 to 5	NAT LOWELL Harvard Memorial Hall 8.00 to 4.00 Stock Exchange 10.00 to 5.00 The Ariel 10.00 to 5.00 Flying Cloud 10 to 5.00 Fish Pier 8.00 to 4.00	STEHR Country Scene 18.00 to 5.00
BARBARETTI Notre Dame 15.00 to 7.50	DUFOUR St. Genevieve 7.50 to 4.00	RENISON Stirling Castle 10.00 to 5
EBERHARDT Fox Terrier 15.00 to 5.50	JAFIR Skyscrapers 5.00 to 2.50 Fisherman 5.00 to 2.50	BOISSART Boulogne 12.00 to 5.00
MANTIAUX Street Scene 5.00 to 3.00 Cathedral 8.00 to 4.00	GEISSLER St. Mark's Church 5.00 to 3.00 Rialto Bridge 5.00 to 3.00	LE RICHE Tugboat and Barges 6.00 to 3.00 Fisherman 5.00 to 3.00
EPLINUS Waterfall 10.00 to 5.00	ZIPPERER London Bridge 5.00 to 3.00 Landscape 5.00 to 2.00 Trees 4.00 to 2.00	NAKIMIZO Flying Ducks 4.00 to 1.00
SAMAN Fishing Boats 10.00 to 3.00		BROUET Danseuse 4.00 to 2.00
MORTIMER BORNE Hudson River 5.00 to 3.00 Exeter From The River 5.00 to 3.00 Canvasbacks 5.00 to 3.00 Ducks 10.00 to 5.00		DORNBROOK The Race 10 to 5
		ROBINS Fosters Born

AND MANY OTHERS

SPECIAL BOOKS ON ETCHING

The Art of Etching by E. H. LUMDEN, A. R. S. A.
A complete and fully illustrated description of etching, dry-out, soft-ground etching, aquatint and their allied arts, with technical notes upon their own work by many famous modern etchers. 206 illustrations, 376 pages, 6s.
Etching and Etchings by FRANK L. EMANUEL. A guide to technique and to print collecting, with reproductions of 224 etchings. 15s.
Etchers and Etching by JOSEPH PENNELL, R. S. A. Mr. Pennell's famous work is a magnificent large book with 50 reproductions including many of his own plates as well as superb examples from Rembrandt, Leake, Dürer, Black, Marry, Goya, Ross, Whistler and Legere. Special at 15.50.

COME EARLY

while you can still have a wide choice. Framing to your specifications, although many are already framed.

BRENTANO'S BOOKSTORES, Inc., 1322 F St. N.W.

Please hold, awaiting my inspection, etchings of the following artists:

to the total amount of \$..... (figure an average of \$4 apiece; actual prices range from \$1 to \$12 apiece. I am particularly interested in the following type of subjects:.....)

I will make my final selection on or before.....

[] I enclose \$..... (or) [] Charge my account.

Name.....

Address.....

City and State.....

If you wish us to send etchings to you by mail, check here [] Delivery free within 300 miles

These Etchings on Sale
At This Store Only

BRENTANO'S

1322 F ST. N.W. PHONE NAT. 0860

Capt. Clarke Dies; A Leader In Montgomery

Wheaton Veteran of Two Wars Succumbs in Mt. Alto at 59.

Capt. Don Ernst Clarke, 59, of Wheaton, Md., Montgomery County civil leader, died yesterday at Mount Alto Veterans' Hospital, following a brief illness.

A veteran of both the Spanish-American and World Wars, Capt. Clarke resided in Montgomery County for 20 years. He was the first president of the Glenmont Parent-Teacher Association and was the organizer of Boy Scout Troop No. 129. He served for seven years as scoutmaster. At his death he was president of the Glenmont Citizens Association.

During the World War, Capt. Clarke commanded the 40th motor supply train. He served at St. Nazaire, Chateau Thierry, Tours, and Verdun.

Capt. Clarke was a charter member of the Corinthian Yacht Club and a former commodore.

Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Beulah Hardy Clarke, his mother, Mrs. Sallie P. Clarke, of Woodside; two sisters, Miss Ada E. Clarke and Mrs. William Moore McKay, of Washington and two brothers, William Crichton Clarke, of New York City and Oliver H. Clarke, of Washington.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow at St. John's Church, Forest Glen. Burial will be held with military honors in Arlington Cemetery.

Mrs. Roosevelt Weighted Down

The First Lady pictured as she stepped from a train at Kansas City, where she lectured. She was carrying on one arm a flat, initialed bag, a black seal coat, a large suitcase, type cosmetics box, and a big bag of knitting.



J.W. Anderson, Lawyer, Dies in Niagara Falls

Funeral Services to Be Held Tomorrow at St. Paul's Church Here.

Funeral services for James Wiloughby Anderson, patent attorney and former Washington resident, who died Sunday at Niagara Falls, N. Y., will be held at 10 a. m. tomorrow at St. Paul's Church, Fifteenth and V streets northwest. Burial will be held in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

A native of Norfolk, of distinguished Virginia ancestry, Mr. Anderson was graduated from Central High School in this city from Lehigh University in 1889, and from Georgetown University Law School in 1904. He served as principal examiner in the Patent Office here before leaving in 1910 to become a member of a New York City law firm. For the last four years he was patent law adviser to the Moore Research & Service Co., Niagara Falls.

Mr. Anderson was a former president of the Dumbarton Club of Georgetown and a member of the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity and the Aztec Club of 1847. He also belonged to the New York Patents Club, the American Institute of Mining Engineering and the Chemists Club of New York.

Besides his wife, the former Miss Heloise Cobb, of Norfolk, three sisters, Miss Frances M. Anderson and Mrs. Francis P. Sullivan, of this city, and a brother, George M. Anderson, of Washington, survive.

Vital Statistics

Births.
Claude W. and Anne B. Wessels, girl, David W. and Dorothy E. Mosley, boy, Albert J. and Gladys Addison, boy, Charles J. and Sarah E. McCubbin, girl, Paul V. and Helene C. Donovan, girl, Howard J. and Lois M. McVey, girl, James E. and Kathryn M. Pugh, boy.

Deaths.
Henry E. Austin, 72, 1910 First st. n.w., Frank Whitman, 72, Providence Hospital, 20, Wadsworth, N. C. The Rev. C. J. Murray.
William Leroy Davenport, 21, and Rose Lee Wilkinson, 18, both of Cedar Heights, Md. The Rev. A. Lee Stewart.
Sol Silverman, 28, and Myrtle Simpson, Green.
Robert O. Newman, 24, 306 D street southwest, and Julie Minnie Washington, 228 F street southwest. The Rev. Isaac C. T. Murray.
Robert F. Adams, 47, and Isabelle I. Brewer, 46, both of Annapolis, Md. The Rev. A. P. Moore.
Evelyn Vincent Laws, 22, 1700 Fourth street northwest, and Helen Louise Morrison, 24, 249 P street northwest. The Rev. Franklin Howard.

Marriages.
Leonard Wright, 23, and Eunice Edwards, 20, Wadsworth, N. C. The Rev. C. J. Murray.
William Leroy Davenport, 21, and Rose Lee Wilkinson, 18, both of Cedar Heights, Md. The Rev. A. Lee Stewart.
Sol Silverman, 28, and Myrtle Simpson, Green.
Robert O. Newman, 24, 306 D street southwest, and Julie Minnie Washington, 228 F street southwest. The Rev. Isaac C. T. Murray.
Robert F. Adams, 47, and Isabelle I. Brewer, 46, both of Annapolis, Md. The Rev. A. P. Moore.
Evelyn Vincent Laws, 22, 1700 Fourth street northwest, and Helen Louise Morrison, 24, 249 P street northwest. The Rev. Franklin Howard.

Transfers

Navy Orders.
LIEUT. COMMANDER, CHARLES J. NAUMIKET (R. C.) Det. Naval Hospital, Newport, R. I. to home, relieved all active duty.
MARIE L. HALLER (R. C.) Det. U. S. S. Maryland in January to duty as officer in charge, destroyer stores office, San Diego, Calif.
LIEUTENANTS.
CLAUDE W. STEWART, Det. VT-3 (U. S. S. Yorktown) in November to U. S. S. Yorktown.
CHARLES J. NAUMIKET (R. C.) Det. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y. in December to U. S. S. Kinkaid.
LIEUTENANT (Junior Grade), FRANCIS O. IFFIS, Det. Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Fla. in November to U. S. S. Colorado.
RICHARD L. POOR, Det. VT-3 (U. S. S. Yorktown) in December to VP-11.
ROBERT R. WILLIAMS, Jr., Det. U. S. S. Richmond about December 20 to insular submarine base, New London, Conn.
JOSEPH F. WILBOR, Jr., Det. U. S. S. Nitro, continue treatment naval hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.
JEFFERSON DAVIS (M. C.) To duty Naval Hospital, San Diego, Calif.
JAMES M. HADLEY (M. C.) To duty Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C.
EDWARD E. MACKAY (M. C.) To duty Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.
ALFRED L. SMITH (M. C.) To duty Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Fla.
ENGINES.
EUGEN FREDERICK BERTINER, 3d, Det. submarine base, New London, Conn., in December to Atlantic Station for duty in submarine.
EUGEN DENNIS G. LONDON, Det. U. S. S. Lexington about November 20 to communication duty, commander battle force, Eastern Fleet, U. S. S. Walrus, Det. submarine base, New London, Conn., in December to Atlantic Station for duty in submarine.

Bing Boosts Rewards For Missing Monkeys

Los Angeles, Nov. 15 (AP).—Bing Crosby was paying \$2 apiece for monkeys today. About 150 monkeys being used in his latest picture escaped yesterday and fled to rooftops and trees. Bing, who is financing the picture, as well as starring in it, offered \$1 for each similar returned to the studio. When school-boys succeeded in rounding up only 78, he doubled the reward offer.

Wednesday Mornings, 11 A. M.

West Baltimore, Sherman Hotel
DR. ABRAHAM SIMON'S
BOOK REVIEWS
Benefit Stated-Schools Fund
Beginning Nov. 17—(Northwest)
Passage
\$2.00 Course of 18 Lectures
Open to Public
Tickets Available at Door

WASHERS & IRONERS
F. S. HARRIS CO.
1309 14th St. N.W. COL. 0100
OPEN NITES

Direct factory outlet for McDougall-Butler paints and varnishes.
McDOUGALL-BUTLER CO., INC.
421 10th St. N.W. NA. 7888

Oswell Services Set for Tomorrow

Funeral services for Mrs. C. Arthur Oswell, lifelong Washington resident, will be held at 2:30 p. m. tomorrow in the home of her sister, Mrs. W. D. Searle, 3036 Klinge road. Dr. John C. Palmer will officiate. Burial will be in Rock Creek Cemetery.

Mrs. Oswell died Sunday at her home, 1855 Wyoming avenue, after a long illness.

Born in Washington, Mrs. Oswell attended private schools in the city and finished at Mount Vernon Seminary. She was a member of the Capt. Molly Pitcher Chapter, D. A. R.

Beside her sister, she is survived by her husband, two daughters, Mrs. C. Raymond McCune and Mrs. Joseph Kerr Fry, and two grandchildren.

Franke Losee Dies; Was Veteran Actor

Yonkers, N. Y., Nov. 15 (AP).—Franke Losee, veteran of 50 years on stage and screen, died yesterday.

Losee, a member of the Players the Lambs and the Friars, acted with John Drew. In films he supported George Arliss in "Diaries" and played the role of father for such stars as Mary Pickford, Pauline Frederick and Marguerite Clark. His wife, Marion Elmore Losee, who appeared with him in many productions, survives.

Film Stars Charge Home Bomb Plot

Los Angeles, Nov. 15 (AP).—Chief Investigator Eugene Williams, of the district attorney's office, said tonight alleged plots to bomb homes of Hollywood film notables of Jewish origin and sympathy are under investigation by his staff.

For several days, Williams said, complaints have reached him concerning activities of anti-Semites. Williams said several persons questioned admitted they attended conferences at which the proposed bombing of homes of screen notables was discussed.

\$35,000 Sapphire, 'Star of Artaban,' Is Displayed Here

The pale blue "Star of Artaban," one of the largest fine star sapphires ever brought to America, was placed on display yesterday at Galt & Bro., jewelers, 607 Thirteenth street northwest.

Part of a collection that includes star rubies and the largest catseye ever mined, the 2-ounce "Star of Artaban" alone is valued at \$35,000.

Found by a native at Ratnapur, Ceylon, in November, 1935, the sapphire was named for a character in Henry Van Dyke's "Other Wise Man," who sold all his possessions to buy three gems to present to Jesus.

The six-pointed "star" appears inside the stone when a light shines directly above it. Exact cause of the phenomenon is unknown, although it is believed to be due to the manner in which light strikes into the gem.

The collection, owned by William V. Schmitt Co., has been on tour in the United States nearly two years.

U. S. Asks Brazil To Prove Death of Seaman on Algie

Baltimore, Nov. 15 (AP).—U. S. Attorney Bernard J. Flynn tonight sought proof in Brazil of the death of Seaman Howard V. Gill before the hearing of two officers of the stricken freighter Algie could be completed.

U. S. Commissioner James K. Cullen said charges of manslaughter against Second Mate Ernest B. Waters and Third Mate John F. Pike would be dropped tomorrow unless proof of Gill's death by drowning was shown.

Suit Asks \$250,000 From Cab Firm for Crash 2 Years Ago

One of the largest personal damage suits ever tried in District Court started yesterday when Irma L. Dobbs, now a patient at Gallinger Hospital, began a suit in which she asks \$250,000.

Weighing about 300 pounds, she appeared in court in a wheeled chair. Through Attorney D. K. Offutt, she sued the independent Taxi Owners Association and one of its drivers, alleging she was a passenger in a cab in September, 1935, when, near Millersville, Md., the cab, allegedly going more than 80 miles an hour, struck another car.

She claimed she had suffered several permanent injuries, had been in hospitals for two years and had submitted to five major operations.

Kansas City Ford Plant Prepares for Reopening

Kansas City, Nov. 15 (AP).—Several hundred Ford Motor Co. office and stock department employees returned to work today preparatory to resuming assembly plant operations, suspended two months ago after company officials accused the city of failing to provide adequate police protection for workers.

Ford officials agreed to reopen the plant after City Manager H. F. McElroy went to Detroit to assure Henry Ford personally of satisfactory police protection to workers.

Ford officials agreed to reopen the plant after City Manager H. F. McElroy went to Detroit to assure Henry Ford personally of satisfactory police protection to workers.

Fordham Opens School To Train Union Leaders

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—Fordham University and the Association of Catholic Trade Unionists tonight announced opening of a worker's school to train New York labor union members in the principles and practices of sound trade unionism following true Christian principles and ideals.

The school, Fordham University officials said, is the "first attempt to interpret workers' problems on other than Marxian theories."

Baker Found Dead In Gaseous Garage

Herman Jacobs, 48, German-born baker, was found dead in a gas-filled garage in the rear of 3821 Livingstone street northwest after he had been missing since Sunday, Coroner A. Magruder McDonald ordered the body to the District morgue for an autopsy.

Berkley Bryant, Jacobs' partner in the Chevy Chase Pastry Shop, 5813 Livingstone street northwest, reported to police Sunday he found a suicide note from Jacobs when he arrived at the shop for work.

In the garage with Jacobs' body was an automobile, gasoline tank empty and ignition turned on. The motor had stopped and the garage was filled with monoxide gas.

Jacobs had operated the bakery about six months. He came here from Philadelphia.

Requiem Mass Set For Miss Drew, 67

Requiem mass for Miss Agnes Drew, 67, a descendant of the Carter family of Baltimore, will be sung at 9 a. m. today at St. Matthew's Catholic Church. Burial will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Miss Drew died Saturday at her home, 1330 Nineteenth street northwest, after an illness of three weeks. She had lived in Washington 30 years.

Surviving is her sister, Miss Mary Elizabeth Drew, of Washington.

Fairfax Collects \$1,000 for Chest

Community Chest workers in Fairfax County have raised nearly \$1,000, or 80 per cent of their quota, it was announced last night at a dinner meeting in Falls Church.

Lawrence Proctor, drive chairman, and A. P. Grow and Carroll Bombardieri, sub-chairmen, heard reports from 50 campaign workers and team captains. Officials said the totals raised definitely assured the area of going "over the top."

15 Hurt as Pickets Clash With Police

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—Fifteen persons were injured in a clash between 250 strike pickets and 30 police today at the gates of the Presio Lock Co. plant in Brooklyn. Eleven men and women were arrested on charges of felonious assault.

The skirmish developed when the pickets allegedly tried to prevent non-strikers from returning to work at the plant, which has been closed four weeks. An attempt by the police to rescue prisoners from the police was beaten back by nightsticks.

Glass Delays Bill On Va. Court Plan

By the Associated Press.
Senator Carter Glass, of Virginia, said yesterday he will not attempt to obtain action at the special session of his proposal to reorganize the district court set-up in Virginia.

He said he planned conferences with bar leaders in the States as well as the three district court judges now sitting in the two districts before introducing a bill in the regular session.

The Senator last session offered a bill to create an additional judgeship in the Western District to assist Judge John Paul, but later announced he would redraft the bill to redivide the State into three districts, assigning one of the present judges to each.

Evangelist Sentenced For Murder of Wife

Elizabeth N. J., Nov. 15 (AP).—Lloyd Pusey, 44-year-old itinerant evangelist, was sentenced today to 15 to 20 years at hard labor in State prison for the hammer slaying of his evangelist wife in Linden three months ago. The sentence followed acceptance of Pusey's plea of guilty to second-degree murder a. his murder trial was about to start.

Mrs. Guggenheim Dies; Widow of Titanic Hero

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—Mrs. Florence Guggenheim, widow of Benjamin Guggenheim, son of the founder of the vast family fortune in mining and smelting, died today. She was a daughter of James Seligman, New York banker. Her husband perished in the Titanic disaster.

Poet Quits Spanish War To Return to Teaching

New York, Nov. 15 (AP).—Machine Gunner David McKelvy White, whose fingers were for six months sapped by death on triggers in Spain, was back in his New York apartment today, tapping out an essay on poetry.

"I'm very anxious to get back to teaching my course in the technique of poetry," he said. White is the son of George White, twice Governor of Ohio and once chairman of the Democratic National Committee. Until last spring, when he went to Spain to fight for the government side, he was a tutor in English at Brooklyn College.

Postlude

By Ray C. B. Brown.
French Section of the Women's City Club presents Felian Garzia in a piano recital Monday night. Program: Preludes in A major and B flat major, two Etudes in G flat major, Impromptus in F sharp major and C sharp minor (Chopin), Scherzo in E minor (Mendelssohn), "Etudes Symphoniques" (Schumann), "Danceuses de Delphes" (Debussy), "Arabesques in the Blue Danube Waltz" (Strauss-Schulz-Evler).

In his informal recital at the Women's City Club last evening, Felian Garzia dispensed with a program, in the strict sense of the word. Playing at the dictates of his moods, he announced each number as the impulse came, thereby freeing himself from any restriction of routine. Making due allowance for the fact that some people like to know beforehand what they are going to hear, there are many good reasons why the individual artist should be accorded this privilege of mood. The prepared and invariant program is, after all, a rather tyrannical convention.

What Mr. Garzia gave was an auditors was a romantic recital of music by Chopin, Mendelssohn, Schumann, and Johann Strauss the Younger. Even Debussy, impressionistic modernist that he was in his tone-painting, harbored romanticism in his heart, so the "Danceuses de Delphes" recital was in congenial company. And as Mr. Garzia is essentially a romantic interpreter, devoted more to the poetry than to the mathematics of music, there was complete consistency in the proceedings.

An able pianist, Mr. Garzia was in a persuasive vein that pleased his hearers and elicited from them the applause of appreciation. His playing had ease and fluidity, and at times an improvisational quality that enhanced the poetic content of the music. From the technical point of view, he was particularly effective in the symphonic studies of Schumann.

You Are Assured a Seat on SPECIAL B & O TRAINS DIRECT TO STADIUM for ARMY-NAVY Football Game

Philadelphia Saturday November 27

Frequent special trains between 8:40 A.M. and 9:20 A.M. Non-stop 2 1/2-hour schedule direct to Stadium—in time for drills by Cadets and Middies. Kick-off 1:30 P.M. Coach Seats Reserved Free.

Avoid Highway Hazards and Parking Problems
Returning, special trains leave Stadium immediately after game.



Some women "long" for a lovely figure... others drink milk... the sensible way to control weight.

To reduce—They drink a glass of milk before each meal. The milk nourishes while cutting down the appetite for other fattening foods.

To gain weight—They drink a glass of milk after each meal, thus getting extra nourishment in digestible form.

Try this sensible plan of weight control and watch the result. Order Chestnut Farms-Chevy Chase Sealtest Milk—the milk that is produced clean and pure on the most highly approved nearby farms—the milk that is approved by the great Sealtest System of Laboratory Protection.

For regular service telephone DEcatur 1011, order from your Chestnut Farms-Chevy Chase Sealtest milkman, or buy at your favorite store.

Keep Youthful With Milk
National Milk Week November 14 to 20

CHESTNUT FARMS-CHEVY CHASE MILK
26th STREET AT PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE
IN WASHINGTON, CHESTNUT FARMS-CHEVY CHASE SEALTEST MILK IS SEALTEST APPROVED

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Dr. SMATHERS
515 14th St. N.W.
DENTAL SPECIALIST
Over 20 Years National Bank (115 and 117) Bldg. 2nd Fl. N.W. RE. 9888

Civilians Flee From Nanking As Lines Totter

Fear Fate Like Soochow's After Planes Smash Key Defense Point.

Shanghai (Tuesday), Nov. 16.—A great exodus from Nanking, China's capital, was under way today as the Chinese defense system between Shanghai and Nanking threatened to break under the savage thrusts of Japan's legions.

The government ordered all war wounded removed into the interior from Nanking, which has been center of the army hospital system. The civilian population was leaving by thousands, spurred by reports of terrible destruction inflicted on Soochow by Japanese bombing planes. The normal population of Nanking is over 1,000,000.

Soochow a Shambles. Seven hundred bombs in 30 hours were said to have made a shambles of Soochow, city of 260,000 some 50 miles west of Shanghai, key point in China's "Hindenburg Line" and formerly one of the country's most picturesque and prosperous cities.

Government officials remained in Nanking. The government announced determination to defend it to the last. This raised fears Nanking would suffer punishment similar to that of Soochow.

Vanguards of the Japanese armies, heavily reinforced, were reported within 12 miles of Soochow, after the capture of Kunshan, 20 miles east of Soochow.

Japanese lines still were some 125 to 150 miles southeast of Nanking, but foreign military observers predicted they could reach the Chinese capital by mid-December.

The Japanese were advancing in a fan-shaped formation nearly 100 miles long stretching from the Yangtze River southward well into northern Chekiang Province, with the center before Soochow.

Wush Heavy Punished. Wush, west of Soochow, also was heavily punished.

Dr. H. F. Ettinger, Austrian official in the Chinese medical service, reported that many wounded and the entire staff in a Soochow dressing station disappeared when hit by a bomb.

Seventy Japanese warships were reported concentrated in the lower Yangtze River west of Taungting Island to support troop landings. On this wing the Japanese said they had advanced to within sight of Changshu, 25 miles north of Soochow, and threatened to cut off some 50,000 Chinese soldiers fleeing from Kunshan and Taishan.

South of Soochow the Japanese reported they had reached Taihu, largest lake of the region, with a flotilla of 200 motorboats and powered junks.

Still farther south Japanese columns were driving into Chekiang, smashing at the Chapu-Pinghu-Kashan line, some 50 miles southwest of Shanghai.

North China dispatches told of a grave Japanese threat to Tsinanfu, capital of Shangtung Province.

Electrical Expert Uses Candles, Too, When Power Fails

As professor of electrical engineering at George Washington University and president of his citizens' association, Dr. Norman B. Ames is ideally fitted for the electric lights crisis that arose again in Westmoreland Hills last night.

The lights were out for an hour. It happened once before in the last week. Here's how Dr. Ames responded:

"He would, he said, call E. R. Ford, chairman of the public utilities committee of the Westmoreland Hills Citizens Association and ask for an investigation and a report at the next meeting, which is citizens' association procedure in almost any crisis.

He would, he said, call somebody at the power company and "raise h—." This likewise will be recognized as accepted practice. "I don't know whom I'll call," he added. "It won't be the president of the company or the man in charge at the plant because I don't think they'd know what to do. I'll call a friend of mine. He'll know."

In the absence of her husband, Mrs. Ames momentarily met the emergency in the Ames household. She got out some candles and lighted them.

Mexico Exile Sees Revolt in 60 Days To Oust Cardenas

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 15 (AP).—Nicolas Rodriguez, "general" of the Mexican "gold shirts" revolutionary Fascist organization, today claimed 500,000 members for his movement and predicted downfall of the administration of President Cardenas of Mexico.

The exiled gold shirt chief, living here since expulsion by Cardenas in 1936, said he would give the present regime "60 days."

"Mexico under Cardenas, dominated by Communists, has become bankrupt, financially, politically and every other way," he said.

Taxicab Operators Join Highway Safety Fight

Harry C. Davis, president of the Diamond Taxi Co., of Washington, and new president of the National Association of Taxicab Owners, said yesterday cab operators all over the country are co-operating with local officials in highway safety programs. He attended the recent national convention of taxi owners at Chicago. The Washington Association, he said, operates with one of the lowest accident rates per mile in the country.

Correspondent to Speak.

Sir Willmott Lewis, dean of foreign newspaper correspondents in Washington, will address the Canadian Society at its opening dinner at the season at 6 p. m. today at the Kennedy-Warren, 3133 Connecticut avenue northwest.

Greek Minister Opens Exhibit of Ceramics



Demetrios Sicilianos, the Greek Minister, examines examples of Hellenic ceramic art, the processes of which died with the classic era.

Franco to Attack Within Two Days

By the Associated Press.

Hendaye, Franco-Spanish Frontier, Nov. 15.—Insurgent officers at Irún asserted today that ten Russian and four Czechoslovak officers had arrived in Spain to help direct the Spanish government's defense against the imminent insurgent offensive.

First phase of this drive, insurgent sources said, would be launched this week—within two days if weather permits—with Almería, port on the southern coast, as first objective.

Insurgent officers spoke of the drive as Generalissimo Francisco's "supreme" offensive, designed to smash government resistance before winter sets in.

The thrust at Almería, it was indicated, would be followed quickly by a drive on the Aragon front, in northeastern Spain, where insurgents would try to hammer their way to the sea.

The coming offensive was more freely discussed in insurgent quarters, indicating preparations were completed.

Cuban Senate Head Quits.

Havana, Nov. 15 (AP).—The Senate tonight voted to accept resignation of its president, Dr. Lucilio de la Pena, who said he had been slighted in "precedence" at an official function.

Grecian Minister Talks on Lost Art At Pottery Exhibit

By the Associated Press.

A lost art was depicted yesterday by Demetrios Sicilianos, Hellenic Minister, at the opening of an exhibition of Greek ceramics at the Caravel Shop, 1603 Connecticut avenue.

Sicilianos, owner of a noted pottery collection, said that knowledge of the exact methods employed by the ancient Greeks in the manufacture of their terra cotta were died out with the classic era, never to be rediscovered. Most of the products were made for export to Italy, he added.

Reproductions of Minoan plaques on the walls of the exhibition room moved the minister to a brief description of Cretan civilization, which, he said, was unknown to the great classic artists who followed it by a thousand years.

The display, exhibited by Peter Floros, consists of hand-made copies of Minoan, Mycenaean and Attic pottery, manufactured by "Keramikos" of Athens. Museum pieces ranging from the middle Minoan period (2100-1550 B. C.) to the Attic period (sixth and fifth centuries B. C.) are included in the display. The exhibition will close December 1.

'Offensive' in Air Urged for Britain

By the Associated Press.

London, Nov. 15.—Safeguards for the British Empire against airplane attacks were outlined by Sir Samuel Hoare, home secretary, when he moved second reading of the air raids precautions bill in Commons today.

His plan envisaged: 1. An air force strong enough, always to maintain the offensive. 2. Antiaircraft guns, searchlights and other ground weapons. 3. Precautions against panic in raids and maintenance of services without which a civilized community cannot exist will be maintained.

The house also heard Viscount Cranborne, undersecretary of state for foreign affairs, repledge British aid to Egypt if she were attacked. Hoare warned that a medium-sized bomber could start 150 fires with small incendiary bombs. He asserted that 300 tons of bombs were dropped on England in the whole World War, but that "today as great a tonnage could be dropped in 24 hours, and that scale could be maintained for many days."

Halifax Ready For Parley on Reich Colonies

Viscount to Leave Today for Berlin; Eden's Opposition Denied.

By the Associated Press.

London, Nov. 15.—Viscount Halifax will leave London tomorrow for Germany to hear on behalf of the British government Chancellor Adolf Hitler's plans for changing the map of the world.

The announcement set at rest reports the conference might be called off because of Nazi resentment of British press speculations.

Other reports that Anthony Eden, foreign secretary, opposed the journey were denied.

Although informed persons said it was unlikely Lord Halifax and Hitler would get further than discussion of generalities, it was believed Germany's colonial aspirations would come under review.

Press reports said Germany was ready to declare a truce on the colonial question in return for a free hand in central Europe.

Informed persons pointed out these might have been inspired by Italy. They recalled that Rome still fears German domination of Austria. They suggested that Premier Mussolini's recent declaration that Germany "must regain the place which is due it and which it used to have beneath the African sun" might mean that Mussolini was stumping for restoration of German colonies in the hope that would keep Hitler from raiding central Europe.

MacDonald's Body Lies In Bermuda Cathedral

Hamilton, Bermuda, Nov. 15 (AP).—The body of Ramsay MacDonald, former British prime minister, was taken from the steamship Reina del Pacifico today and escorted by a guard of honor to the cathedral to lie in state until tomorrow.

MacDonald died last Tuesday night on the vessel while en route to South America. The British cruiser Apollo will leave with the body tomorrow for Plymouth, England.

Cummings Asks Funds.

By the Associated Press.

Attorney General Cummings said yesterday he would ask Congress for funds with which to increase personnel of the Federal probation system. If probations are carefully chosen and supervised, "we can work wonders with rehabilitation," he said.

Fascist Calls Tardieu a Liar In Answer to Cry of 'Traitor'

De La Roque Received 250,000 Francs of Official French Bribery Money, Ex-Premier Testifies at Heated Slander Trial of 15.

By the Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 15.—Former Premier Andre Tardieu, in a courtroom alternately ringing with cheers and laughter, today faced Col. Francois de la Roque, French Fascist leader, and called him a "traitor."

Tardieu was testifying on behalf of 15 men whom De la Roque had sued for slander on the ground they had charged him with accepting government "secret funds."

Tardieu declared these charges were true, that De la Roque, formerly chief of the disbanded Fascist Croix de Feu, actually had received 250,000 francs (about \$8,300) in government bribe money for his

pledges of support. He concluded his testimony with:

"De la Roque is a traitor. He always has been a worker for his own profit. I address myself to the fine men he betrayed and affirm that in telling the truth about their unworthy chief it is they I wish to serve."

Tardieu said his successor as premier Pierre Laval, continued the payments to the rightist leader.

De la Roque, scarcely audible in the stormy courtroom, shouted: "Tardieu has lied!"

Back came the former Premier: "De la Roque is the last person to give me that insult. The saying

has become a proverb, 'a liar like De la Roque'."

Earlier De la Roque's admission that he had written Tardieu letters containing phrases like, "I am ready to put myself at your orders," raised rounds of derisive laughter.

A number of prominent politicians and writers took the stand as defendants and admitted charging De la Roque with accepting "secret funds."

The trial will continue tomorrow.

FOR Baby's Cold
Help end it quicker without "dosing."
VICKS
VapoRub
PROVED BY 2 GENERATIONS

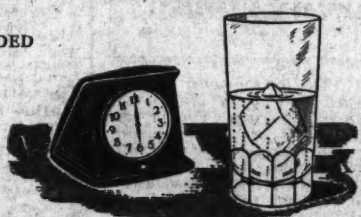
LOUIS ABRAHAMSON
GEMS ON JEWELRY
2500 R. E. AVE. N.E.
711 0 SE. N.W.
CASH FOR YOUR OLD GOLD

ITS PRICE IS AS PLEASING AS ITS TASTE

Gilbey's Distilled London Dry Gin, 90 proof, made from 100% grain neutral spirits.
Copyright 1937—NATIONAL DISTILLERS' PRODUCTS CORP., New York, N. Y.

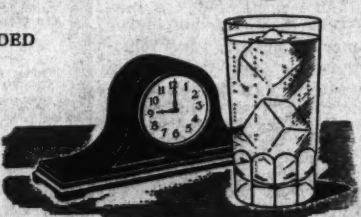
After office a short one

AND YOU'RE HEADED FOR A PLEASANT DINNER



After dinner a long one

AND YOU'RE HEADED FOR A PLEASANT EVENING



JOHNNIE WALKER

When a good day's work is done, there's a real "welcome home" in a short Johnnie Walker before dinner. And after dinner it's always sensible to keep yours Johnnie Walker.

Because there's no better whisky than Scotch, and Johnnie Walker is Scotch at its best.

Johnnie Walker Red Label Is all 8 years old. Black Label, 12. Both are 86.8 proof.



JOHNNIE WALKER
BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY

CANADA DRY GINGER ALE, INC. NEW YORK, N. Y.; SOLE DISTRIBUTOR
Local Distributor:
Washington Wholesale Liquor Corp.
1119—21st St. N. W., Washington

We'll bet you 10 miles that you'll want 10,000

NEW 1938 STUDEBAKER

We say that a 10-mile drive in this amazing new Studebaker will prove that it responds as quickly as a trigger to your touch... that it takes the humps out of highways and the curves out of concrete... steers as easily as a bicycle... swoops ahead like a pheasant taking off!

DRIVE... THEN DECIDE

BIG, ROOMY, 6-PASS. SEDAN WITH EXTRA LARGE TRUNK
\$998 COMPLETE NOTHING MORE TO PAY
DELIVERED IN WASHINGTON

ST behind the wheel of this big new 1938 Studebaker for 10 miles... put it to every difficult test you can think of! If you do, we know you'll want to drive it at least 10,000 miles the first year—to say nothing of future years—because it's so far ahead of anything you've been accustomed to.

Amazing is the only word that describes how this vigorous, sweet-running 1938 Studebaker handles and performs. And to get the proof, you put up nothing but your time. The 10-mile drive in this powerful, good looking, completely new, 1938 Studebaker is our treat.

Don't do anything about any car until you see how this great challenger runs rings around the rest... and then get a still bigger surprise when you find that this handsome 1938 Studebaker costs just a few cents a day more than a small, light car.

CURVES ARE LIKE THE STRAIGHT-AWAY to this magnificently balanced 1938 Studebaker with its independent planar suspension and symmetrical, direct-action steering. The car responds to your touch on the wheel as obediently as a bicycle. Center of gravity is only 25 inches from the ground.

IMPRESSIVE GAS AND OIL SAVINGS give this Studebaker the operating economy of a smaller, lighter car. It probably won't use half a gallon of gas on your 10-mile trip. And its built-in Fram oil economizer cuts down oil replenishments sensationally.

GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH—GET THESE STUDEBAKER FEATURES!
Independent planar suspension... Symmetrical direct-action steering... Finest hydraulic shock absorbers... Non-slam safety door latches... Fram oil economizer... Overwise trunk... Horizontal transmission... Hypoid gear rear axle... Safety glass all around—standard equipment on all models... Automatic hill holder standard on Commander and President—Miracle shift optional at slight added cost. Low cost C. I. T. budget payment terms available.

1138 Conn. Ave. N. W. LEE D. BUTLER, INC. Phone District 0110
ALBER & McNEIL 1418 P St. N. W. WISCONSIN MOTORS, INC. 3110 M St. N. W. NORRIS, INC. 2018 14th St. N. W.
COLLEGE PARK AUTO PLACE College Park, Md. HAINES MOTOR CO. 6503 Ga. Ave. N. W. POTTER MOTOR CO. Silver Spring, Md. BOYD-CARLIN MOTOR CO. Alexandria, Va.

"MARRIED BEFORE BREAKFAST,"
Robert Young, Florence Rice
and
"FLIGHT FROM GLORY."

MARY HAWORTH'S MAIL

Should She Send Birthday Card to Man Who Bluntly Cast Her Off After Five Years' Courtship?

DEAR MARY HAYWORTH: Six months ago the man I had been going with steadily for five years informed me in very blunt language that he was breaking off with me, had no intention of marrying me, that I didn't measure up to his requirements of a wife. I thought it took him a long time to find out that I didn't measure up, and I'll admit I was badly broken up over the affair and still am.

He has a birthday next week and as it was one of the days we always spent together I am wondering if it would be entirely out of order for me to send him a birthday card? I have neither seen nor heard from him since we parted but I do know he is still in the city.

LOUELLA.

DEAR LOUELLA: Don't send the man a birthday card. The gesture would be too friendly even, too boot-licking, in view of his callous cruelty. If the anniversary holds any memories of past, happier days association with you, those memories will flood his mind without the reminder of a greeting card. And if there is any possibility of his ever coming back to you, he will come back more quickly and in a more properly apologetic frame of mind if you withhold all come-hither signs.

M. H.

Wife's "Delicate Problem."

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: Please tell me what to do. I have a delicate problem to solve. My husband says I am a wonderful wife in every respect save one—that of our physical relationship. How is a woman to acquire the special knowledge necessary for completely happy marriage? I don't like to concede a divorce on the basis of such a failure. Sincerely, DISTRESSED WIFE.

DEAR D. W.: Confronted by such a dilemma, a resourceful wife should avail herself of the counsel of a truly enlightened, sympathetic and understanding physician. He will explain to her much that she needs to know and, in all probability, will suggest a course of instructive reading. One of the finest books on this subject that has come to my attention is "Ideal Marriage," by Theodore Van de Velde, which is available at bookstores and in the book departments of department stores.

Your husband, by the way, is not altogether blameless in this situation. If he himself were properly educated in his matrimonial responsibilities, he would neither hold you to guilty account for your ignorance nor thrust responsibility for such education on your own or a physician's shoulders. However, nothing is to be gained by accusing him of counter-ignorance. Accept his challenge in all humility and follow the course outlined above.

M. H.

Wronged Girl Asks Help.

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a girl, my teens. I was going with a young man in his early twenties. He is very attractive, and I have always been considered good looking and popular. Now I am going to have a baby and this man has gone off and married another girl whom he had gone with before he met me. He had asked me to marry him before this thing happened, and I had put him off. What am I to do? Sometimes I feel like killing myself because I don't want my parents to find out. Is there any place I could go to have the baby, where the baby would be kept and taken care of afterwards? I didn't realize what a wrong and foolish thing I was doing, and have always been considered a good character. Please help me. WORRIED GIRL.

DEAR WORRIED: In a case of this kind, if a girl can depend upon

her parents for aid and protection, she should take her problem to them, rather than consult anyone else. However, if she knows definitely that they are not to be counted on; if she fears their outraged, accusatory wrath; or feels their knowledge of her plight would make it twice grievous, she can always go to a Florence Crittenton Home, of which there is one in Washington at 4759 Reservoir road northwest.

Miss Ann Rogers is the case worker there, and you can make an appointment for interview by telephoning EMBURY 4300. This home was established in the eighties for the purpose of providing social and medical protection to unmarried expectant mothers during the months before, and for six months after, the child is born. The mother is helped in rehabilitating her life, providing she cannot turn to family or friends. If she insists on giving her child to foster parents, she is told the proper agencies to approach in placing the child for adoption.

The girl who wishes to guard the secret of her approaching motherhood from family and friends may take up residence at the Florence Crittenton Home as early in pregnancy as she wishes. Miss Rogers tells me some girls enter as early as the fourth month of their pregnancy, while others wait until a much shorter time before the baby's arrival. It is up to the girl to decide.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problem. Write her in care of The Post's Women's Page.

Capital Statistician Goes to See Quints

Dr. Rachael Jess, statistician in charge of growth studies of the Child Development Bureau, United States Department of Labor, was among 350 persons who went to Callander, Ontario, recently to study scientific development of the Dionne quintuplets. Dr. Jess reports the quints are an "interesting study." Guests at the conference included scientists, doctors, dentists, psychologists and educators from the United States, Canada and Europe.

Your Figure, Madame!

Reducing Diets Must Contain Optimum of Protective Foods.

Menus Rich in Proteins Keep Up High Spirits While Slimming.

By Ida Jean Kain.

YOUR reducing diet should get you down in weight, but not in spirits. There is no reason why a slimming menu should not be as full of vitamins and minerals as a tonic.

You are entitled to the abundant diet even though you are overweight. Of course, this does not refer to calories, but rather to the protective foods which assure well-being. I am not going to button-hole you with scientific data, but I do want you to be on familiar terms with the foods which will keep you in the pink of condition as you lose weight.

It is becoming increasingly apparent that the word adequate optimum where the protective foods are under consideration. Numerous experiments have shown that by increasing a single dietary factor in an apparently adequate diet, well-being may be markedly enhanced. Since it is true that an optimum supply of protein, minerals and vitamins maintains vitality at a high level, then in reducing—which is somewhat of a drain on the system—it is especially important that the restricted diet contain optimum amounts of the protective elements.

High Protein Desirable.

Science now favors a diet high in protein for the reducer. It has been demonstrated that a liberal serving of lean meat, two eggs, two glasses of skimmed milk or buttermilk or cheese, helps the reducer to feel well fed while reducing, but they have the added advantage of stimulating the burning of fat in the body and thus slightly increasing the rate of weight loss. A reducing diet which fails to supply adequate amounts of good protein is unsafe.

The word "abundant" as applied to vitamins is more important than ever if you are reducing. On very limited calorie allowance you must follow the rule "no food without vitamins" to get the vitamins needed for health. On a 1,000-calorie dietary, the 1,000 calories must be in form of protective foods. To insure even adequate



An abundant diet gives you pep.

amounts of vitamins and minerals you must have every day one glass of fruit juice and a second fruit; two cooked vegetables, one green; some raw vegetables; a minimum of 1½ pats of butter; three slices of whole grain bread, plus lean meat. By careful calculation you can get that amount of food in 1,000 calories. Of course, it leaves no room for desserts or other extras.

Menu Offered.

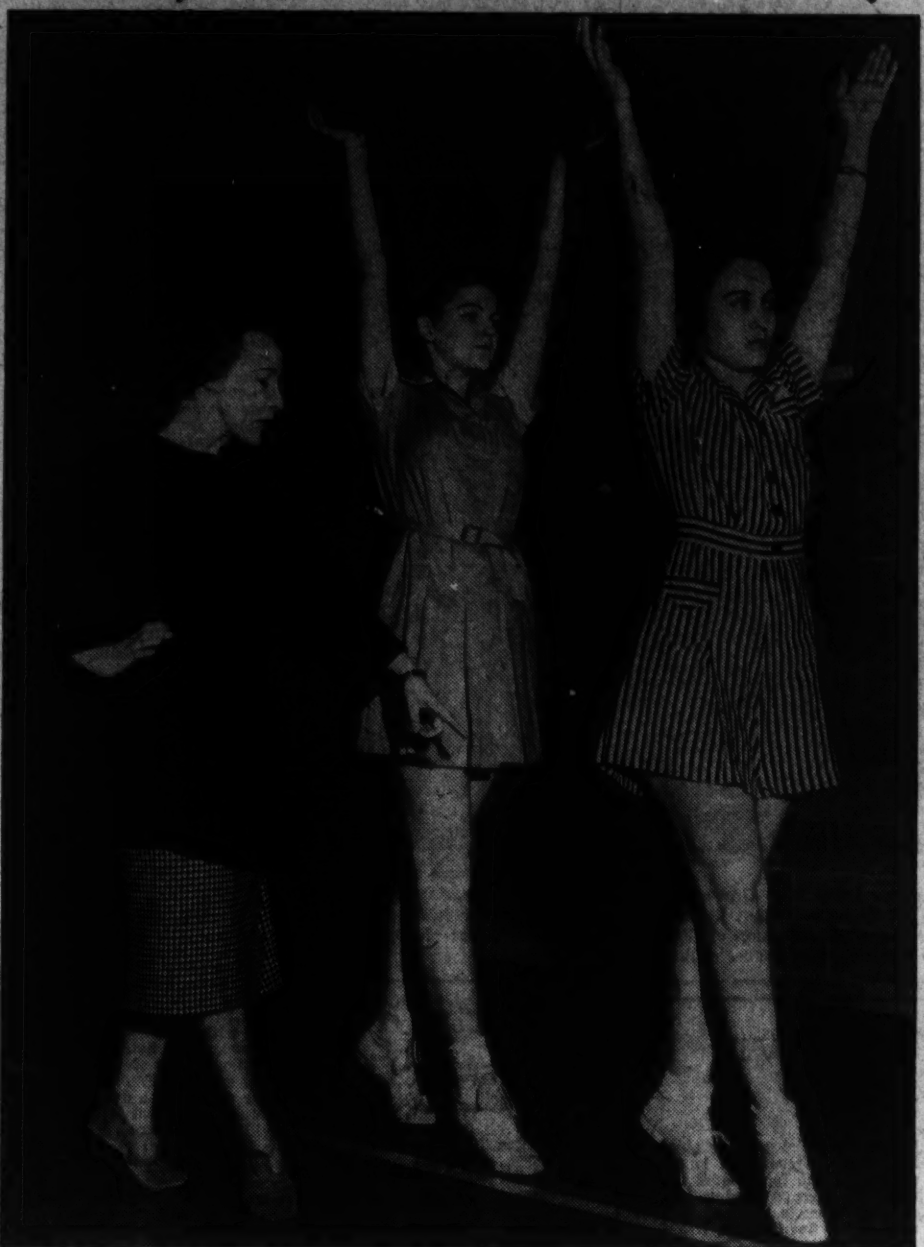
The reducer who is on a more liberal diet has a better time of it, since she can do as she pleases with 200 to 600 calories.

Today's menu is an example of how the essentials can be included in the menu to keep you fit while losing 2 pounds a week.

BALANCED REDUCING MENU.

GRANOLA, 1 glass. 50
Soft boiled egg, 1. 75
Whole wheat toast, 2 slices. 10
Butter, 1 pat. 25
Canned carrots, 1 can. 40
Coffee, clear. 25
LUNCHEON.
Fresh spinach with sliced hard-boiled egg. 100
Pineapple and cottage cheese salad. 100
Baked crackers, 2 double. 50
Skimmed milk, 1 glass. 50
DINNER.
Meat loaf with tomato sauce, 1 slice. 200
Baked potato. 100
Butter, 1 pat. 25
Canned carrots, 1 can. 40
Canned apricots, 3 whole. 200
TOTAL CALORIES FOR DAY. 1,000
Before reducing, vitamin A capsule. 1,000
Copyright, 1937, by The Washington Post.

Rhythm and Balance Aids to Grace



Following the directions of Mrs. Elizabeth Giles, left, director of District Community Center Activities of the Public School System, two pupils, Miss Caroline Perrow and Miss Ruth Edesof, at right, strive for co-ordination by standing with hands lifted high above head with palms turned outward and weight balanced on their toes.

'Muscular Co-ordination' Is Need Of Tired, Jaded Business Woman

Elizabeth Giles, Who Teaches Esthetic Dancing to Government Employees, Says Rhythmic Exercise Rests the Body and Quickens the Mind.

By Genevieve Reynolds.

IF YOU are a businesswoman and find yourself getting jaded on the job, the probabilities are that it is not rest you need, but dancing.

Rhythmic exercise, such as is afforded by esthetic dancing, not only rests the body, but makes the mind work faster, maintains Mrs. Elizabeth Giles, who is directing classes in such dancing for women Government employees.

These classes are held at night in the various schools throughout the city in connection with the recreation department of the Community Center of the District public school system. The aims of the classes are to offer girls beneficial exercises at a nominal amount and to make a social part in Washington life.

"Too many girls working in offices go dejectedly home and flop in the nearest chair or bed, resignedly accepting fatigue and the loss of their figure from long hours of sitting and no exercise," says Mrs. Giles. "In following this schedule they many develop bad posture faults and lose their zest for living besides coming self-conscious and awkward."

By exercising, Mrs. Giles explained, the circulatory system is cleared of lethargy and greater co-ordination of the mind and body results. Thus, amazing as it seems, fatigue disappears, indigestion is banished and renewed vigor is felt in the body.

Mrs. Giles emphasizes physical fitness as the basis of poise. "Poise," she says, "is a requirement for charm and it can best be obtained through exercises, provided particular attention is given to each girl's special need and defect. The best results are obtained when the exercises are done consistently, happily and with complete abandon of spirit as well as body."

In her esthetic dancing classes

BUY KLEENEX in the Serv-a-Tissue BOX!



The Serv-a-Tissue box is the regular 200 sheet KLEENEX package. An old favorite has a new name! Only Kleenex disposable tissues have this unique advantage.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO. Free Parking—911 Bladensburg Rd. at 10th & N Sts. N.E.

Today's HEALTH TALK

by Logan Clendenning, M. D.

Doctors Co-operate.

I said yesterday that the great improvement which has occurred in the eradication of cancer comes when teams of physicians—pathologist, surgeon and radiologist—pool their knowledge and technique.

The way the routine works out is as follows: A patient applies for advice concerning a suspicious spot—perhaps it is a little rough spot or ulceration on the skin or a lump in the breast. Nobody can say certainly whether it is cancer or not simply by looking at it. The surgeon removes part of it, of course, under some form of anesthesia, and turns it over to the pathologist, who makes a thin section, stains it, puts it under the microscope, and then can tell by the cell structure the nature of the process. If the cancer cells have escaped from their original location into the neighborhood lymph nodes, the X-ray or radium is applied several times in the course of convalescence. Sometimes, if the experience and judgment of the group think best, radium is applied primarily instead of surgery and, of course, the same is true of X-ray.

It is the development in the skill of all members of these groups that has made the treatment of cancer today so much more cheerful and successful. There are groups of this kind, either formally banded together or potentially available, in all our large cities. The ideal at which all cancer institutions should aim is three pre-eminent organizations—the three best in the world. One is the Memorial Hospital in New York, one is in Stockholm, and one in Paris.

Sweden, being probably the most progressive country in the world today, the arrangements there are in some ways the best. The physicians in New York tell me that their work suffers somewhat from the fact that they have no funds to provide transportation for their patients, and for that reason they do not always return for re-examination and possible treatment at short intervals. In Sweden, they not only have transportation funds, but special officials who bring the patients back when they want them.

In the treatment of cancer today, one of the principal elements in success is the co-operation and intelligence of the patient. Therefore, the day has gone by when subterfuge has to be used in keeping the diagnosis a secret from the patient. And, therefore, an open discussion so that the patient with cancer will come to the doctor as early as possible, is meeting with general approval.

Leopard Outfit.

A leopard hat with gauntlet leopard gloves are a new addition to Myrna Loy's wardrobe. The hat is high-crowned and worn on one side of the head. Black suede button ornament the hat center back while the same buttons, slightly smaller, decorate the gloves. The movie star wears her leopard set with simple black dresses.

Tunic Blouses Styled On Greyhound Lines

Paris U.P.—With "greyhound" lines Mainbocher's ideal for daytime, slim tunic blouses are shown with dark suits and handkerchiefs come well down over the hip-line instead of stopping at the waist. The illusion of the length is achieved on dresses with stitching or heading to give a two-piece effect in front with natural waist-line in back, detail accentuates the bustline and gives a long, slim waist, and suit coats are from hip to three-quarter length.



\$5.00 \$2.00

Introducing the New

KAYSER GIRDLES

\$2 to \$5

Kayser, pioneer maker of fine underwear, now presents a new line of girdles. Correctly shaped... smartly styled... beautifully made of fine two-way stretch Lastex woven with rayon and cotton. In addition to the 14 and 15 inch lengths we have some styles in the 16-inch length. Sizes 24, 26, 28 and 30.

Underwear—Street Floor

Kann's

District 7200

MENUS FOR TODAY

BREAKFAST	FRENCH FRIED CAULIFLOWER
Tokay grapes	1 medium sized cauliflower
Cooked cereal Top milk	1 egg beaten
Canadian bacon	¼ teaspoon of lemon juice
Hot biscuits Honey	¼ teaspoon of salt
Coffee Milk for children	Dash of pepper
LUNCH	Dash of paprika
Black bean soup with lemon garnish	Cracker crumbs
Waldorf salad	Wash and separate the cauliflower
Wholewheat bread	er into flowerlets. Drop into boiling
Sliced peaches Cookies	salted water and cook for 10
Hot tea	minutes. Beat the egg. Add salt,
DINNER	pepper and lemon juice. Roll in
Curried lamb and rice	cracker crumbs
French fried cauliflower	Prepare the deep fat by heating
Hot rolls Jam	to a temperature of 370 degrees.
Grape and banana salad	Drop the crumbed cauliflower into
Cheese crackers	the hot fat and cook until golden
	brown. Drain on unglazed paper.

THIS WEEK Special

Have Your Photograph Taken

Our Popular \$1 Beautifully Vignetted

PHOTO STUDIO DOWNSTAIRS BOOKSTORE

Kann's

APPOINTMENT NEEDED

It's Time to Think About "Her" Christmas!



Lovely Yolande UNDIES

—Here's a collection to make your head swim if you love beautiful lingerie! Fine silk crepes and shimmering satins with the most exquisite hand embroidery, hand-run Alencon laces and meticulous hand finishing (seams machine-sewn for strength). In all, a thrilling array and it is our suggestion that you come in early to avoid the Christmas rush!

- Gowns \$7.95 to \$19.95
- Pajamas \$7.95
- Slips \$2.95 to \$7.95
- Panties \$1.95 to \$3.95

Kann's

SECOND FLOOR

Tallulah Bankhead, in House Speaker's Gallery as Father Calls Special Session to Order, Declares It a 'Poor Show'

"Too Noisy, Like a Bunch of Bad Boys," Says Actress Attending First Opening; Spanish Envoy Heads Small Group of Diplomats.

By Hope Ridings Miller,
The Post Society Editor.

"What'd I think about it? Well they were all too noisy, like a bunch of bad boys. They didn't speak up so they could be heard—but everybody talked all the time. The acoustics was bad, the lighting was bad—or something. Poor show."

Mrs. John Emory, better known as Tallulah Bankhead, actress and daughter of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, flung these words across her shoulder as she threaded through the gallery crowd after witnessing a Congressional opening for the first time. A small figure, wearing a natty red wool dress and a peaked black velvet hat with a veil, she pressed on through the throng and disappeared into her father's office, her tall, handsome husband and a curious crowd at her heels.

For well over an hour she had been a center of attention, as she sat in the Speaker's row of the House gallery. Her chin in her hands, she had leaned forward, watching proceedings with the eye of a professional performer who expects the show to run along without a bobble. Next to her sat her husband, and on the other side Mrs. William B. Bankhead's sister, Mrs. Marie B. Owen, of Montgomery, Ala. In the same row were Mrs. John Saffold, of Montgomery, and her granddaughter, Miss Marian Oates, who came down from school in New York to attend the opening; the Speaker's wife, in a black ensemble, and Mrs. Charles Linthicum.

Meanwhile, down on the House floor a back-slapping, hand-shaking scene was being enacted to the tune of a hub-bub that droned into silence only after a siege of insistent gavel-tapping by the Speaker. To all appearances, the "bunch of bad boys" were glad to see each other again, and they made no bones about it.

Mrs. Jencks Arrives Early

First feminine legislator to come on the floor was Representative Virginia Jencks, in a black crepe frock with a satin sash and satin accents on the sleeves. Representative Mary T. Norton was next, wearing a tailored blue dress with a garland of gardenias. Orchids were on the shoulder of Representative Edith Nourse Rogers and gardenias were pinned to the black fox neckpiece she carried across her arm as she mingled with colleagues on the Republican side of the House and ventured over to greet Democratic friends.

Representative Caroline O'Day, whose simple black dress was set off with a string of pearls, knotted at the throat, and Representative Nan Wood Honeyman, in a black frock trimmed with a wide rose collar were the last feminine members to arrive, but they were in hand a good quarter of an hour before the session was opened formally.

Gallery spectators soon singled out some of the more prominent members on the floor, including the House Majority Leader, Representative Sam Rayburn, the Minority Leader and Representative Bertrand Snell, who were on hand at their respective tables well ahead of the opening bell. A newcomer in Congress who got plenty of attention was Representative Bruce Barton, splendidly turned out for the occasion in a snappy brown business suit.

While newsmen cameras were focused on the Speaker's platform and the crowd was settling down to hear the President's message, the Senate was also snapping into action.

President, a broad smile on his face and his gavel in hand, had obligingly posed for pictures, the galleries had been filled, and Senators were settling into their accustomed places.

Special Notables in Senate Gallery

Over in the gallery, set aside for families and friends of members were many faces familiar to Washington society. On a front row sat Mrs. William E. Borah, in a brown costume-topped with a brown hat circled with a gold band. With her was Mrs. Louis Caldwell and the line down the line were Miss Pauletta Guffey, sister of Senator Guffey, and Mrs. J. Fred Essary.

In the next row was Mrs. Arthur Vandenberg, in a chic black sailor hat with a veil and a black coat, who came in with Mrs. William P. McCracken. Mrs. Starnes Reed was in the same section; also Mrs. Edward Burke, Mrs. James Hamilton Lewis, a regular attendant at Congressional openings, was there yesterday. She and Senator Lewis returned to Washington Saturday from a trip abroad.

Among others glimpsed in the gallery were Mrs. Millard Tydings and her mother, Mrs. Emlen Knight Davies; Mrs. Bennett Clark in a black ensemble; Mrs. Edward E. (Do) Gurnea in a sable cape over a plum-colored crepe frock. Mrs. John Bankhead and Mrs. John E. Miller, wife of the new Senator from Arkansas.

With Mrs. Miller were her daughter, Miss Mary Louise Miller, John Miller, Jr. and Mrs. E. S. McKinnery, of Greenwich, Conn. This party was all attention as the new Senator from Arkansas walked up the aisle to be presented by Senator Hattie Caraway. The latter, whose complete ensembles are usually black, had brightened up her outfit yesterday with a couple of orchids and a floppy silver bow on her shoulder.

Senator Dixie Bibb Graves came in for a good deal of attention, too, especially from her husband, Gov. Graves of Alabama, who arrived in Washington yesterday especially to attend the opening. Later, he and his wife were guests of the Speaker of the House and Mrs. William Bankhead at a luncheon in the Speaker's dining room. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Emory, Mrs. Charles Linthicum, Mrs. Owen, Mrs. Saffold and Miss Oates. Shortly after the luncheon the Emorys left for New York.

Keens Announce Engagement of Their Daughter

Miss Ann Keen Will Wed Lundeen Steele in Oregon Next Spring.

Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Hugh B. Keen announce the engagement of their daughter, Ann Keen, to Lundeen V. Steele, of Washington. The wedding will take place in the early spring in Corvallis, Ore., where Col. Keen is at present on duty.

The bride-to-be is the granddaughter of Mr. A. Brooke Chamblin, of Warrenton, Va. She is a graduate of Stuart Hall and has been living in Washington for the past two years.

Mr. Steele is the son of Maj. Gen. Harry L. Steele, U. S. A., retired, and Mrs. Steele, who are now living in California.

Washington friends of Mr. and Mrs. Harold P. Gillespie have received word of a daughter born to them November 2, in the Kapilani Hospital, Honolulu.

The mother is the former Katherine Rhoads Stark, daughter of Rear Admiral and Mrs. H. R. Stark, who attended the National Cathedral School here. Mr. Gillespie is manager of the Honolulu branch office of the Federal Reserve Finance Corporation.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. McKeever will present their daughter, Miss Regina McKeever, at a tea dance on December 29 at their home.

Miss McKeever is interested in art and is combining her debutante festivities with studies at Corcoran Art School.

Mrs. William Laird Dunlop, jr., has selected Tuesday evening, December 21, as the date of the annual black and white ball. This party, which is given for all debutantes in Washington, was originally to have been held during the Thanksgiving holidays, as in former years, but owing to the Army-Navy game that week-end it was postponed.

The ball will be held at the Mayflower, as usual, and mid-night supper will be served. Theme songs this year will again be "Stay as Sweet as You Are" and "Just the Way You Look Tonight."

Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Trussell will entertain at dinner tomorrow evening in honor of Miss Margaret Ayers and her fiancé, Frederick William Weigert.

Later Mr. and Mrs. Trussell will take their guests to the Pi Beta Phi Alumnae Club dance at Kenwood. Among others who will have guests at dinner before the dance are Dr. and Mrs. James N. Greear, jr., and Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Pledger.

Rear Admiral R. R. Waesche, commandant of the Coast Guard, has returned to Washington from an inspection trip of Cape Cod Coast Guard facilities and a conference with officers of the Boston Division.

Mrs. Guy Henry, wife of Gen. Henry, U. S. A., was the guest in honor Mrs. Archibald Miller entertained at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's. Gen. Henry is now stationed at Fort Riley, Kans.

The Financial Counselor of the British Embassy, E. N. R. Trentham, and Mrs. Trentham, have returned to Washington and are established at the Shoreham. Mrs. Trentham is the former Miss Mary Dobbin and their marriage took place in New York City on November 4.

Mrs. Paul Mayo, who had been stopping at the Carlton Hotel for the last few days, has left for her home, "Greystone, in Evergreen, Colo., where she will join her two young children, bringing them back to the Carlton within the next two weeks, to await the opening of her home here.

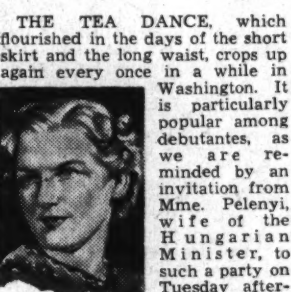
Mrs. William T. Hildrup, who is staying at the Carlton Hotel during her visit of several weeks in



Reading in the usual order are Senator Dixie Bibb Graves; the Speaker of the House, Representative William Bankhead, and the latter's glamorous daughter, Tallulah Bankhead. With her husband, John Emory, the actress was present for the opening session of Congress yesterday, and was photographed with her father and Senator Graves at luncheon afterwards.

About the Town

With Dudley Harmon



DUDLEY HARMON

THE TEA DANCE, which flourished in the days of the short skirt and the long waist, crops up again every once in a while in Washington. It is particularly popular among debutantes, as we are reminded by an invitation from Mme. Peleny, wife of the Hungarian Minister, to such a party on Tuesday afternoon, November 23, in honor of Miss Sylvia Szechenyi.

The parents of Miss Sylvia are Count and Countess Lasso Szechenyi, whose gray stone home at 2229 Massachusetts avenue now is occupied by the German Ambassador and Frau Dieckhoff. The dancing Count Szechenyi was formerly Hungarian Minister here, and his family have for the last few months been at the Breakers, Newport home built by the Countess' parents, the late Commodore and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

The Hungarian legation on Eighteenth street will be the scene of the tea dance. Because it is not quite big enough to hold all the people whom Mme. Peleny would like to invite, she is obliged to limit her guests to members of the younger set, mostly from the diplomatic corps.

Miss Szechenyi, who arrives next week, will stay with her sister, Mrs. Eugene Roberts. It is possible that Countess Szechenyi may come here for the party at the last moment, all depending on the weather.

AFTERTHOUGHTS on the private opening of the Washington Gallery of the Museum of Modern Art on Sunday evening: One of the Renoirs on display is insured for \$100,000, a member of the committee tells us. . . . A prominent Washington woman was seen the other night standing earnestly before a Gauguin, and every few minutes intently scribbling something on her program. Peeking over her shoulder, we saw that she had written some half a dozen times, the words "C'est bon, ça" . . . It would be hard to decide whether Miss Mabel Boardman or Mrs. Dwight Davis, chairman of the gallery, wore the more magnificent silver fox cape. Each wrap came well

below the waist and the skins of both were marvelously long and thick. The mink must be distinct by now, to judge by the number of coats made of this fur seen at the opening. . . . Washingtonians just won't hurry over their dinners, even for art. Although parties given before the opening were set for 7:30, almost nobody showed up until 10.

MR. AND MRS. C. MATHEWS DICK, who are in London, will sail tomorrow on the Normandie to return to this country. They will come to Washington on Thursday, November 25. . . . Mrs. Amory Perkins and Mrs. Blaise de Sibour will entertain at another cocktail party tomorrow for the former's niece, Miss Leita Amory. The party will be held at Mrs. de Sibour's home on Bancroft place.

KATHLEEN COMEGYS, whose name appears on the program of the new play "The Ghost of Yankee Doodle," is a niece of Civil Service Commissioner Lucille Benton McMillan. Mrs. McMillan was too busy last evening to appear at the National, but expects to be "among those present" tonight.

Miss Comegys has played many important roles in her stage career and has been leading lady in stock companies in Cincinnati, Birmingham and other cities. She is stopping at the Hay-Adams.

ROPER'S HONOR GUESTS AT BIGGERS' DINNER

The Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Daniel C. Roper were ranking guests at a small dinner given last evening by Mr. and Mrs. John D. Biggers in their apartment at the Carlton Hotel. Mr. Biggers is head of the Unemployment Census now being conducted. The other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Walter White and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Robinson.

Washington, entertained Bishop James E. Freeman and Mrs. Freeman at luncheon yesterday in the main dining room of the Carlton. Mrs. Hildrup arrived in Washington recently from the St. Regis in New York City.

Bernard M. Baruch is in Washington again for a few days, having arrived from New York City. He is stopping at the Carlton.

Mrs. Jean Woods has arrived from her home in Australia after a tour of the Orient, Hawaii and Canada. While in Washington she is the guest of the Rev. and Mrs. J. A. Winn, of 3336 Thirtieth street.

Mrs. Neith King will entertain at a tea on Sunday, December 5, in the Ball room of the Raleigh Hotel.

MOVING AROUND THE CORNER OR AROUND THE WORLD

Merchants' TRANSFER & STORAGE CO. NATIONAL 6900

Throng Attends Reception at Cuban Embassy

Mmes. Hull, Morgenthau and McCracken Are Among Guests.

By Elizabeth Ford.

At the Cuban Embassy yesterday afternoon, between 5 and 7, the reception in honor of Dr. Antonio Benitez Mendia, the Mayor of Havana, smashed all records for the embassy's popular parties. Up those red-carpeted steps the guests came and came to submit Dr. Mendia to a field day of handshaking he will not lightly forget. Receiving in place of the Cuban Ambassador and host extraordinary, Dr. Pedro Martinez Fraga, whom business unfortunately had delayed him in Havana, were the Minister Counselor and Senora de Baron, who wore a simple gown of statuette black.

Before the affair was over everyone was literally hoarse from repeating "pardon . . . pardon" as the gathering billowed and swept, advanced and retreated from crowded salons to balconies. The vigorous art of conversation flourished everywhere . . . and the Cuban orchestra flourished in the ballroom.

Mrs. Cordell Hull Attends Affair

Recently returned from her two-week vacation in Pinehurst, Mrs. Cordell Hull, wife of the Secretary of State, made a handsome appearance in a black fox cape over a black dress and a black hat with a veil. Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury, had also chosen black for her costume and wore a sealskin cape.

Mrs. William McCracken, in black with a red belt that matched her peaked red hat, arrived at the reception with Mrs. Benjamin Thaw and Mrs. Emory Sands. The latter also wore a dark outfit and a smart black hat trimmed with vivid touches of red.

Mrs. Marshall Encinosa, too, chose a red and black color scheme (maybe the answer to the "strait" black season that has shaken the town by storm).

Others who were there were Mrs. Thomas C. Dawson and her daughter, Miss Lollita Dawson; Mrs. Mondell Gregg, in black; Mrs. Silver Fox and a black Peter Pan hat; Mrs. Emil Hurja, in a black coat with a silver fox collar and a small black hat.

Mrs. Arthur Vandenberg, wife of Senator Vandenberg, was present in a black frock with gold touches at the neck, and a flaring black hat trimmed in gold. Mrs. Lawrence Houghtelling, wife of the Commissioner of Immigration, wore a tweed coat with a fur collar and a brown sports hat.

Mrs. Bloom Is Among Guests

Mrs. Sol Bloom, wife of the Representative from New York, chatting with Witold Wankowicz, Charge d'Affaires of the Polish Embassy, had chosen an ensemble of rich, wine-colored dress and hat. Miss Vera Bloom was in soft gray.

The wife of the First Secretary of the Canadian Legation, Mrs. Merchand Mahoney, was in gold crepe. Her debutante step-daughter, Miss Peggy Mahoney, accompanied her.

Also present were Mrs. Lawrence Wood Robert, in a black coat and black sports hat with a green feather; Baroness von Below in a blue and silver gown with a matching turban; Mrs. Lawrence Townsend in black; the Minister of South Africa, Ralph William Close, and Mrs. Close.

Among the masculine contingent who arrived late were the partying British, well represented by Maj. Heywood and Leander McCormick-Goodhart. Then there were the Minister of Czechoslovakia, Vladimir Hurban; the Minister of Uruguay, J. Riching; the Greek Minister, Demetrios Sicilianos.

Diplomat to Return.

The Rumanian Minister, Charles A. Davila, is expected to come to Washington today from New York, where he arrived on the Queen Mary yesterday from Europe. He will be accompanied by the Counselor of the legation, Mirca Victor Babes, who went to New York to meet him.

Representative at Carlton.

Representative Walter G. Andrews, of Buffalo, N. Y., has arrived in Washington and will stay at the Carlton Hotel during the coming season.

Box Party Given By Mrs. McLean

Mrs. Bowler Hull Entertains Also at 'The Ghost of Yankee Doodle'

Mrs. Evalyn Walsh McLean had a large box party last evening at the National Theater when "The Ghost of Yankee Doodle" opened with Ethel Barrymore in the leading role. Mrs. Bowler Hull, who also had a theater party, entertained at dinner for her guests earlier in the evening.

Among those in the audience last night were Mrs. Blair Bannister, Mrs. Breckinridge Bayne, Mrs. Edgar Copeland, Mrs. Karl Corby, Mrs. Louis G. Caldwell, Mrs. Robert C. Goodale, Miss Pauletta Guffey, Miss Janet Fish, Mrs. Walter Bruce Howe, Mrs. Perry Hestib, Mrs. Edgar Boyd Kay, Miss Laura Harlan, Mrs. Atherton Macdonay.

Also, Mrs. Royal McKenna, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sim Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Lansburgh, Dr. and Mrs. Luther Reichelderfer, Mrs. Howard Sutherland, Mrs. Francis Savage, Mr. and Mrs. George Romney, Mrs. Lee Warren, Mrs. Donald Woodward, Mrs. Sidney Tallaferro and Mrs. Frances Whitten.

The army contingent was well represented by Col. Sherman Miles, Col. Donald Armstrong, Col. Franklin Babcock, Col. B. T. Merchant, Maj. J. T. Selden, Maj. H. B. Smith and Capt. R. W. Winslow.

Representatives from the diplomatic set included the Minister of the Dominican Republic, Andres Pastoriza and also Decio de Moura and J. E. de Sousa Freitas, of the Brazilian Embassy.

Suviches to Attend Play for Children

When the characters of "Hansel and Gretel" walk the board of the National Theater Saturday morning, in the second of the six plays to be given here by the Children's Theater of New York, the wife of the Italian Ambassador, Donna Matilde Suvich, will be on hand with the junior Suviches, for she already has bought tickets for her entire family. Mrs. Howard Taft will be one of those in the audience also.

Others who have bought tickets for themselves or members of the younger set are Mrs. Stephen Early, Mrs. Bennett Champ Clark, Mrs. Burton K. Wheeler, Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss, Mrs. Edward R. Finkenstaedt, Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. Reginald Hudekoper, Mrs. John C. Letts, Mrs. James Alexander Lyon.

WINTER SUITS

FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

at

Julius Garfunkel & Company

Of fine quality. Restrained in style. Individuality is our keynote for the social occasions now creating the demand for suit perfection for daytime, afternoon, cocktails, sports, and informal evenings.

Third floor.

F at Fourteenth

Attention! Antique Owners!

I will purchase for cash any of the following antiques regardless of condition: Highboy, lowboy, tall bed, table, tulard secretary, hano or tall clock, mahogany chest of drawers, Hepplewhite, Sheraton or Chippendale chairs individually or in sets. Any furniture made by Savary or his contemporaries. Fine period mirrors, ball and claw furniture of any description in mahogany or walnut. Early glass or fine china. Early silver in simple pieces or sets, tankards, tea or coffee pots, paring, baby cups or large spoons. Paintings of merit by fine artists. Copley, Sully, Healy, West, Lawrence or any of the early masters. Especially wanted are fine portraits of prominent people by good artists. Miniatures and historical prints. Am also interested in any fine pieces of furniture that would grace a fine and large Colonial home. Any Revolutionary or Civil War material. Old stamp collections, or lots of old correspondence with or without stamps. Autographs, letters and manuscripts of prominent authors or noted people. If you have any of the above items and will sell for a good cash price, write me. In Washington one week only.

A. RANDOLPH BLANCHARD, Raleigh Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Martin's

Fine China, Rich Crystal, Silver, Art Objects and Lamps

1223 Connecticut Avenue
National 5478
Between M and N Sts.

HAHN

Exclusively at 1207 F



—you have a long narrow foot
—you have a very narrow heel
—your arch is very high or low
—you need an extra wide shoe
—you have an unusual fitting problem.

ARCH PRESERVERS

Selby insures you real comfort by providing you with the correct last and type of shoe exactly suited to your needs. Intelligently fitted by Hahn experienced shoe fitters.

SIZES to 11. WIDTHS AAAAA to D.

8.75 to 12.75

Post Want Ads Bring Results

Voters' League Leader Sees Interest Growing

Women Changing From Curiosity About Government to Feeling of Responsibility for It, Session Here Is Told.

By Jessie Ash Arndt,
The Post Staff Editor

Women's appetite for knowledge of government has by no means been satisfied, Miss Marguerite Wells, president of the National League of Women Voters, declared last night following opening session of the national executive board which is meeting in Washington this week at the Powhatan Hotel. Yesterday's discussion was devoted chiefly to membership—"and that is destined to grow," said Miss Wells, "for curiosity about the Government and its operation has changed to a feeling of responsibility for it."

The league, through study groups conducted by all its branches in line with its national program, encourages the interest of its members in civic, State and national issues. Its stand is nonpartisan but definite, especially on legislation concerning women and children and policies affecting peace.

"In the beginning," Miss Wells explained, "the women wanted to know about voting; the league was formed for the purpose of instructing them how to exercise their franchise intelligently after it was won. Now their interest has broadened to matters pertaining to the Government itself. Today's board session will be devoted to finance and the remainder of the week to the general program of the league—a phase of the work in which members of the national board are primarily interested."

Mrs. Wright Tells 'Of Study Abroad'

A "preview" of the report of Mrs. Louise Leonard Wright, chairman of the league committee on international co-operation, was given board members last night in an informal talk she made at a gathering in the A. A. U.-W. clubhouse. On the co-operative system, she has just returned from a year in Europe with her husband, Quincy Wright, of the University of Chicago faculty. Despite the wars and rumors of wars throughout the world, there is a will for peace among people, Mrs. Wright declared. "The desire for it is not abated; it is mixed with grief that peace has not been attained," she said. "There is much talk of fascism versus democracy, whether or not they can work together in a collective system for peace. There is a general opinion that international problems cannot be solved without the co-operation of the United States. The participation in international discussions is always welcomed."

The program of the league in its study of international relations, outlined by Mrs. Wright, as a result of her observations abroad, will deal with the question of "What role the United States can play in promoting peace and what kind of co-operation we can give in such groups as the International Labor Organization, the League of Nations, the League of Women, of which Mrs. Wright attended in Geneva."

The women of Europe are eager to know what those of this country are doing in the exercise of their franchise, she said.

Colorful Group Attends Session

The National League of Women Voters board session brings to the capital a colorful group of women of wide activities at home and abroad. Their president and five of the board members have traveled in other countries during the past summer. Mrs. Walter S. Greenough, of Indianapolis, wrote a league publication "Know Your Country," and also built a summer cottage. Mrs. Anna L. Squire of New York, 2nd vice president, recently was elected president of the New York City League, which has been educating women in jury service.

Mrs. Paul Elliot, of Stanford University, California, league secretary, was on the committee which made a study of cost of government and taxation in her home State. Mrs. Robert A. Taft, treasurer, daughter-in-law of the late President and Chief Justice William Howard Taft, has been winning recognition as a public speaker.

Three league directors, Mrs. Florence F. Bohrer, of Bloomington, Ill.; Mrs. O. Shepard Barnum, of Pasadena, Calif.; and Mrs. LaRue Brown, of Boston, have been, respectively a State Senator in Illinois; a 10-year member of the California State Board of Education; a special agent for the U. S. Commission on Industrial Relations.

Mrs. Edith V. Cook, of New Haven, Conn., chairman of the league's status of women department, is author of "The Married Woman and Her Job," a league publication which has had wide distribution. Mrs. Roscoe Anderson, of St. Louis, Mo., chairman of the education and child welfare departments, served on the social planning committee of the Missouri State Planning Board.

Maryland Society Reception Friday

The Maryland Society of Washington will have its next reception, entertainment and dance on Friday, November 26, in the Kennedy-Warren, 3133 Connecticut avenue, at 9 o'clock.

The society will celebrate the sailing of the first Maryland colonists from Coves, England, on November 22, 1633, under Leonard Calvert, the first governor of the province, on the Ark and the Dove. After a trip of four months, the colonists finally landed on St. Clements Island in the Potomac River, on March 25, 1634. Several days later they established the first settlement at St. Mary's City on the St. Mary's River.

George Amory Maddox, historian of the society, will make an historical address and "Maryland, My Maryland," the State song, will be sung, led by N. Thornton Hynson.

National League of Women Voters Maps Plans



Miss Marguerite Wells, president of the National League of Women Voters (center), with Miss Anna Lord Strauss, second vice president, of New York City (left), and Mrs. Harris T. Baldwin, of Washington, at the opening session of the executive board of the national organization which is meeting at the Powhatan Hotel this week.

"Madame Chairman" . . .

MRS. FREDERICK H. BROOKE, president of the Girl Scouts of America, has issued cards for an "at home" on Wednesday afternoon, November 30, from 4:30 to 7. Members of the Region 3 committee, officers and committee chairmen of the local Girl Scout Council, and a group of women of the press will be her guests.

THE EXTRA SESSION of Congress will not mean extra sessions for the Congressional Club of which the wives of the Senators and representatives are members. It will open after Christmas as had been planned in the first place, says Mrs. Daniel A. Reed, the president. Mrs. Reed, who returned with Representative Reed and their daughter to their apartment at the Roosevelt a few days ago, will have some committee meetings, however, and be busy about details in connection with the club between now and the time its first reception is held.

EARLENE WHITE, who has just returned from attending meetings of the Business and Professional Women's Clubs in Georgia and North Carolina, and addressing them as their national federation president, yesterday was back at her desk in the Senate Postoffice—answering questions, greeting the Senators as they stopped by, and swinging into the busy routine which goes with every session of Congress.

AND, speaking of the B. and P. W., the local club is planning a live program for its meeting next Monday night. It is another in the "Our Town's Business" series and will be devoted to "What Washington is doing for its underprivileged children." The program following the dinner at the Powhatan will be in charge of Marjorie Webster.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON from 3 to 6, the auxiliary of St. Thomas' Episcopal Church—the church the President and First Lady attend—will have a bazaar and silver tea. Mrs. H. C. Carter, the president, will be assisted by Mrs. Howard Kilgus, wife of the rector; Mrs. William Lewis Beale, who will be in charge of the tea table; Miss Katherine Lee Jones, mistress of the pantry shelf; Mrs. B. Lauriston Hardin, Mrs. Charles Hughes, Mrs. Robert Eaves, Mrs. Norman Hall and other auxiliary members.

THE RUBINSTEIN CLUB is giving a card party next Saturday night with a musical following, at the home of Mrs. Mayne F. Cole, 2228 Taylor street northeast.

BETA CHAPTER of Delta Alpha Sorority, of which Mrs. Gertrude Kane is the newly elected president, is making arrangements for the national convention of the sorority, to be held at the Shoreham Hotel this weekend. A formal business meeting, an editorial board session and national council tea will be included in the program, which will close with a supper dance in the Blue Room.

The Stephen P. McGroarty Unit of the American Legion Auxiliary will give a Thanksgiving party at the Potomac Field House, admission to which will be a bag of foodstuffs for the Thanksgiving basket to be prepared by the post and unit. The juniors are planning a dance November 28.

ANOTHER group assembling Thanksgiving donations is the Club Entre Nous, which met yesterday at the home of Mrs. Charles Emery Ferguson. At the December meeting, 100 bedside bags will be made by members. Mrs. William Sault will be hostess and the meeting will be a Christmas party, including a buffet luncheon.

MRS. DANIEL C. ROPER, past regent of Constitution Chapter, D. A. R., will be one of the patronesses for its annual card party, next Monday night at the Raleigh Hotel.

THERE'LL BE a bingo party Friday night at Pythian Temple given by the Gen. Henry W. Lawton Auxiliary of the United States War Veterans. The Daughters of '98, Capital City Post, held their meeting last night at the home of Chaplain Estelle Fowler.

THE ILLINOIS STATE SOCIETY has a little newspaper all its own—and a good one, too—with news of its members and an impressive announcement of the society's dance tomorrow night, honoring the alumni of the colleges of the State. It will be in the small ballroom of the Willard Hotel, preceded by a business meeting, with Representative Kent Keller, the president, presiding. Mrs. Walter Burdette is in charge of the reception and Mrs. Charles J. Shellhorn of the bridge.

Democrat Club Hears Writer

Tom McCarthy Reveals How Columns Are Written at Luncheon.

Tom McCarthy, columnist of The Washington Post, addressed the luncheon meeting of the Woman's Democratic Club yesterday, entertaining members and guests with a glimpse "behind the scenes" at columns in the making. He was introduced by Mrs. Albert Allen Jones, recording secretary. Others at the head table included Mrs. Wilbur W. Hubbard, the president; Mrs. Mary McCracken Jones, Mrs. Loren Johnson, Mrs. Rufus W. Weaver and her guest, Mrs. Edwin Tribble.

Others among the nearly 100 who attended were Mrs. H. E. C. Bryant, Mrs. A. C. Avery, who was joint hostess to a party of friends including Mrs. Brent Drane, Mrs. William E. Frost, Mrs. Julius Martin, Mrs. James B. Gilliam, Mrs. R. D. W. Connor, Mrs. Garland Ferguson, Mrs. Townsend and Mrs. Kate Burr Johnson.

Among those who attended were Mrs. Edward Keating, Mrs. Frank Bright, Mrs. Emil Hurja, Mrs. Eugene Barrett, Mrs. F. Eleanor Smith, Mrs. Guy Mason, Mrs. Will Stroud, Mrs. John B. Gordon, Mrs. Charles J. Brand, Mrs. William Jennings Price, Mrs. Samuel Herrick, Mrs. William Halliday, Mrs. Charles E. Rindon and the Misses Oberley.

The Speaker of the House and Mrs. Bankhead will be the honor guests of the club at dinner Thursday evening.

Missouri Educators Will Address Alumni

Frederick A. Middlebush, president of the University of Missouri, and Frederick D. Mumford, dean of the Missouri College of Agriculture, will be guest speakers at a dinner given by the University of Missouri Alumni Association at 8:30 tonight at the Cosmos Club.

Distinguished alumni of the University, in Congress, who have been invited to attend the dinner include Senator Bennett Champ Clark, Representatives Milton A. Romjue, Wm. L. Nelson, Charles Jasper Bell, Clyde Williams, Clarence Cannon, and Orville Zimmerman.

Among the alumni residing in Washington who are expected to attend are O. E. Reed, chief, Bureau of Dairy Industry; F. B. Richey, Chief, Bureau of Plant Industry; Louise Stans, Chief, Bureau of Home Economics; Paul V. Maris, Farm Service Administration; and Isador Lubin, Commissioner, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Women's Safety Group Meets Tomorrow at 11

Mrs. George T. Thorpe, chairman of the Women's Safety Committee, has announced that the first meeting of the year will take place tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock in the boardroom of the headquarters of the American Automobile Association.

Nellie Taylor Ross, Director of the Mint, has recently become a member of this group, which tomorrow will make plans for a luncheon to be held in the early future.

Steinway Grand—\$885

New Model, 5' 1" long. Supreme Beautiful tone. Come and play it. Droop's, 1300 G.

Flowers

AROUND THE CORNER ON AROUND THE WORLD... GUDE BROS. CO. 1212 F ST. N.W. 4276

Delphian Society Hears Newsman at Luncheon

Sir Wilmott Lewis Discusses 'Basic Trends of Modern Times' Before Washington and Arlington Chapters in Quarterly Session.

Sir Wilmott Lewis, Washington correspondent for the London Times, addressed the Washington and Arlington County chapter of the Delphian Society yesterday at the quarterly luncheon at the Shoreham Hotel. He characterized his talk as a "sermon" and asserted that only in the acceptance of work for others can the fullness of individuality be found and the apparent contradiction in modern life be obliterated. His subject was "Basic Trends of Modern Times."

He reviewed the three great changes which have come to civilization—Christianity, which divorced religion from politics; democracy, in which the Government proposed happiness for each individual; and the conquest by man of the forces of nature, which he called a "scientific revolution," giving impulse to the world and inaugurating the industrial age. The social change is a sign of growth, not decay, he pointed out, for only when change has stopped have other civilizations decayed.

Old habits and old problems remained with the putting on of the new are responsible for the conflicts we see today, he said. Our republic is different one than that contemplated by Jefferson and Franklin. The manual working public is separated from the soil and dependent on wages and salary rather than the quality of the product, a circumstance which necessitates social control by the Government in order that freedom of existence be maintained, he declared.

Among the approximately 100 luncheon guests were the following presidents and hostesses from each chapter: Mrs. Thomas F. Law, president; Mrs. W. C. Wilburn, Mrs. Phila Maxwell, National Capital chapter; Mrs. Frank M. Stuart, president; Mrs. George Norris, Mrs. W. W. Spade, Columbia Chapter; Mrs. George Lilly, president; Mrs. George Tiffey, J. K. Freiot, George Washington chapter; Mrs. George H. Milne, president; Alpha chapter; Mrs. Francis X. Johnson, president; Theta Tau Zeta chapter; Mrs. H. H. Hulbert, president; Mrs. G. Fred Coles, Mrs. Carl H. Smith, Iota Phi Delta chapter; Mrs. W. A. Shannon, president; Mrs. Walter Greenleaf, Mrs. L. B. Thompson, of Kappa Sigma chapter; Mrs. J. W. Graham, president; Mrs. Gladys Middlemire, Iota Phi Delta chapter; Mrs. Flinn Garrett, of Roosevelt chapter; Mrs. Ira N. Gabrielson, president; Mrs. C. E. Miles, Mrs. Merwin McKnight, of Arlington chapter; Mrs. Maurice I. Smith, president; Mrs. Ruth Ernst, Mrs. William Miller, of Oberlin chapter.

Plan Chi Omega Social. The Washington Alumnae Association of Chi Omega will hold a benefit social at the rooms of the chapter, 2020 G street, tomorrow evening for its social service fund. Mrs. D. Lynch Younger is chairman of the committee in charge of arrangements, assisted by Mrs. Grace Greife, Miss Helen Lupton, Miss Rachel Bretherton and Miss Winifred White.

Mrs. Marion B. Spragins, of Huntsville, Ala., who has been passing a few days at the Shoreham while here to see her daughter, Miss Susie Spragins, a student at Holton Arms, will rejoin Mrs. Spragins in Baltimore tomorrow.

Col. and Mrs. Albert T. Woods and their daughter, Miss Virginia Woods, of Artesia, N. Mex., are spending the week in Washington at the Mayflower. Col. Woods is a frequent visitor in the Capital.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Hunt, of Richmond, Va., are stopping at the Wardman Park Hotel for a few days.

A hostess luncheon (with tables for bridge after luncheon) will be served on Wednesday, an entertainment in the evening, Thursday afternoon Mrs. McLean's tea, and in the evening a turkey dinner.

Among the patronesses are Mrs. William Howard Taft, Mrs. Ridley McLean, Miss Helen Nicolay, Mrs. Marion Dall, Mrs. Thomas A. Croover, Mrs. Ruth E. Hoot, Mrs. Norman Harriman, Mrs. H. L. Knight, Mrs. Proctor L. Dougherty, Mrs. John E. Jones, Mrs. R. H. G. Kellon, Mrs. W. J. Mallory, Mrs. H. C. Newcomer, Mrs. Stephen Olop, Mrs. U. G. B. Pierce, Mrs. R. E. McDuffie, Mrs. C. V. Riley, Miss Catherine Newman, Mrs. M. J. Proctor, Mrs. Annie M. Pierce, Mrs. J. C. Robertson, Mrs. Rudolph Schneider, Mrs. J. C. Rogers, Mrs. Elmer Stewart, Mrs. William Truitt, Mrs. John Strother, Mrs. Florence Spofford, Mrs. J. F. Vorkpeker, Mrs. C. B. Waldenmaier, Mrs. H. D. King, Mrs. Sydney Smith, Mrs. Clyde Wendler, Mrs. Stanley Smith, Mrs. A. Curtis Wilgus, Mrs. A. W. Spanhoff, Dr. E. K. Whittemore, Mrs. L. M. Willige, Mrs. E. G. Wilts, Mrs. K. Hilding Bej and Mrs. Winifred Overholser.

West Va. Society Sets Hotel Dance for Tonight

The West Virginia State Society will give a dance at the Raleigh Hotel tonight from 9:30 to 1 o'clock, preceded by the regular business meeting, at which officers will be elected.

The present officers of the society are: David S. Davidson, president; John L. Bateman, secretary; Mrs. S. C. Shinn, financial secretary; Col. J. William DeGrange, treasurer; Col. David W. Gall, historian; A. Hood Phillips, Miss Mayme H. Hamrick, E. T. Morgan, Mrs. Emma E. Nunnally, James P. Morarity, John W. Smith, A. W. Helwig, sergeant at arms.

MAY'S CLEANERS NORTH 6022

2220-2628 14TH ST. W. W. CLOS 8 HOUR SERVICE

HOLMES TO HOMES FRESH PIES CAKES & BREAD NATIONAL 4537 HOLMES Modern Bakery

IN-WEAVING New Process of Re-weaving Ties on All Woven Materials (Silks—Linen—Woolens)

SOUTHERN STEELS CO. 812 12th St. N.W. N.W. 4442

22.75 Better Coats—Second Floor

Curley Club Plans Retreat House Visit

Rev. John Russell Will Conduct the Conference.

An evening of recollection for members of the Curley Club only will be held tomorrow evening. The women will go to the Washington Retreat House on Harwood road, where the Rev. John Russell, of Baltimore, will conduct the conference. They can from the Retreat House will be at Michigan avenue and Lincoln road between 5:30 and 6 to take the women to the Retreat House. Miss Kathryn Bowers is in charge of arrangements.

The men of the club will hold their evening of recollection at the Dominican House of Studies on Michigan avenue. Rev. Edwin G. Fitzgerald, O. P., will be the principal speaker, assisted by the Rev. Robert J. Slaven and Rev. Louis M. O'Leary.

The annual Communion Mass will take place next Sunday in St. Patrick's Church, at 8 o'clock. Members will assemble in front of Carroll Hall, Tenth and G streets, at 7:45 a. m. Breakfast will be served at 8:30 immediately after Mass. Miss Mary Beazure is in charge of arrangements.

The next regular meeting of the club will be held Monday, November 22, at 8:15 in the Continental Hotel, instead of Thursday, which will be Thanksgiving Day. Dancing and bridge will follow the meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold R. Thomas have arrived in Washington from their home in Omaha, Neb., and are occupying a suite at the Wardman Park Hotel during their stay in the Capital.

Franklin Cane Sugars
Refined in U.S.A.
Quick icings and fillings
Fruits cereals and iced drinks
Confectioners XXXX Superfine Powdered

The Last Spanish War
"Revelations in Diplomacy," by Dr. Orestes Ferrara, Former Cuban Ambassador
An expose of diplomatic intrigue, Unimpeachable, fascinating.
\$1.50
PAISLEY PRESS.
New York, N. Y.

ARNOLD GALLERIES
1900 G St. N.W.
Antique Jewelry, Silver, Shell, field, Furniture, Mirrors, Brasses, Art Objects and Wedding Gifts.
America's Finest Value

KIMBALL PIANOS
W. W. KIMBALL CO. 1212 11th St. N.W.

R. Harris and Co.
Jewelers
11th & F Sts. DI. 0916
Stieff Sterling Silver 6 Butter Spreaders in the Rose Pattern \$9.00
Exclusive Washington Representative

Brooks
1109 G Street
A New Boxy CASUAL COAT
One of the outstanding favorites in our entire collection of casual coats! Smartly styled, beautifully tailored... in rich "Dawn Glo" Fleece... in the popular boxy swaggy style. Nicely lined and warmly interlined. Black, brown, green, wine and blue... sizes 12 to 20.
22.75
Better Coats—Second Floor

Congress Hears President's Message as Special Session Opens

The Post is the only daily morning paper in Washington with A. P. WIREPHOTO Service.



Harris & Ewing.

Vice President Garner Arrives at Senate Early

Accompanied by Senate Chaplain Rev. Ze. Barney Phillips, Vice President Garner walked over to the Capitol Building after finishing some early work. At right, some attentive listeners shown after Speaker Bankhead called the House to order following reading of President Roosevelt's message.



Associated Press Photo.



Harris & Ewing.

—They Took a Subway Ride

Apparently happy to get back to work, these Senators—Warren R. Austin, of Vermont; Herbert E. Hitchcock, of South Dakota, and Hattie Caraway, of Arkansas—ride the subway on their way to the special session.



Opera Star To Appear Here

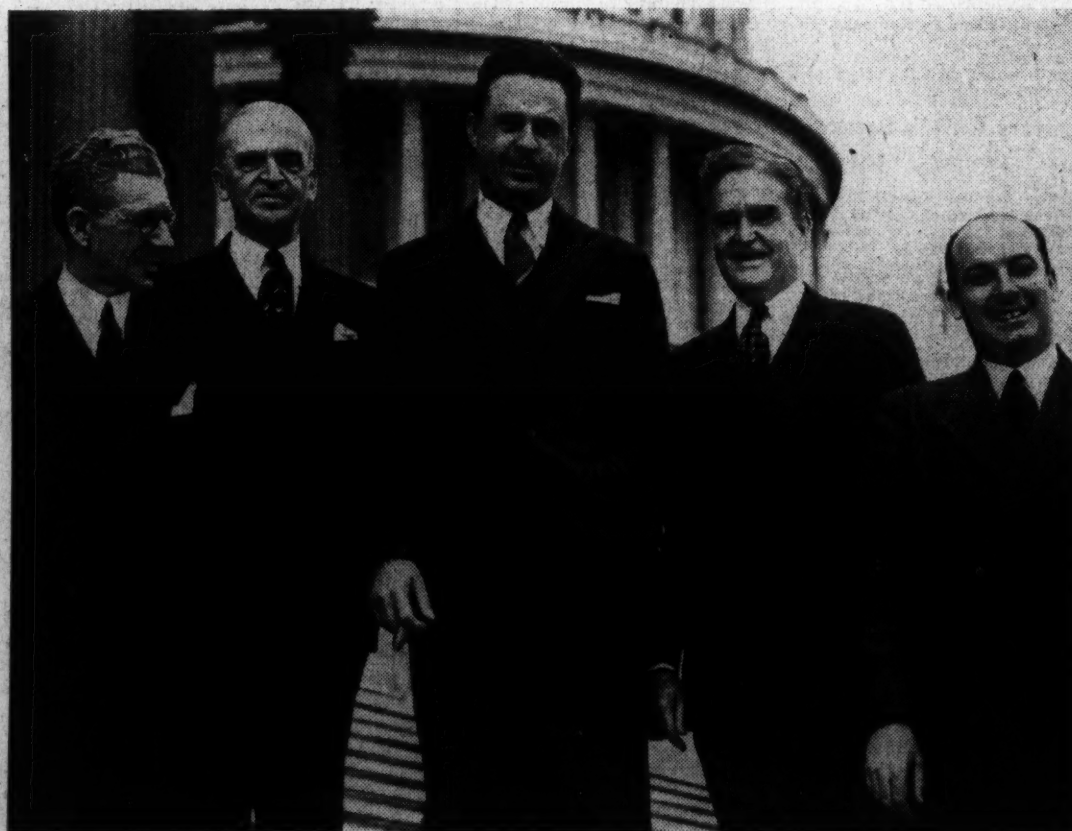
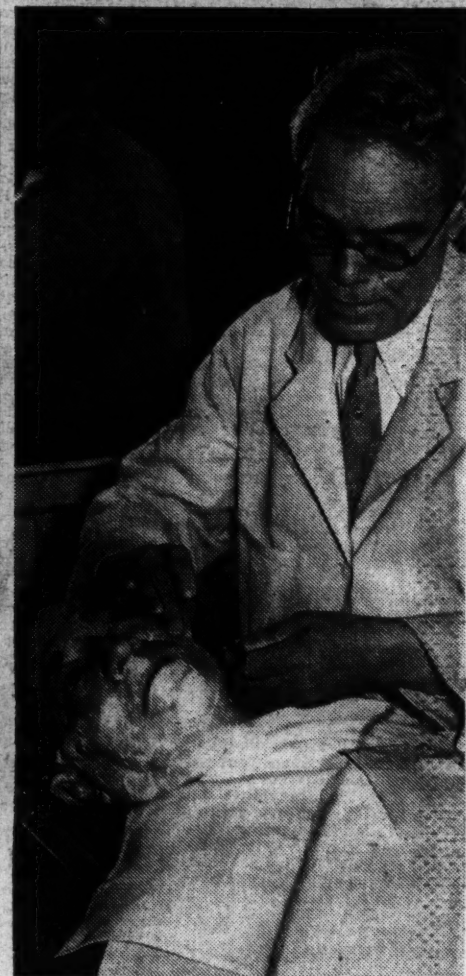
Margarita Salvi, Spanish coloratura soprano, who will take the role of Rosina in "The Barber of Seville," to be given at Constitution Hall next Monday.



Associated Press Photo.

Prayer Opens Special Session

The House rostrum surrounded by microphones as the Rev. James Shera Montgomery, chaplain, with hand upraised, offers prayer. Picture at right shows Senator Robert F. Wagner getting the "once over" at the Senate barber shop before hastening to his desk.



Associated Press Photo.

Five New Congressmen Seated at Special Session

Recently elected members who were sworn in and took their seats when Congress assembled yesterday. They're shown on the Capitol steps, from left, Ralph A. Gamble, of New York; Lewis K. Rockefeller, of New York; Davis E. Satterfield, jr., of Virginia; Bruce Barton, of New York, and Laurence J. Connery, of Massachusetts.



Post Staff Photo.

Originator Of Christmas Seal Campaigns

Miss Emily P. Bissell, of Wilmington, Del., who 30 years ago organized the first Christmas seal campaign in this country, discusses the present drive with Mrs. Ernest R. Grant (right), president of the District of Columbia Tuberculosis Association.

Jack Trammell Wins Decision Over Marty Gallagher in Pittsburgh

GEVINSON BEATS JARAMILLO; ABRAMS GETS DECISION

This Morning

We Have a Montague Here With Us.

By Shirley Povich.

In certain respects he's a Little Montague, the stage's challenge to the Bunyanesque figure of golf. Al Trahan never beat a holdup rap—Montague has it on him there—but there's precious little else in the Montague repertoire that Al Trahan can't match. And there are a couple of feats of strength and versatility that are probably exclusive to Trahan.

Montague may be able to knock birds off telegraph wires with a mashie niblick, or pull the steering gears out of trucks by the roots just to tame road-hogging drivers, or knock a golf ball 300 yards whenever he feels like really winding up. But could he tear a Washington telephone book in eight equal pieces, could he load a heavy spike into hairpin shape as if it were cellophane, could he win the American Trap-shooting championship or make a king and a president laugh?

Well, Al Trahan did. He did all of these things. And what's more, Al Trahan once appeared in a solo song recital at Carnegie Hall. I learn lately from my pal Nole Bell.

And if you're asking who this Al Trahan may be, he's the compact little 160-pounder who is currently stealing the show at the Capitol, an incorrigible favorite with Washington audiences. He was backstage in his dressing room yesterday, adjusting his phony bowtie, thirty front 10 minutes before his act when he said it was a darn shame. Wondering what was a darn shame, I asked Trahan: "What's a darn shame?"

"What's a darn shame?"

New Yorkers Tough.

"Why the way they are handling this Montague. Did you see the pictures of his golf match up there in New York with Babe Ruth, with that big crowd running wild all over the course. How can they expect him to show any good golf. Sure, he must be a good golfer, but nobody can play without room to swing. And that crowd was expecting miracles. Reminds me—"

Trahan went on to say that it reminded him of the time back in 1930, when he was known to the theater-going world as "The Man Who Made the King Laugh." The lady high chancellor, or somebody, summoned Trahan from a vacation in France to appear at a command performance for the late King George V at a charity show in London.

The day after the performance, the front pages of the world's press told of King George's laughter at the act of "the crazy American with the piano," as His Majesty later referred to Trahan. Now the royal box loudly applauded the American.

"Well, I was booked at the Palace in New York the first week I came back to America," recalled Trahan, "and they had me billed as 'The Man Who Made the King Laugh.' I never faced a tougher audience in my life. They were on the defensive from the start, just as if they were sitting back there and saying 'Well, try to make us laugh; go ahead and try it.' They were expecting too much. I laid an awful egg."

Stopped With Gun.

"And that's what's making it tough on Montague. These golf bugs aren't satisfied no with good golf, superior golf. They want Monty to show 'em a miracle every time he hits the ball. He's been overpublicized."

In at least one respect, Trahan rates with Montague as a golfer. With a driver in his hands, he's a potent package despite his mere 160 pounds compared to Montague's 240. The records of the Lakeview course at Los Angeles show that only three men ever reached the 475-yard fourth hole in two shots—the famed long-driving Jimmy Thompson, Montague, and Al Trahan.

There isn't much doubt about Trahan's prodigious strength. Be-

Continued on Page 22, Column 5.

The Washington Post Sports

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1937

Local Ring Favorites in Action Here and Abroad



JARAMILLO LANDS A LEFT JUST AS LOU GEVINSON MISSES A RIGHT.

Post Staff Photo—McCoy.

Trammell Wins Over Gallagher

Washington Boxer Slow in Starting; Flashes in Fifth Round.

Special Dispatch to The Post. Pittsburgh, Nov. 15.—Jack Trammell, Youngstown's lanky saddle-colored heavyweight, pounded out a 10-round decision tonight over Marty Gallagher, a 210-pounder from Washington.

The 185-pound Negro slugged his opponent almost at will, but was unable to down him. The big fellow's gameness in pushing forward despite the terrific beating drew him the applause of the crowd.

Gallagher landed his first effective blow in the fifth round. Trammell merely smiled, covered for an instant and took up his dancing attack again.

In the ninth Gallagher found the range of his opponent's jaw for a few seconds, bringing his supporters to their feet. But the effect was not noticeable on Trammell.

Marty's fighting spirit was a little late asserting itself. Rugged and tough as ever, Gallagher took everything Trammell threw at him during the first six rounds, getting only an even break in the second. With his left eye cut over and under and bleeding badly, Gallagher seemed to get going in the seventh and by throwing rights and lefts from all angles, took the play away from Trammell to win all of the remaining four rounds.

Twice during this belated, futile rally Gallagher rocked Trammell against the ropes with heavy body punches, but failed to follow these advantages as Trammell clutched and held. Had Gallagher shown half the willingness in the first half that he did in the last there would have been no question of his winning, probably by a kayo, as Trammell tired badly in the stretch.

Tommy Speigel, 135-pounder, of Uniontown, Pa., easily outpointed Eddie Zivic, 136, to the famous Zivic fighting family, in a ten-round semifinal bout.

Kelley Finds Panthers Play To Last Gun; Picks 5 Out of 6

By Larry Kelley.

Special Dispatch to The Post. Newark, N. J., Nov. 15.—Unaccustomed as I am to public back-patting, I must modestly call attention to the six football games I tried to report last Friday.

Of the six contests mentioned, five of them went down in the records as I called them, while the sixth ended in a deadlock. How long has this football expiring been going on? Who are these guys who need crystals to foretell the future?

Anyhow, let's take a look at the record! Out in Pittsburgh a scrappy Nebraska outfit played the mighty Pitt Panthers to a standstill for three-quarters of the ball game. In fact, when Andrews and Dodd put their heads together in the waning moments of the third quarter, they picked up a touchdown and added the extra point. It looked very much like an upset.

But the Cornhuskers made the same mistake that Notre Dame made the week previous. It seems that when you play Pitt, they insist on playing four full quarters—and it's in that fourth quarter that the boys really pile it on.

District Southpaw Lacks K. O. Punch

Decision Is Boomed by Fans; Prevost Loses Every Round to Local Battler; Lombardi Counted Out; Swetnam and Carrino Draw.

By Jack Paulus.

There is a shadow over Lou Gevinson's life today. Because a little shadow named Cristobal Jaramillo, of Puerto Rico, lost a close, much-boomed decision to the Southwest southpaw at Uncle Joe Turner's Arena last night.

It wasn't a great fight and it wasn't a good decision. And following that leaden lull that succeeded Jimmy Lake's announcement, the rafters shook with the loudest, longest booting that ever greeted the ears of the town's fist favorite. Lou took plenty in the ring, but nothing hurt so much as the Bronx hurrah which followed him into the arctic-fumed dressing room.

There were several moments in the fight when Lou could have finished his man with one punch. There were also many moments when Lou didn't exactly know what to do with this bobbing, jumping, weaving Puerto Rican who didn't like the taste of Lou's left and kept away from it all night. In this reporter's book—Lou Gevinson won by a squeak.

But that he won—there is no doubt. He forced the fight through-out. He tagged his back-stepping opponent every inch of the way. He made him fight and he made him duck. Several times he made him sag under the terrific power that is the Gevinson left. But Lou's failure to finish his man when all he needed was a finishing touch hurt the Washington boy more than any other single factor.

There was a lot of dancing in this main event—with Jaramillo being the leader of the minuet. To

Lou's credit it must be reported that he tried to make his opponent fight. But the mere touch of Gevinson's left early in the opening round knocked Cristobal halfway across the ring. He wasn't going to play around with that left any more.

Gevinson won the next four rounds on narrow margins. In the second he almost dropped Jaramillo. The Puerto Rican landed on all fours like a cat out of a two-story window. He landed, bounced and whirled back into action in almost nothing flat. It wasn't until the eighth round that Gevinson had his boy on the road to a knockout. Lou backed Jaramillo into the Puerto Rican's corner, landed three consecutive lefts and Cristobal's knees buckled. He went down into a half-crouch in the corner but retaliated and came back strongly. He ended the round by smashing Lou full in the face with a terrific right.

In between these rare moments of real action was a perpetual game of tag with Lou trying to catch his dark foe long enough to plaster him with a left. In The Washington Post score-

Continued on Page 23, Column 3.



Travel around the clock with Real Enjoyment

EL PRODUCTO CIGARS

El Producto keeps the day's work moving smoother... gives real enjoyment from dawn till bedtime... steps up the real enjoyment of smoking.

Mildness for all-day comfort—sparkling taste to inspire good feeling—the tang that only the choicest Havana can give. It's the modern blend—Havana with other costly tobaccos. Scientific workmanship gives a grand smoke that burns evenly and stays lit.

Try a pocketful today. Shapes to suit your fancy—10c to 25c.



What Size Please?

Distributor DANIEL LOUGHRAN CO., Inc. 402 11th St. S.W. Washington, D. C.

G.H.P. Cigar Co., Inc., Phila., Pa.

Packers Lead Pro Grid League In 3 Different Departments

The Green Bay Packers put on one of the greatest offensive displays in the history of the National Football League Sunday to increase their hold on first-place laurels in ground-gaining and scoring and forge ahead of Washington for passing honors. The Packers scored 37 points, gained 453 yards and completed 17 out of 19 passes against Philadelphia.

In nine games, the Packers scored 214 points, gained 2,800 yards and have a passing efficiency of 44 per cent. This is 50 points and 245 yards more than their nearest rival. Their 44 per cent passing efficiency, which raises them from third to first in this department, is 3 per cent better than their record-breaking 41 per cent set last season.

The New York Giants, Green Bay's opponents next Sunday, continue to monopolize the defensive laurels. The Giants have held opponents to only 1,285 yards and 47 points in eight games.

Detroit took second place in ground-gaining, 2,355 yards to 4,193, and retained second place in scoring with 131 points. The Chicago Bears are third in scoring with 131 points. The Cardinals are second in passing efficiency, leading Washington 42.8 per cent to 42.6 per cent.

Complete team statistics:									
Eastern Division									
Team	Games	Y.G.	O.Y.G.	F.P.	P.C.	Pts.	O.P.		
New York	8	1287	1285	123	45	11	47		
Washington	8	2010	1570	177	45	116	93		
Pittsburgh	10	2193	1957	155	55	122	122		
Brooklyn	9	1452	2323	144	46	46	161		
Philadelphia	11	1751	3150	207	63	86	177		
Western Division									
Team	Games	Y.G.	O.Y.G.	F.P.	P.C.	Pts.	O.P.		
Bears	8	1928	1492	96	33	131	65		
Green Bay	9	2890	1902	170	76	214	98		
Detroit	9	2255	1810	95	39	164	85		
Cards	9	1912	2849	132	57	160	107		
Cleveland	9	1582	2113	144	53	61	178		

Teams in order of league standing. Y.G.—Yards gained. O. Y. G.—Opponents yards gained. F. P.—Forward passes. P. C.—Passes completed. Pts.—Points. O. P.—Opponents points.

High Velocity Wins Eden Handicap, Bowie Feature, Going Away

In This Corner

Pay-Dirt Eleventh Will Emerge Saturday

By Jack Cuddy.
Copyright, 1937, by the United Press.
New York, Nov. 15.—Comes the revelation:
Approaching the close of 1937 football competition, we can distinguish at last the teams that are galloping across "pay dirt" on the Nation's gridirons—toward the season's goal lines. They emerge from the tumult and dust of this topsy-turvy campaign in a grand scramble for the end zones. They are the leaders who, this week or next, may clinch national, Rose Bowl or sectional honors.

When the sun sinks into the Pacific, Saturday, we'll know for sure who will represent the West in the Rose Bowl. California's Golden Bears and Stanford's Red Indians will decide that issue at Palo Alto.

Their big brawl also will decide whether California shall have sole command of the conference title or share it with Stanford. Right now, the unbeaten Bears lead the conference with five victories and one tie. Tiny Thornhill's Palo Alto players are in second place, with four conference wins and one loss.

But they can't share the Rose Bowl assignment. If Thornhill's improved team can beat California impressively, it seems virtually certain that the Indians will go to the bowl despite the Bears' better record. A California victory or dead-lock will give Stubby Allison's lads the Pasadena trip.

California will be favored Saturday. Each team has a nonconference game slated for Christmas Day and Stanford tangles with Columbia on November 27. The Indians also have games slated in the Hawaiian Islands for Christmas and New Year's—but a Rose Bowl trip certainly would cancel a voyage to Waikiki.

Turning to the Midwest, we find Minnesota meeting Wisconsin at Minneapolis Saturday and Ohio State invading Michigan at Ann Arbor. When those two games are completed we'll know the fate of the Big Ten title. Minnesota leads now with four straight conference victories, while Ohio State has four victories and one defeat for second place.

Both the Gophers and the Scarlet Stingers close their seasons Saturday. A Minnesota victory will clinch the title that Northwestern won last year. But if the Gophers lose and the Staters win, the Scarlets can boast a better conference record than Bernie Bierman's boys.

Should both Minnesota and Ohio State lose, Indiana might tie the Gophers for the title if the Hoosiers beat Purdue in their last game Saturday. Indiana now has three conference victories and only one defeat.

The Big Six conference still is quite involved. Nebraska is leading with two victories and two ties. Oklahoma is runner-up with three wins, one loss and one tie. This race may not be decided until November 27, because Nebraska still must meet Iowa at Ames.

Alabama's perfect-record team, candidate for the national title, has tangled little for the Southeastern championship. The Crimson Tide will take the title on Thanksgiving Day if it beats Vanderbilt, which now is tied for second place with Louisiana State.

Incidentally, victory by Alabama on turkey day—giving the Tide a clean slate for the season—might mean a trip to the Rose Bowl. Because right now Alabama and Fordham stand out as leading Eastern candidates for the bowl.

From the theocast indicate that Western Conference teams probably will not contest Pittsburgh—although the Panthers are generally regarded now as the strongest team in the country and leading aspirant for the national title. Yale, another desirable Eastern eleven, has indicated that it will live up to the Big Three.

Continued on Page 23, Column 1.

Victor Pays His Backers \$14.30 Ticket

Couples With Little Sally to Give Metcalf Double Victory.

By Walter Haight.
A Staff Correspondent.

Bowie, Nov. 15.—Away from the winner's circle since last July, H. P. Metcalf's High Velocity picked today to do some good running and defeated six others contesting in the Eden Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth. In winning his third race of the year in ten starts, High Velocity was given a rousing ride by Jockey L. Turner and led R. C. Thatcher's Our Reigh to the wire by 2 1/2 lengths. A half length back came Careful Miss, the favorite, to be third.

High Velocity paid a \$14.30 mutuel and was the second Metcalf horse to win on the program. Little Sally having taken the third race. The latter completed a \$252 double after Johake had won the first event. The winner was clocked in 1:51 over a half mile, driving time.

Jockey Turner did not ask High Velocity to participate in the gang fight for the lead during the early running. This Our Reigh, Teddy Haslam and Stubby bunched the oil in front. Turner was steady High Velocity along. Jockey McCombs on Our Reigh awoke to the fact that he was running the legs off his mount and took back to the front.

Leaving the backstretch, High Velocity moved up and, with a bold rush, took the lead. The colt was never seriously threatened thereafter. Our Reigh came gamely and drove in the stretch but the move was too late.

A crowd of 8,000 witnessed the program. The Belair Stud's Johake won the first race at an \$18.40 mutuel after the paddock fairly boiled over with the race. The Jacopo colt, under the handling of Johnny Longden, came from far back to take the decision going away. Elotot, half of the Lynch-Blue Ridge entry, was second with Equerry, the favorite, third in the field of a dozen maiden colts and geldings.

A Photo Decision.
Sun Way made good as a \$5.30 favorite in the second race which drew a field of a dozen cheap victors, while Ohio State has four victories and one defeat for second place.

Both the Gophers and the Scarlet Stingers close their seasons Saturday. A Minnesota victory will clinch the title that Northwestern won last year. But if the Gophers lose and the Staters win, the Scarlets can boast a better conference record than Bernie Bierman's boys.

Should both Minnesota and Ohio State lose, Indiana might tie the Gophers for the title if the Hoosiers beat Purdue in their last game Saturday. Indiana now has three conference victories and only one defeat.

The Big Six conference still is quite involved. Nebraska is leading with two victories and two ties. Oklahoma is runner-up with three wins, one loss and one tie. This race may not be decided until November 27, because Nebraska still must meet Iowa at Ames.

Alabama's perfect-record team, candidate for the national title, has tangled little for the Southeastern championship. The Crimson Tide will take the title on Thanksgiving Day if it beats Vanderbilt, which now is tied for second place with Louisiana State.

Incidentally, victory by Alabama on turkey day—giving the Tide a clean slate for the season—might mean a trip to the Rose Bowl. Because right now Alabama and Fordham stand out as leading Eastern candidates for the bowl.

From the theocast indicate that Western Conference teams probably will not contest Pittsburgh—although the Panthers are generally regarded now as the strongest team in the country and leading aspirant for the national title. Yale, another desirable Eastern eleven, has indicated that it will live up to the Big Three.

Continued on Page 23, Column 1.

Time Out!



Hey, Chief—your beans are burning!

Official Charts

AT BOWIE, MD.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1937.
(Compiled by Walter Haight.)

WEATHER: CLOUDY; TRACE, SLOW.

FIRST RACE—Five and a half furlongs. Purses, \$1,000. For 2-year-olds. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 1:34. Off at 1:38. Winner, Belair Stud's b. c. (2), by Jacopo—Happo Gal. Trained by T. Driscoll. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 1:50.25.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
JOHAKE	(London)	11	10	10	10	10
ELOTOT	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
BRONCO	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
JAMES PAUL	(London)	15	14	14	14	14
GUARANTOR	(Wagner)	16	15	15	15	15
PLYING RAPTURE	(Westmore)	17	16	16	16	16
SUNNY	(LeBlanc)	18	17	17	17	17
GERMAN	(Schoen)	19	18	18	18	18
SYMPATHIZER	(Chadron)	20	19	19	19	19
GOOD BEHAVIOR	(Thompson)	21	20	20	20	20

IF J. Lynch-Blue Ridge Farm entry.
Kings Ranch Mrs. T. Blakemore.
Two-dollar mutuel paid—JOHAKE, \$18.40; \$7.50; \$4.80; \$2.50; \$1.50; \$1.00; \$0.75; \$0.50; \$0.30; \$0.20; \$0.15; \$0.10; \$0.05; \$0.02; \$0.01.

SECOND RACE—One and three-sixteenths miles. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward. Claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:04. Off at 2:07. Winner, Mrs. Amel Becker's b. c. (6), by Sun God II—Danceaway. Trained by Booker. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 2:03.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
ELOTOT	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

THIRD RACE—One mile and 70 yards. Purses, \$1,000. For 2-year-olds; claiming. Start poor from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:32. Off at 2:36. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 1:51.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
LITTLE SALLY	(Jackson)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:07. Off at 3:10. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 1:51.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

FIFTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:36. Off at 3:40. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 2:03.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:06. Off at 4:10. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 2:03.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:35. Off at 4:39. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 2:03.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:04. Off at 5:08. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 2:03.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

NINTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purses, \$1,000. For 3-year-olds and upward; claiming. Start good from stall. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:33. Off at 5:37. Winner, H. P. Metcalf's b. c. (2), by Abbott's Nympha—Big Pat. Trained by H. Neustetter. Value to winner, \$700; second, \$180; third, \$90; fourth, \$30. Time, 2:03.15.

Horse	Jockey	Post	St.	Str.	Pin.	Straight
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	11	10	10	10	10
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	12	11	11	11	11
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	13	12	12	12	12
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	14	13	13	13	13
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	15	14	14	14	14
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	16	15	15	15	15
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	17	16	16	16	16
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	18	17	17	17	17
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	19	18	18	18	18
OUR REIGH	(Metcalf)	20	19	19	19	19

Naval Drills For Tigers And Cadets

Middies Work Against Princeton Plays; Full Squad Out.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 15.—Refreshed by a complete rest over two days, the Navy football squad returned this afternoon to its work of preparing for the game with Princeton next Saturday and with the Army next week later.

Head Coach Hardwick said that they would work toward both games this week, the defense being against the section of 5 squad, which is equipped with Princeton plays, while the offensive work would be in preparation for both games.

Every member of the squad was on the field this afternoon for a brief practice session, this being one of the days when the time is limited. The scrimmage was particularly sharp. Less than half an hour, though on the field, will not take part in the hard work for a day or two.

Bill Ingram took Cooke's place today as he did that of Emmett Wood, the other running back, last week, and will be used, according to Hardwick, as the first alternate.

Both Cooke and Wood, probably getting as much play in the Princeton and Army games as either.

Hardwick said that Al Wallace had the call at center over Dick Fincher and Jim Andrews, and that Ken Hyson had been returned to right tackle, where Frank Lynch had been playing.

Used as alternate tackle for both Al Berger and Ken Hyson, regulars on the left and right side, respectively.

Used as alternate tackle for both Al Berger and Ken Hyson, regular

Pittsburgh Retains Top National Football Ranking

California, 'Bama Trail; Rams Fourth

Panthers Receive 43 of 53 Top Votes; Yale 5th.

By Alan Gould.

Associated Press Sports Editor.

New York, Nov. 15.—Pittsburgh's Panthers, who displaced California's Golden Bears a week ago as the National No. 1 college football team, were given another round vote of confidence today in the fifth weekly ranking poll conducted by the Associated Press.

Pittsburgh was rated the top team by 43 of 53 experts contributing to the latest consensus. Two others bracketed the Panthers with either California or Fordham, or both. These three, with Alabama's Crimson Tide, held their places for the second straight week in the poll, featured otherwise by high ratings for Yale and Minnesota and the return of Louisiana State to the "top ten" for the first time in a month.

Here They Are.

Here's the tabulation, with points counted on a 10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-1 basis:

Rank	Team	Points
1	Pittsburgh (43 first places, 2 ties for first)	817
2	California (5 first places, 1 tie for first)	623
3	Alabama (12 first places, 1 tie for first)	588
4	Fordham (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	572
5	Yale (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	560
6	Minnesota (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	543
7	Stanford (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
8	Notre Dame (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
9	Harvard (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
10	Yale (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
11	Nebraska (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
12	Notre Dame (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
13	Stanford (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
14	Holy Cross (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
15	Rice (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
16	Colorado (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
17	North Carolina (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
18	Vanderbilt (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
19	Ohio State (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535
20	Indiana (1 first place, 1 tie for first)	535

Also ran: Auburn, 10; Texas Christian and Duke, 8 each; Baylor and Arkansas, 7 each; U. of Washington, 5; Texas A. & M., 4; Cornell, 3; Tulsa and Lafayette, 2 each. The poll revealed Duke as the victim of last Saturday's biggest upset. The Blue Devils were knocked out of the first ten as well as the Southern Conference leadership by North Carolina's uprising. This made room for the return to the gridiron society of L. S. U. victor over Auburn's powerhouse and beaten this season only by Vanderbilt.

Yale Moves Up.

The Northeast retained the balance of gridiron power, with five of 14 teams remaining in the first ten. Yale, replacing Dartmouth as the highest ranked Ivy League school, winds up its fight against Harvard this Saturday in what promises to be a sensational duel of traditional rivals. Stanford's challenge to California's leadership, and with it the Rose Bowl nomination, is emphasized by this week's voting. Previously unranked, Stanford was placed at the eleventh position, just below Nebraska and Notre Dame. The Indians play California this Saturday.

The second straight week Nebraska failed by a close margin to make the first ten, despite the fact the Cornhuskers gained prestige by giving Pittsburgh a terrific battle and yielding only to superior power in the closing ten minutes of the game.

In This Corner

Continued from Page 22.

agreement and refuse a post-season game, even if invited. Fordham, with only the Pittsburgh scorers to its record, tangles with St. Mary's Gallopers on Saturday. Next they meet New York U. on November 27. The Rams should win with ease over both opponents. If they do, there is a growing possibility they will go to Pasadena, even though Alabama winds up with an unblemished shield.

In the Southern Conference, North Carolina leads with four victories and one defeat, but it has no more conference games. Clemson is in second place with two conference wins. Clemson meets Furman on Thanksgiving Day. The Southwest Conference will not be decided until December 4, perhaps. Rice is leading with two victories and one defeat, but the Owls have three more games with Texas Christian, Baylor and Southern Methodist. The Rocky Mountain title will be decided on Thanksgiving Day when Colorado risks its perfect record and conference lead against second-place Denver. Colorado has six straight conference victories against five wins and one loss for Denver. If the Panthers beat Colorado, they will share the conference title.

O'Hara Will Plead Not Guilty Today

Providence, R. I., Nov. 15 (AP).—Walter E. O'Hara, wealthy turfman-publisher, will appear in Federal Court tomorrow to plead not guilty to an indictment charging violation of the Federal corrupt practices act.

Indicted on a similar charge, the Nationalist Racing Association, Inc., of which O'Hara is president and managing director, also was expected to enter a not-guilty plea. The indictments followed a Federal grand jury investigation of alleged contributions to political parties.

REPORT RADIO SERVICE
30 Point 50c
Service
Call Columbia 3311
Guaranteed Radio Service Co.
3442 14th St. N.W. Col. 3311

Gloves Star

Jaramillo Is Beaten By Gevinson

District Fighter Lacks K. O. Punch; Verdict Boomed by Fans.

Continued from Page 21.

sheet, Jaramillo was given one round, the fifth, by a narrow margin. Two, the first and sixth, were called even. All others were given to Gevinson by a nose. It was that kind of a fight.

Gevinson weighed 132½; Jaramillo, 126½. Gevinson, arena fighter No. 2, took the measure of one of the best fighters in the world, in the six-round semifinal. He measured the rushing Russian with everything in his ring repertoire to gain a unanimous decision.

It was Gevinson's twelfth straight victory since turning professional nine months ago. The lad looked good—probably because Serge looked bad. Prevost didn't seem to have the good old "win" and let chance after chance slip through his fingers.

Georgie Wins Every Round.

Prevost, it will be recalled, is the fellow who burst the Bobo Williams balloon wide open several weeks ago in a bad fight in this same ring. He is a pretty good fighter, but he must have seen one of those nights. Serge either didn't know the road or took a detour.

The Washington Post score sheet gave Abrams every round. It was that kind of a fight. If Gevinson ever looked better in the ring—Goldie Ahearn must have kept it a secret. The kid established himself as a more solidly with the fans and should be a big winter attraction for Uncle Joe Turner and his matchmaker.

Abrams started the fight in exactly a manner which every expert declared would end fatally for the Washington boy. He started slugging—and finished slugging, with apparent disregard for Comrade Serge and his good right.

He pounded the Russian from the opening minute until the closing one. He bloodied his foe's nose in the second round. He reopened the eye in the fourth and cut Serge's eye in the fifth. But the Russian was too tough to knock out. That's the reason Gevinson doesn't boast his seventh kayo today.

Prevost Won't Drop.

In the third, Abrams was obviously already trying for that elusive knockout. But Serge has fought all the good middleweights and this time he was going to topple him. But when the fight was over—Prevost knew he had been in a scrap.

Serge's knees buckled in the fourth round, he was in bad shape in the fifth, but it wasn't in the books that this fellow was to be knocked out. It was a good fight—one that makes the immediate future look mighty rosy for Gevinson.

Abrams Weighed 151; Prevost, 164½.

Still in his early 'teens and a smash hit since his regime in the junior golden gloves at 112 pounds, Baby-Faced Buster Miller takes up a couple of notches to box 126-pound Joe Denman, a representative of the Washington Boys Club.

Miller and Denman team as an ideal fighting combination, being aggressive and willing mixers.

In the remaining welterweight "natural," Bob Mathias, cannoning National Guard knockerout, faces Glenn Drake, one of the tournament's cleverest boxers. Veteran golden gloves with plenty of ability, these youngsters are expected to supply much of the evening's punch and excitement.

Hoyt Named

Continued from Page 21.

dent, a member of the legal profession since his graduation from Yale law school in 1899, was made by Murray Hulbert of New York and seconded by Charles Ornstein, also of New York. The moment the nomination had been made and seconded, it was moved to close the nominations and the secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for Judge Hoyt.

The same procedure was followed with each of the vice presidents. None of the other business transactions on the final program occasioned any serious debate. Announcement was made of the A. A. U.'s nine-man committee that will confer in Washington, D. C., tomorrow with National Collegiate Athletic Association representatives and a similar group from the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen on the problem of representation on American Olympic games committees in boxing, swimming, track and field and eight-oared rowing.

Budge Leads for Award.

The list of candidates for the Sullivan award, presented each year to the outstanding amateur athlete, also was made public. Headed by J. Donald Budge, of Oakland, Calif., Davis Cup ace and Wimbledon and U. S. singles champion, the list will be submitted to 600 A. A. U. members, who will vote on their top three choices.

Decision on the site for the 1938 convention was tabled and will be made by the new president and his board of governors. Under consideration are Washington, D. C., site of the first convention in 1888; Miami Beach, Fla., and Denver, Colo.

Elevens Selected To Compete for High School Title

Charlotteville, Va., Nov. 15 (AP).—A special committee of the Virginia School League and the Virginia League selected South Norfolk today to meet Frederickburg for the eastern half State class B football championship.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere. The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship. The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

No dates for the games were set, but Kaufman said the committees decided the championship eliminations would have to be played on or before the Saturday following Thanksgiving.

Charles H. Kaufman, executive secretary of the league, said the game would be played in Frederickburg unless the two schools mutually agreed to play elsewhere.

The committee selected Covington over Clifton Forge in District 8 to meet Radford for the western half of the State championship.

The game will be played at Covington unless the schools agree to play elsewhere.

Birdies Sing Over Lombardi

For a couple of teams preparing for the city's most important grid classic of the season, Georgetown and Maryland, certainly took it easy yesterday. The Terps didn't report at all, and the few Hoyas who were out played tough football, tch, tch. And Coaches Frank Dobson, of Maryland, and Jack Hagerty, of Georgetown, said they wouldn't ask the boys to do much more today.

"It's just another football game to us," Dobson said. "We've been meeting one tough team after another all season, and I see no reason to have special practice for Georgetown. Mind you, I'm not underestimating Georgetown, but merely continuing a policy, which has been in force all season."

At Georgetown, Hagerty said: "Let's see, it's Maryland this week, isn't it?"

"Yeah," replied George Murlagh and "Mush" Dubofsky, his assistants. "Maryland and the last game of the season."

Meanwhile Mr. Average Phan is working himself into a fine either over the impending hostilities. Odds on the outcome were revised sharply after last Saturday's results, in which Maryland suffered its second defeat of the season, while Georgetown scored its first major triumph.

Maryland, however, reigns a favorite, and probably will continue to hold popular fancy until game time.

Game Has Peculiar Angle.

This year's game, fourth in the modern series between the two, has a new angle—or at least one new to this rivalry. Heretofore the games have been a test between Maryland's potent offense and Georgetown's stubborn defense, but this year it's going to be more balanced. Georgetown has another good defensive team, but for the first time in five years it has a real scoring punch as well. And while "Lil" Joe Mellendick, the sensational sophomore, is a large part of that offense, he isn't all of it, as one might suspect from accounts of the last three games.

Mellendick's greatest value lies in the fact that he puts deception in the attack. When he takes the ball you don't know what to expect, and everything he does he does well. Another thing, he's one of those quick-starters. If there's a hole open he'll get through before it closes, and when he gets out in the open those secondary players had better get on their bicycles.

But Mellendick isn't going to be the only boy in the backfield. Paul Sheeran is in uniform after being out most of the season with a bad shoulder and Hagerty won't be doing Maryland any favors by using him. "Bull" Dornhary, a line-cracking fullback, apparently has regained his stride after an uncertain beginning because of an appendectomy. Tommy Keating is playing better than ever. Charley Wychniuk is at the top of his game and, well, let it suffice to say that Georgetown's offense is clicking at long last.

Mondorf Is Dangerous.

But Maryland isn't going to suffer by comparison, unless Jim Meade, Charley Weidinger, Frank Skolnick, et al, suddenly develop acute cases of fallen arches. That trio can give a team a bad case of jitters any time—and Saturday they'll be working overtime at it. Maryland's offense failed only twice this season—against Virginia and then against V. M. I., but it won both games. It's interesting to note, too, that it has scored on every opponent.

Virginia stopped Maryland's running attack, but had no defense for passing. Mondorf, a field-goal boomer par excellence, V. M. I. also tasted defeat when Mondorf swung into action, and there's another factor to be considered Saturday. What if Mondorf is right—can't he kick the Terps to victory? There's only one answer—Yes. If Maryland gets within shouting distance of the goal line, Mondorf can kick it over.

And insofar as Maryland's defense is concerned, it's doubtful if Georgetown ever found much wrong with it. It held the Hoyas to two touchdowns and one victory in three games, and the second touchdown and victory resulted from a blocked kick. The defense has been all right, in fact you won't find a stronger, better knit trio than Wolfe and Sargent, guards, and Walton, center. Albarano and Brown have done well at the tackle, and there's been little complaint about the ends since Penn took a few gallops around 'em. The Terps' line is O. K.

So that's that. The second guessin' was slightly better than the first—but isn't it always?

For a couple of teams preparing for the city's most important grid classic of the season, Georgetown and Maryland, certainly took it easy yesterday. The Terps didn't report at all, and the few Hoyas who were out played tough football, tch, tch. And Coaches Frank Dobson, of Maryland, and Jack Hagerty, of Georgetown, said they wouldn't ask the boys to do much more today.

"It's just another football game to us," Dobson said. "We've been meeting one tough team after another all season, and I see no reason to have special practice for Georgetown. Mind you, I'm not underestimating Georgetown, but merely continuing a policy, which has been in force all season."

At Georgetown, Hagerty said: "Let's see, it's Maryland this week, isn't it?"

"Yeah," replied George Murlagh and "Mush" Dubofsky, his assistants. "Maryland and the last game of the season."

Meanwhile Mr. Average Phan is working himself into a fine either over the impending hostilities. Odds on the outcome were revised sharply after last Saturday's results, in which Maryland suffered its second defeat of the season, while Georgetown scored its first major triumph.

Maryland, however, reigns a favorite, and probably will continue to hold popular fancy until game time.

Game Has Peculiar Angle.

This year's game, fourth in the modern series between the two, has a new angle—or at least one new to this rivalry. Heretofore the games have been a test between Maryland's potent offense and Georgetown's stubborn defense, but this year it's going to be more balanced. Georgetown has another good defensive team, but for the first time in five years it has a real scoring punch as well. And while "Lil" Joe Mellendick, the sensational sophomore, is a large part of that offense, he isn't all of it, as one might suspect from accounts of the last three games.

Mellendick's greatest value lies in the fact that he puts deception in the attack. When he takes the ball you don't know what to expect, and everything he does he does well. Another thing, he's one of those quick-starters. If there's a hole open he'll get through before it closes, and when he gets out in the open those secondary players had better get on their bicycles.

But Mellendick isn't going to be the only boy in the backfield. Paul Sheeran is in uniform after being out most of the season with a bad shoulder and Hagerty won't be doing Maryland any favors by using him. "Bull" Dornhary, a line-cracking fullback, apparently has regained his stride after an uncertain beginning because of an appendectomy. Tommy Keating is playing better than ever. Charley Wychniuk is at the top of his game and, well, let it suffice to say that Georgetown's offense is clicking at long last.

Mondorf Is Dangerous.

But Maryland isn't going to suffer by comparison, unless Jim Meade, Charley Weidinger, Frank Skolnick, et al, suddenly develop acute cases of fallen arches. That trio can give a team a bad case of jitters any time—and Saturday they'll be working overtime at it. Maryland's offense failed only twice this season—against Virginia and then against V. M. I., but it won both games. It's interesting to note, too, that it has scored on every opponent.

Virginia stopped Maryland's running attack, but had no defense for passing. Mondorf, a field-goal boomer par excellence, V. M. I. also tasted defeat when Mondorf swung into action, and there's another factor to be considered Saturday. What if Mondorf is right—can't he kick the Terps to victory? There's only one answer—Yes. If Maryland gets within shouting distance of the goal line, Mondorf can kick it over.

And insofar as Maryland's defense is concerned, it's doubtful if Georgetown ever found much wrong with it. It held the Hoyas to two touchdowns and one victory in three games, and the second touchdown and victory resulted from a blocked kick. The defense has been all right, in fact you won't find a stronger, better knit trio than Wolfe and Sargent, guards, and Walton, center. Albarano and Brown have done well at the tackle, and there's been little complaint about the ends since Penn took a few gallops around 'em. The Terps' line is O. K.

So that's that. The second guessin' was slightly better than the first—but isn't it always?

For a couple of teams preparing for the city's most important grid classic of the season, Georgetown and Maryland, certainly took it easy yesterday. The Terps didn't report at all, and the few Hoyas who were out played tough football, tch, tch. And Coaches Frank Dobson, of Maryland, and Jack Hagerty, of Georgetown, said they wouldn't ask the boys to do much more today.

"It's just another football game to us," Dobson said. "We've been meeting one tough team after another all season, and I see no reason to have special practice for Georgetown. Mind you, I'm not underestimating Georgetown, but merely continuing a policy, which has been in force all season."

At Georgetown, Hagerty said: "Let's see, it's Maryland this week, isn't it?"

"Yeah," replied George Murlagh and "Mush" Dubofsky, his assistants. "Maryland and the last game of the season."

Meanwhile Mr. Average Phan is working himself into a fine either over the impending hostilities. Odds on the outcome were revised sharply after last Saturday's results, in which Maryland suffered its second defeat of the season, while Georgetown scored its first major triumph.

Maryland, however, reigns a favorite, and probably will continue to hold popular fancy until game time.

Game Has Peculiar Angle.

This year's game, fourth in the modern series between the two, has a new angle—or at least one new to this rivalry. Heretofore the games have been a test between Maryland's potent offense and Georgetown's stubborn defense, but this year it's going to be more balanced. Georgetown has another good defensive team, but for the first time in five years it has a real scoring punch as well. And while "Lil" Joe Mellendick, the sensational sophomore, is a large part of that offense, he isn't all of it, as one might suspect from accounts of the last three games.

Mellendick's greatest value lies in the fact that he puts deception in the attack. When he takes the ball you don't know what to expect, and everything he does he does well. Another thing, he's one of those quick-starters. If there's a hole open he'll get through before it closes, and when he gets out in the open those secondary players had better get on their bicycles.

But Mellendick isn

\$25,000,000 Home Loan Issue Offered

three-year, 2 per cent consolidated debentures, Series C, of the Federal Home Loan banks, due December 31, 1937, at the rate of yield of about 1.87 per cent. This issue constitutes the first public financing ever undertaken by the Home Loan banks having a majority exceeding 50 per cent of the total issues of one-year debentures aggregating \$53,000,000 having been sold earlier this year.

With regard to today's new offering, Mr. Delano said: "The new debentures are required to meet the continuing expansion of the Federal Home Loan system. Membership in the system has reached an all-time peak of 3,927 institutions, and advances to these institutions have stood at \$184,557,927, an increase of \$49,634,555 within the last six months.

Retail trade for 1937 is estimated to exceed \$41,000,000,000, a gain of 5 per cent over 1936 and 51 per cent ahead of 1933. Furthermore, reports the Brookline Economic Council, the retail trade has approached its all-time high.

The largest value of goods ever consumed by the people of the United States in one year occurred in 1937. Total products valued at \$49,000,000,000 were sold to the ultimate consumer. By 1933 the trade contracted 49 per cent to \$25,000,000,000. By 1936 the value had expanded 51 per cent to \$38,000,000,000 and 1937 advanced a point to \$41,000,000,000, an increase of about 14 per cent over 1937. At \$41,000,000,000 retail trade is within 17 per cent of the highest level ever attained.

[illegible]

[illegible]

ents—Unborn. 47

REFINED.
1000 CONN. AVE. N.W.
"PRESS OF CHARACTER."

MODERN
1000 CONN. AVE. N.W.
"PRESS OF CHARACTER."

2601 St.—3 r. and b. \$46
—5 r. and b. (not heated) \$22
—5 r. and b. \$22
Appt. 330 John Marshall Pl.

Girard Street N.W.

ar Meridian Park)
 when and bath.....\$47.50
 istic Refrigeration.
 SE H. HEDGES
 Bldg. District 8332.
 MODERN.
 CONN. AVE. N.W.
 PRESS OF CHARACTER."
 REFINED.
 CONN. AVE. N.W.
 PRESS OF CHARACTER."

Places—Rent 52
STATION at Leon Park, Va.
been enlarged; good propo-
sible tenant. Clarendon 909

Rent 53
RE—Good business location
near drive, Lyon Park, Va.
FELLOWS, 6404 N. Wash-
ington, Va. Phone Falls Church

DP-342 18th st. nw.
 location in a large apartment
 Columbia 7230.
 Stores in All Locations.
 HAVER BROS., INC.
 Bldg. Est. 9488.
 Virginia Ave. and Ill. Ave
 double show window; heat
 furnished; \$50.
 E. D. LATIMER CO.
 National Bldg. NAL. 4146.
 Furnished

SE detached home in Mass. 3 bedrooms, upstairs study, 1 1/2 bath, porch: fireplace. CL. #426

T. NW., 635—8 rooms (3 bed-
rooms), 2 enclosed sleeping porches,
G. E. refrigerator; garage
only: \$85. 8Hephed 2106.

PARK RD. NW.
furnished 8 rooms and
bath. Call 1196 after 6

ATTENTION
rentors and

**Call
JACK HAYES
Realtor**

44 1216 Conn. Ave

**Members
OF
Congress**

**Offer YOU our
PERSONALIZED
RENTAL
SERVICE**
Call Mrs. Lynch
at Me. 1235
HAMAN-BRAWNER
St. N.W. ME. 3860

Unfurnished 56
(303 Queen st.)—Carefully attractive and convenient. h. w. h. elec. refrig. \$60.00. Coach, 923 15th st. S.W. WA.

new brick house in Bethesda
baths, recreation room and
in basement; convenient
col. churches; attached gar-
age; large corner lot. 161
lane, at Georgetown rd.

bedrooms, porch	
h-w. h. garage	\$135.00
2 rms. 2 baths. auto.	
in garage elec. gas.	\$110.00
2 rms. 2 baths: new	
garage: h-w. h.	\$25.00
Western High	
(rooms) bath: h-w. h.	
garage	\$80.00
—6 rms. 2 baths	
oil heat: garage	\$75.00
—6 rms. bath: h-w.	
2 porches	\$80.00
Id. NW—6 rms. (3	
bath, front and rear	
h. elec. gas. 2-car	

UON (Realtor). CL 1-3-6-4.
NW. 1531—Brick house.
tion. 7 rms., bath, garage;
IE Realty Co. NA. 5880.
FT.—Near 18th and Columbia
and bath. oil heat. Frig-
er's garage.
S & COLBERT, INC.
N.W. NA. 5875.
E. NW. 1432—8 rooms, bath
in basement. \$87.50. Call
il.
il. frame: Nearby Va.; \$50.

lot 101180: \$55. Hyattsville—large lot 8 rms., bath; \$65. Gordon. 1427 Eye st. n.w. Evenings. Cleve. 5091.

HOUSE ST. NW.—Very
oma. 2 baths oil burner. \$75

LACE NW.—8 rooms and
ed for 2 apts; garage. \$75

MPHIRE AVE. NW.—9
ths. 3 kitchens..... \$70

RY B. PITTS CO.
N.W. ME. 0100.

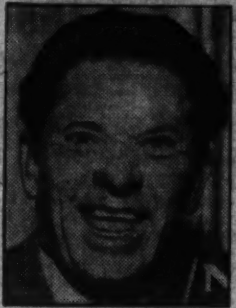
big Rd. NW.—6-room brick
sidr. \$1000.

35th ST. N.W.—Semi-detached brick. Frigidaire, garage.
 1st floor: pl. nw. Reconditioned; brick; refrig.; garage.
 2nd floor: pl. nw. Semi-det.; 2-bath; 7 rooms.
 New 6-room home, only \$80.
 REALTY CO. GE. 5300.

ortage & Inv. Corp.
1312 N. Y. Ave.
IER PLACE N.W.
bath. Being redecorated.
H. Russell Co.
W. National 1581.
ER SPRING
low; near bus line: \$50
ington Housing Corp.
epherd 2400.

VIDSON DRIVE
Chevy Chase Country
Club.
y Chase, Md.
parlor. 1st floor. 3 bed-
2d floor. Automatic heat
grounds. beautiful shade
s. Detached. Open for
8367
on Following Page.

Bob Burns Says—



Three of the fastest spreadin' things I know of are poison oak, devil grass and gossip. We had an old gossip down home that had talked about everybody in town but my Uncle Orchie. He just couldn't get anything on him until finally one day Uncle Orchie borrowed a quarter from him and forgot to pay him back. This gave the old gossip a chance, and as the year went by he gave Uncle Orchie the reputation of bein' one of the biggest crooks in Crawford County.

Finally one day Uncle Orchie remembered that he owed the old man 25 cents and he went to him and says "Here's that two bits I've owed you so long." The old gossip says "No, you keep the money—I wouldn't change my opinion of you for 25 cents!"

Copyright, 1937, for The Washington Post.

ROY POWERS, EAGLE SCOUT— Rocky Can't Make It By Paul Powell



DON WINSLOW OF THE NAVY— Closed Argument By Frank Martinek



NED BRANT—A Story of College Athletics By Bob Zuppke



"A Woman's New York"

Alice Hughes' column brings you the story of New York City from the woman's point of view. Interesting women, their activities and other bits of information are all covered in her column on the woman's page.

TERRY AND THE PIRATES

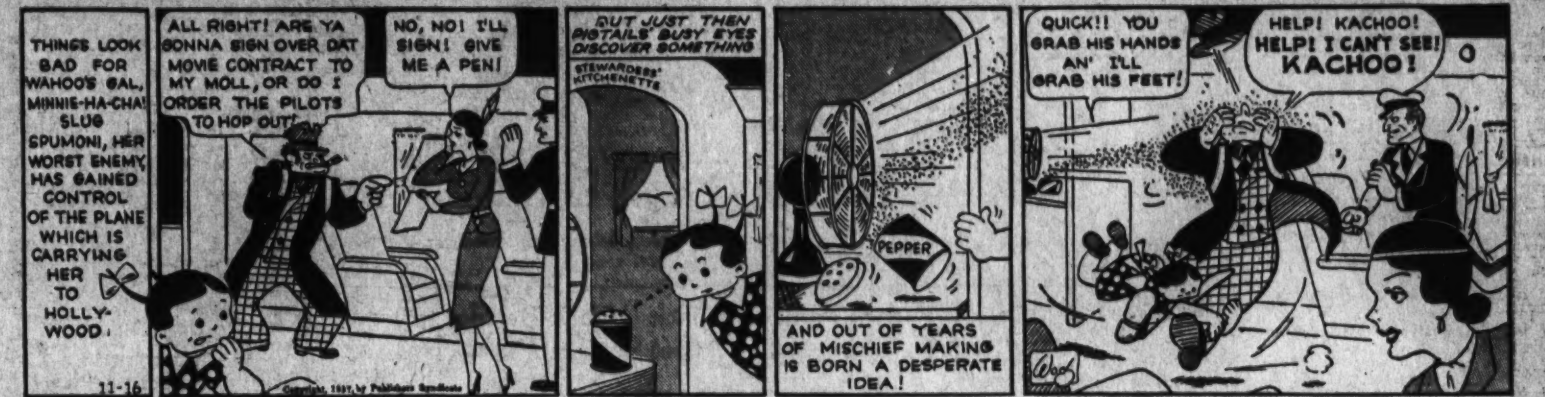
Flashing the Roll.

By Milton Caniff



BIG CHIEF WAHOO

By Saunders and Woggon



LALA PALOOZA

Times Makes a Difference.

By Rube Goldberg



MICKY FINN

By Lank Leonard



DIXIE DUGAN

Having Fun.

J. P. McEvoy and H. J. Striebel



JOE PALOOKA

Pal an Gal.

By Ham Fisher



JANE ARDEN

We'll Still Be Friends.

By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



BENNY

Greasing the Chute.

By J. Carver Pusey



